

101721796

Nwaonicha PCT/US04/26231

04/26/2005

=> d que 149

L22 397488 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON CR/ELS
L23 66611 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L22 AND RSD/FA
L24 68179 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L22 AND NC=1
L25 89830 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L23 OR L24
L26 27108 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L22 AND NC=2
L27 99634 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L25 OR L26
L28 297854 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L22 NOT L27
L29 17967 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L27 (L) CAT/RL
L30 1936 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L28 (L) CAT/RL
L31 19464 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L29 OR L30
L32 7680 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON EPOXIDATION+PFT/CT
L33 5385 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON EPOXIDATION CATALYSTS+PFT/CT
L34 10511 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L32 OR L33
L35 169 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L31 AND L34
L36 188224 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON OC2/ES
L37 78784 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L36 (L) PREP/RL
L38 94 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L35 AND L37
L39 TRANSFER PLU=ON L38 1- RN : 2073 TERMS
L40 2073 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L39
L41 STR

O~OH

1 2

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 2

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L42 12 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L40 SSS FUL L41
L43 25729 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L42 (L) (RACT OR RCT OR RGT) /RL

L44 26 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L43 AND L38
L45 STR

C==C
1 2

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 2

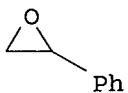
STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L47 246 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L40 SSS FUL L45
L48 138601 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L47 (L) (RACT OR RGT OR RCT) /RL

L49 26 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L48 AND L44

=> d 149 ibib abs hitind hitstr 1-26

L49 ANSWER 1 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:189061 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:73263
TITLE: Biphasic selective epoxidation of styrene by t-butyl hydroperoxide to styrene oxide using potassium chromate or dichromate catalyst in aqueous medium
AUTHOR(S): Choudhary, Vasant. R.; Patil, Nilesh S.; Chaudhari, Nitin K.; Bhargava, Suresh K.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Chemical Engineering and Process development Division, National Chemical Laboratory, Pune, 411008, India
SOURCE: Catalysis Communications (2004), 5(4), 205-208
CODEN: CCAOAC; ISSN: 1566-7367
PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science B.V.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 141:73263
AB Styrene oxide with high selectivity (>60%) at high conversion (>50%) was produced by biphasic epoxidn. of styrene by t-Bu hydroperoxide, using potassium chromate or potassium dichromate as catalyst in the presence of water. The reactants and products exist in the non-aqueous (organic) phase, while the catalyst exists in the aqueous phase, and is easily recovered. Both potassium chromate and potassium dichromate catalysts show high activity in the biphasic epoxidn., however, the preferable catalyst is potassium chromate.
CC 45-4 (Industrial Organic Chemicals, Leather, Fats, and Waxes)
Section cross-reference(s): 67
IT **Epoxidation catalysts**
(aqueous biphasic selective epoxidn. of styrene by t-Bu hydroperoxide to styrene oxide using potassium chromate or potassium dichromate recoverable catalyst)
IT **96-09-3P, Styrene oxide**
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); **PREP (Preparation)**
(aqueous biphasic selective epoxidn. of styrene by t-Bu hydroperoxide to styrene oxide using potassium chromate or potassium dichromate recoverable catalyst)
IT **75-91-2, tert-Butyl hydroperoxide 100-42-5, Styrene, reactions**
RL: **RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)**
(aqueous biphasic selective epoxidn. of styrene by t-Bu hydroperoxide to styrene oxide using potassium chromate or potassium dichromate recoverable catalyst)
IT **7778-50-9, Potassium dichromate 7789-00-6, Potassium chromate**
RL: **CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)**
(epoxidn. catalyst; aqueous biphasic selective epoxidn. of styrene by t-Bu hydroperoxide to styrene oxide using potassium chromate or potassium dichromate recoverable catalyst)
IT **96-09-3P, Styrene oxide**
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); **PREP (Preparation)**
(aqueous biphasic selective epoxidn. of styrene by t-Bu hydroperoxide to styrene oxide using potassium chromate or potassium dichromate recoverable catalyst)
RN 96-09-3 HCAPLUS
CN Oxirane, phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



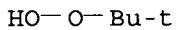
IT 75-91-2, tert-Butyl hydroperoxide 100-42-5, Styrene, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(aqueous biphasic selective epoxidn. of styrene by t-Bu hydroperoxide to styrene oxide using potassium chromate or potassium dichromate recoverable catalyst)

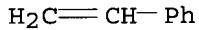
RN 75-91-2 HCPLUS

CN Hydroperoxide, 1,1-dimethylethyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 100-42-5 HCPLUS

CN Benzene, ethenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



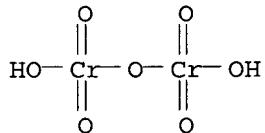
IT 7778-50-9, Potassium dichromate 7789-00-6, Potassium chromate

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(epoxidn. catalyst; aqueous biphasic selective epoxidn. of styrene by t-Bu hydroperoxide to styrene oxide using potassium chromate or potassium dichromate recoverable catalyst)

RN 7778-50-9 HCPLUS

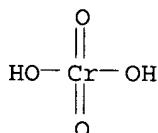
CN Chromic acid (H2Cr2O7), dipotassium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



●2 K

RN 7789-00-6 HCPLUS

CN Chromic acid (H2CrO4), dipotassium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● 2 K

REFERENCE COUNT: 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 2 OF 26 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:74312 HCPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:341068
 TITLE: Epoxidation of octene-1 and ethylallyl ethylacrylate by tert-butyl hydroperoxide in the presence of metal borides
 AUTHOR(S): Trach, Yu. B.; Makota, O. I.; Nikipanchuk, M. V.; Pyrig, I. Yu.; Makitra, R. G.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Nats. Univ. "L'vovskaya Politekhnika", Lvov, Ukraine
 SOURCE: Neftekhimiya (2003), 43(6), 464-467
 CODEN: NEFTAH; ISSN: 0028-2421
 PUBLISHER: Nauka
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Russian
 AB Epoxidn. of 1-octene and ethylallyl ethylacrylate by tert-Bu hydroperoxide in the presence of metal borides in chlorobenzene and toluene was studied. Mo and V borides exhibit highest activity. Epoxidn. proceeds via formation of a catalyst-olefin complex.
 CC 45-4 (Industrial Organic Chemicals, Leather, Fats, and Waxes)
 IT **Epoxidation**
Epoxidation catalysts
 (epoxidn. of octene-1 and ethylallyl ethylacrylate by tert-Bu hydroperoxide in the presence of metal borides)
 IT **12007-16-8**, Chromium diboride 12007-23-7, Hafnium diboride 12007-27-1, Molybdenum diboride 12007-29-3, Niobium diboride 12007-35-1, Tantalum diboride 12007-37-3, Vanadium diboride 12007-97-5, Molybdenum boride (Mo₂B₅) 12007-98-6, Tungsten boride (W₂B₅) 12045-63-5, Titanium diboride 12045-64-6, Zirconium diboride
 RL: **CAT (Catalyst use)**; **USES (Uses)**
 (epoxidn. of octene-1 and ethylallyl ethylacrylate by tert-Bu hydroperoxide in the presence of metal borides)
 IT **2984-50-1P**, 1-Octene epoxide
 RL: **IMF (Industrial manufacture)**; **PREP (Preparation)**
 (epoxidn. of octene-1 and ethylallyl ethylacrylate by tert-Bu hydroperoxide in the presence of metal borides)
 IT **75-91-2 111-66-0**, 1-Octene **93549-68-9**
 RL: **RCT (Reactant)**; **RACT (Reactant or reagent)**
 (epoxidn. of octene-1 and ethylallyl ethylacrylate by tert-Bu hydroperoxide in the presence of metal borides)
 IT **12007-16-8**, Chromium diboride
 RL: **CAT (Catalyst use)**; **USES (Uses)**
 (epoxidn. of octene-1 and ethylallyl ethylacrylate by tert-Bu hydroperoxide in the presence of metal borides)
 RN 12007-16-8 HCPLUS

CN Chromium boride (CrB₂) (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

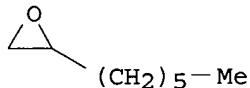


IT 2984-50-1P, 1-Octene epoxide

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
(epoxidn. of octene-1 and ethylallyl ethylacrylate by tert-Bu
hydroperoxide in the presence of metal borides)

RN 2984-50-1 HCPLUS

CN Oxirane, hexyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

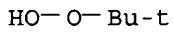


IT 75-91-2 111-66-0, 1-Octene 93549-68-9

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(epoxidn. of octene-1 and ethylallyl ethylacrylate by tert-Bu
hydroperoxide in the presence of metal borides)

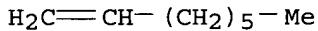
RN 75-91-2 HCPLUS

CN Hydroperoxide, 1,1-dimethylethyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



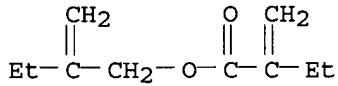
RN 111-66-0 HCPLUS

CN 1-Octene (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 93549-68-9 HCPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 2-methylene-, 2-methylenebutyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L49 ANSWER 3 OF 26 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:747904 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:278233

TITLE: Process for epoxidation of organic compounds with
oxygen or oxygen-delivering compounds using catalysts
containing metal-organic framework (MOF) materials

INVENTOR(S): Mueller, Ulrich; Lobree, Lisa; Hesse, Michael; Yaghi,

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S) : Omar M.; Eddaoudi, Mohamed
 BASF Aktiengesellschaft, Germany; The Regents of the University of Michigan

SOURCE: U.S., 13 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6624318	B1	20030923	US 2002-157494	20020530
WO 2003101975	A1	20031211	WO 2003-EP5547	20030527
W: US				
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR				
EP 1513823	A1	20050316	EP 2003-730125	20030527
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-157494	A 20020530
			WO 2003-EP5547	W 20030527

OTHER SOURCE(S) : CASREACT 139:278233

AB The present invention relates to a process for the epoxidn. of ≥ 1 organic compound with an oxygen-delivering substance, for example a hydroperoxide, in the presence of ≥ 1 catalyst containing a metal-organic framework material comprising pores and a metal ion and ≥ 1 bidentate organic compound, said bidentate organic compound being coordinately bound to the metal ion. Thus, a 66:24:10 volume ratio of O₂, He, and propylene was streamed through a tube reactor containing AgNO₃-treated MOF-5 at 220° to give propylene oxide with a turnover of 3.3% and selectivity of 10.3% after 15 h.

IC ICM C07D301-04

ICS C07D301-12; C07D301-19

INCL 549529000; 549523000; 549531000; 549533000; 549534000; 549536000

CC 45-4 (Industrial Organic Chemicals, Leather, Fats, and Waxes)

Section cross-reference(s): 23, 27, 30, 32, 67

IT **Epoxidation****Epoxidation catalysts**

Pore size

(epoxidn. of organic compound with oxygen or oxygen-delivering compds. using catalysts containing metal-organic frame-work materials)

IT **115-07-1D**, 1-Propene, 3-halo derivs.

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(allyl halides; epoxidn. of organic compound with oxygen or oxygen-delivering compds. using catalysts containing metal-organic frame-work materials)

IT 7761-88-8, Silver nitrate, uses 13775-47-8 14127-61-8, Calcium 2+,

uses 14175-55-4, Silicon 2+, uses 14280-50-3, Lead 2+, uses

14302-87-5, Mercury +2, uses 14546-48-6, Manganese 3+, uses

14627-67-9, Thallium 3+, uses 14701-21-4, Silver +1, uses 14701-22-5,

Nickel +2, uses 14903-34-5, Nickel +1, uses 15121-26-3, Vanadium 2+,

uses 15158-11-9, Copper +2, uses 15158-12-0, Lead 4+, uses

15438-31-0, Iron 2+, uses 15543-40-5, Zirconium 4+, uses 15735-13-4,

Germanium 2+, uses 16043-45-1, Titanium 4+, uses 16065-83-1,

Chromium 3+, uses 16065-84-2, Germanium 4+, uses 16065-88-6, Palladium

+2, uses 16130-78-2, Zinc terephthalate 16397-91-4, Manganese 2+, uses

16463-30-2, Bismuth +1, uses 17428-41-0, Arsenic +5, uses 17493-86-6, Copper +1, uses 20074-52-6, Iron 3+, uses 20561-55-1, Palladium +1, uses 20561-56-2, Platinum +1, uses 20561-59-5, Rhodium 1+, uses 20681-14-5, Gold +1, uses 22537-22-0, Magnesium 2+, uses 22537-23-1, Aluminum 3+, uses 22537-24-2, Silicon 4+, uses 22537-29-7, Scandium 3+, uses 22537-33-3, Gallium 3+, uses 22537-39-9, Strontium 2+, uses 22537-40-2, Yttrium 3+, uses 22537-48-0, Cadmium +2, uses 22537-49-1, Indium 3+, uses 22537-50-4, Tin 4+, uses 22537-51-5, Antimony +5, uses 22541-12-4, Barium 2+, uses 22541-25-9, Hafnium 4+, uses 22541-33-9, Bismuth +5, uses 22541-53-3, Cobalt 2+, uses 22541-54-4, uses 22541-59-9, Ruthenium 2+, uses 22541-60-2, Rhodium 2+, uses 22541-63-5, Cobalt 3+, uses 22541-76-0, Vanadium 4+, uses 22541-77-1, Vanadium 3+, uses 22541-83-9, Niobium 3+, uses 22541-86-2, Molybdenum 3+, uses 22541-88-4, Ruthenium 3+, uses 22541-90-8, Tin 2+, uses 22541-99-7, Tungsten 3+, uses 22542-03-6, Rhenium 2+, uses 22542-06-9, Osmium 3+, uses 22542-07-0, Osmium 2+, uses 22542-09-2, Iridium 2+, uses 22542-10-5, Platinum +2, uses 22679-96-5, Antimony +1, uses 22856-08-2, Arsenic +1, uses 23713-46-4, Bismuth +3, uses 23713-48-6, Antimony +3, uses 23713-49-7, Zinc +2, uses 29010-86-4D, Benzenedicarboxylic acid, ester 35182-18-4, Tantalum 3+, uses 36756-53-3, Rhenium 3+, uses 54923-08-9, Iridium 1+, uses 255367-67-0
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (epoxidn. of organic compound with oxygen or oxygen-delivering compds. using catalysts containing metal-organic frame-work materials)

IT 75-56-9P, Propylene oxide, preparation

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)

(epoxidn. of organic compound with oxygen or oxygen-delivering compds. using catalysts containing metal-organic frame-work materials)

IT 57-10-3, Palmitic acid, reactions 60-33-3, Linoleic acid,

reactions 68-26-8, Vitamin a 74-85-1, Ethene,

reactions 75-38-7, Vinylidene fluoride 77-73-6,

Dicyclopentadiene 78-70-6, Linalool 78-79-5, Isoprene,

reactions 79-10-7, Acrylic acid, reactions 79-41-4,

Methacrylic acid, reactions 95-13-6, Indene 97-54-1,

Isoeugenol 98-83-9, Methylstyrene, reactions 100-40-3,

Vinylcyclohexene 100-42-5, Styrene, reactions 104-46-1

, Anethole 106-24-1, Geraniol 106-98-9, 1-Butene,

reactions 106-99-0, Butadiene, reactions 107-01-7,

2-Butene 107-18-6, Allyl alcohol, reactions 109-92-2,

Ethoxyethene 110-16-7, Maleic acid, reactions 110-83-8,

Cyclohexene, reactions 112-80-1, Oleic acid, reactions

115-07-1, Propylene, reactions 115-11-7, Isobutene,

reactions 115-95-7, Linalyl acetate 142-29-0, Cyclopentene

498-66-8, Norbornene 504-60-9, Piperylene 513-42-8,

Methallyl alcohol 563-47-3, Methallyl chloride 588-59-0

, Stilbene 591-97-9, Crotyl chloride 625-38-7,

Vinylacetic acid 628-92-2, Cycloheptene 695-12-5,

Vinylcyclohexane 930-22-3, Vinyloxirane 931-88-4, Cyclooctene

1321-74-0, Divinylbenzene, reactions 1501-82-2, Cyclododecene

3724-65-0, Crotonic acid 6142-73-0, Methylenecyclopropane

6842-15-5, Tetrapropylene 7235-40-7, β -Carotene

9003-17-2, Polybutadiene 9003-27-4, Polyisobutene

11069-19-5, Dichlorobutene 11098-57-0, Pentenol 12542-32-4, Butenediol

13987-01-4, Tripropylene 25167-70-8, Diisobutene 25264-93-1,

Hexene 25339-56-4, Heptene 25377-72-4, Pentene 25377-82-6, Tridecene

25377-83-7, Octene 25378-22-7, Dodecene 25737-30-8,

Diphenylbutadiene 26952-13-6, Tetradecene 27070-59-3,

Cyclododecatriene 27215-95-8, Nonene 27400-78-8, Eicosene

29965-97-7, Cyclooctadiene 39014-56-7, Tetrahydroindene

40356-67-0, Vinylnorbornene 42296-74-2, Hexadiene 57323-59-8,
 Butenol 61665-19-8, Trimethylpentene 64391-40-8, 2-Tridecenol
 73456-83-4, Octadienol 224802-37-3, Cyclopentenediol

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(epoxidn. of organic compound with oxygen or oxygen-delivering compds. using catalysts containing metal-organic frame-work materials)

IT 80-15-9, Cumene hydroperoxide 3071-32-7, Ethylbenzene hydroperoxide 7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, reactions 7782-44-7, Oxygen, reactions 10028-15-6, Ozone, reactions 10102-43-9, Nitric oxide, reactions

RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(epoxidn. of organic compound with oxygen or oxygen-delivering compds. using catalysts containing metal-organic frame-work materials)

IT 115-07-1D, 1-Propene, 3-halo derivs.

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(allyl halides; epoxidn. of organic compound with oxygen or oxygen-delivering compds. using catalysts containing metal-organic frame-work

materials)

RN 115-07-1 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 16065-83-1, Chromium 3+, uses

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(epoxidn. of organic compound with oxygen or oxygen-delivering compds. using catalysts containing metal-organic frame-work materials)

RN 16065-83-1 HCPLUS

CN Chromium, ion (Cr3+) (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



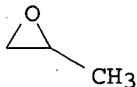
IT 75-56-9P, Propylene oxide, preparation

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)

(epoxidn. of organic compound with oxygen or oxygen-delivering compds. using catalysts containing metal-organic frame-work materials)

RN 75-56-9 HCPLUS

CN Oxirane, methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



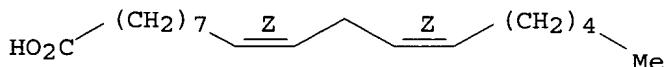
IT 60-33-3, Linoleic acid, reactions 68-26-8, Vitamin a 74-85-1, Ethene, reactions 75-38-7, Vinylidene fluoride 78-70-6, Linalool 78-79-5, Isoprene, reactions 79-10-7, Acrylic acid, reactions 79-41-4, Methacrylic acid, reactions 97-54-1, Isoeugenol 98-83-9, Methylstyrene, reactions 100-40-3, Vinylcyclohexene

100-42-5, Styrene, reactions 104-46-1, Anethole
 106-24-1, Geraniol 106-98-9, 1-Butene, reactions
 106-99-0, Butadiene, reactions 107-01-7, 2-Butene
 107-18-6, Allyl alcohol, reactions 109-92-2,
 Ethoxyethene 110-16-7, Maleic acid, reactions 112-80-1
 , Oleic acid, reactions 115-07-1, Propylene, reactions
 115-11-7, Isobutene, reactions 115-95-7, Linalyl acetate
 504-60-9, Piperylene 513-42-8, Methallyl alcohol
 563-47-3, Methallyl chloride 588-59-0, Stilbene
 591-97-9, Crotyl chloride 625-38-7, Vinylacetic acid
 695-12-5, Vinylcyclohexane 930-22-3, Vinyloxirane
 1321-74-0, Divinylbenzene, reactions 3724-65-0, Crotonic
 acid 6842-15-5, Tetrapropylene 7235-40-7,
 β -Carotene 9003-17-2, Polybutadiene 9003-27-4,
 Polyisobutene 13987-01-4, Tripropylene 25737-30-8,
 Diphenylbutadiene 40356-67-0, Vinylnorbornene
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. of organic compound with oxygen or oxygen-delivering compds. using
 catalysts containing metal-organic frame-work materials)

RN 60-33-3 HCPLUS

CN 9,12-Octadecadienoic acid (9Z,12Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

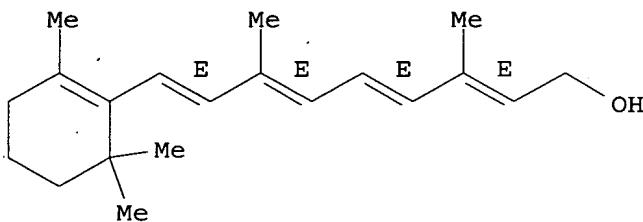
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 68-26-8 HCPLUS

CN Retinol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



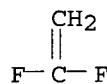
RN 74-85-1 HCPLUS

CN Ethene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

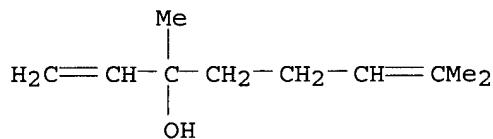


RN 75-38-7 HCPLUS

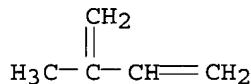
CN Ethene, 1,1-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



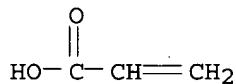
RN 78-70-6 HCPLUS
 CN 1,6-Octadien-3-ol, 3,7-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



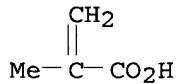
RN 78-79-5 HCPLUS
 CN 1,3-Butadiene, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



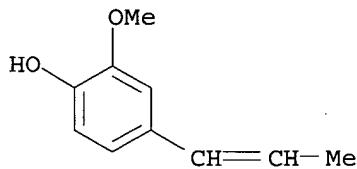
RN 79-10-7 HCPLUS
 CN 2-Propenoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



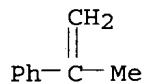
RN 79-41-4 HCPLUS
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



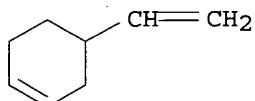
RN 97-54-1 HCPLUS
 CN Phenol, 2-methoxy-4-(1-propenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



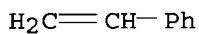
RN 98-83-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Benzene, (1-methylethenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



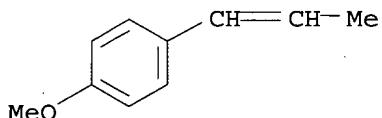
RN 100-40-3 HCAPLUS
 CN Cyclohexene, 4-ethenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 100-42-5 HCAPLUS
 CN Benzene, ethenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

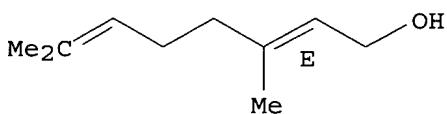


RN 104-46-1 HCAPLUS
 CN Benzene, 1-methoxy-4-(1-propenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

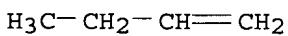


RN 106-24-1 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,6-Octadien-1-ol, 3,7-dimethyl-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

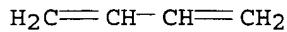
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 106-98-9 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Butene (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



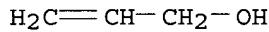
RN 106-99-0 HCAPLUS
 CN 1,3-Butadiene (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



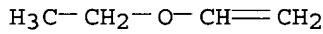
RN 107-01-7 HCAPLUS
 CN 2-Butene (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 107-18-6 HCAPLUS
 CN 2-Propen-1-ol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

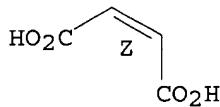


RN 109-92-2 HCAPLUS
 CN Ethene, ethoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



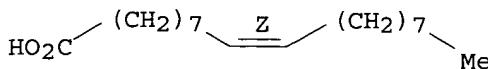
RN 110-16-7 HCAPLUS
 CN 2-Butenedioic acid (2Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

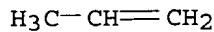


RN 112-80-1 HCAPLUS
 CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

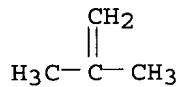
Double bond geometry as shown.



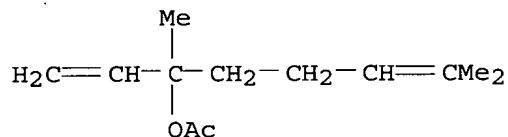
RN 115-07-1 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Propene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



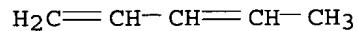
RN 115-11-7 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Propene, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



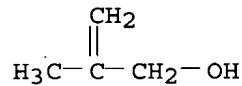
RN 115-95-7 HCAPLUS
 CN 1,6-Octadien-3-ol, 3,7-dimethyl-, acetate (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



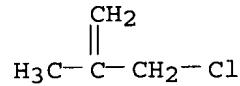
RN 504-60-9 HCAPLUS
 CN 1,3-Pentadiene (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 513-42-8 HCAPLUS
 CN 2-Propen-1-ol, 2-methyl- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



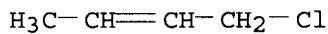
RN 563-47-3 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Propene, 3-chloro-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



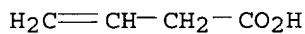
RN 588-59-0 HCAPLUS
 CN Benzene, 1,1'-(1,2-ethenediyyl)bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



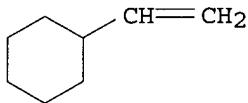
RN 591-97-9 HCAPLUS
CN 2-Butene, 1-chloro- (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



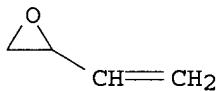
RN 625-38-7 HCAPLUS
CN 3-Butenoic acid (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



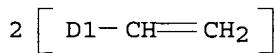
RN 695-12-5 HCAPLUS
CN Cyclohexane, ethenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



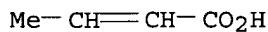
RN 930-22-3 HCAPLUS
CN Oxirane, ethenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1321-74-0 HCAPLUS
CN Benzene, diethenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



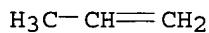
RN 3724-65-0 HCAPLUS
CN 2-Butenoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 6842-15-5 HCPLUS
 CN 1-Propene, tetramer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

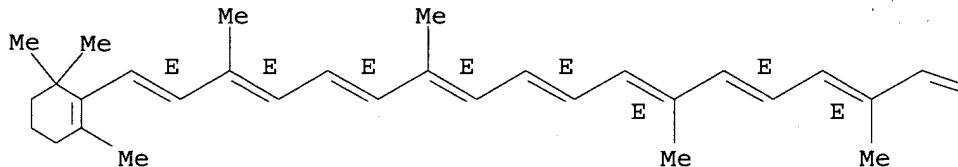
CRN 115-07-1
 CMF C3 H6



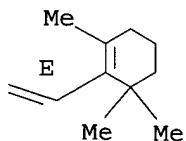
RN 7235-40-7 HCPLUS
 CN β,β-Carotene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



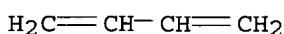
PAGE 1-B



RN 9003-17-2 HCPLUS
 CN 1,3-Butadiene, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

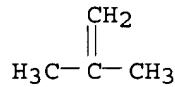
CRN 106-99-0
 CMF C4 H6



RN 9003-27-4 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Propene, 2-methyl-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 115-11-7
 CMF C4 H8



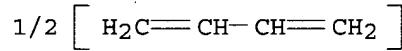
RN 13987-01-4 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Propene, trimer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 115-07-1
 CMF C3 H6

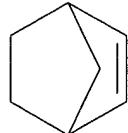


RN 25737-30-8 HCAPLUS
 CN 1,3-Butadiene, diphenyl- (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



D1-Ph

RN 40356-67-0 HCAPLUS
 CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-ene, ethenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



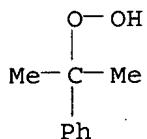
D1-CH=CH₂

IT 80-15-9, Cumene hydroperoxide 3071-32-7, Ethylbenzene hydroperoxide 7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, reactions

RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. of organic compound with oxygen or oxygen-delivering compds. using catalysts containing metal-organic frame-work materials)

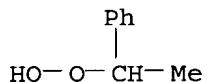
RN 80-15-9 HCPLUS

CN Hydroperoxide, 1-methyl-1-phenylethyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



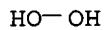
RN 3071-32-7 HCPLUS

CN Hydroperoxide, 1-phenylethyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 7722-84-1 HCPLUS

CN Hydrogen peroxide (H2O2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 4 OF 26 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:562370 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:247144

TITLE: Epoxidation of allyl acetate with tert-butyl hydroperoxide catalyzed by MoO₃/TiO₂

AUTHOR(S): Kanai, Hiroyoshi; Ikeda, Yoshio; Imamura, Seiichiro

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry and Materials Technology, Kyoto Institute of Technology, Sakyo-ku, Kyoto, 606-8585, Japan

SOURCE: Applied Catalysis, A: General (2003), 247(2), 185-191
 CODEN: ACAGE4; ISSN: 0926-860X

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 139:247144

AB Selective epoxidn. of allyl acetate with tert-BuOOH over group IV-VI metal oxides supported on SiO₂, Al₂O₃, or TiO₂ has been studied. The epoxidn. required higher temps. than α -olefins and cycloolefins did. The poor epoxidn. selectivity was attributed to concurrently occurring reactions of epoxides produced during epoxidn. The highest yield of epoxide was achieved over MoO₃/TiO₂ with an adequate MoO₃ loading which was determined so that the surfaces of TiO₂ were two-dimensionally and fully covered with MoO₃.

CC 45-4 (Industrial Organic Chemicals, Leather, Fats, and Waxes)
 Section cross-reference(s): 27, 67

IT **Epoxidation catalysts**

(for epoxidn. of allyl acetate with hydroperoxide)

IT 1314-23-4, Zirconia, uses 1314-35-8, Tungsten trioxide, uses
 1314-62-1, Vanadium pentoxide, uses 1333-82-0, Chromium trioxide
 RL: **CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)**

(epoxidn. of allyl acetate with hydroperoxide catalyzed by)

IT 75-91-2, tert-Butyl hydroperoxide 591-87-7, Allyl
 acetate

RL: **RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)**

(epoxidn. of allyl acetate with hydroperoxide catalyzed by MoO₃/TiO₂)

IT 6387-89-9P, Glycidyl acetate

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); **PREP
 (Preparation)**

(from epoxidn. of allyl acetate with hydroperoxide catalyzed by
 MoO₃/TiO₂)

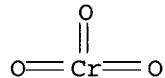
IT 1333-82-0, Chromium trioxide

RL: **CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)**

(epoxidn. of allyl acetate with hydroperoxide catalyzed by)

RN 1333-82-0 HCPLUS

CN Chromium oxide (CrO₃) (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



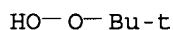
IT 75-91-2, tert-Butyl hydroperoxide 591-87-7, Allyl
 acetate

RL: **RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)**

(epoxidn. of allyl acetate with hydroperoxide catalyzed by MoO₃/TiO₂)

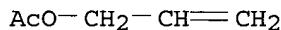
RN 75-91-2 HCPLUS

CN Hydroperoxide, 1,1-dimethylethyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 591-87-7 HCPLUS

CN Acetic acid, 2-propenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



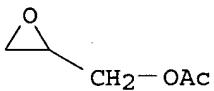
IT 6387-89-9P, Glycidyl acetate

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); **PREP
 (Preparation)**

(from epoxidn. of allyl acetate with hydroperoxide catalyzed by
 MoO₃/TiO₂)

RN 6387-89-9 HCPLUS

CN Oxiranemethanol, acetate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 5 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:551504 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:117802
 TITLE: Process for production of propylene oxide
 INVENTOR(S): Tsuji, Junpei
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sumitomo Chemical Company, Limited, Japan
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 11 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003057682	A1	20030717	WO 2002-JP13566	20021226
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
JP 2003206283	A2	20030722	JP 2002-1164	20020108
EP 1471061	A1	20041027	EP 2002-790879	20021226
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK				
US 2005085647	A1	20050421	US 2003-500720	20021226
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-1164	A 20020108
			WO 2002-JP13566	W 20021226

AB This document discloses a process for production of propylene oxide which comprises the oxidation step for oxidizing cumene into cumene hydroperoxide, the epoxidn. step of reacting a cumene solution containing cumene hydroperoxide with an excess of propylene in a liquid phase in the presence of a solid catalyst to obtain propylene oxide and cumyl alc., and the hydrogenolysis of the cumyl alc. obtained in the epoxidn. step into cumene through hydrogenolysis in the presence of a solid catalyst and recycling the cumene to the oxidation step as the starting material, wherein the concentration of

organic acids in the cumyl alc. fed to the hydrogenolysis step is adjusted to 200 ppm by weight or below.

IC ICM C07D301-19

ICS C07D303-04

CC 35-2 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

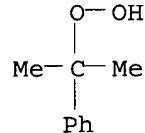
IT **Epoxidation**
 (epoxidn. of propylene)

IT 11099-27-7

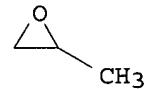
IT RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (catalyst in hydrogenolysis of cumyl alc.)
 80-15-9P, Cumene hydroperoxide 536-60-7P, Cumyl alcohol
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic
 preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (process for production of propylene oxide)
 IT 75-56-9P, Propylene oxide, preparation
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
 (Preparation)
 (process for production of propylene oxide)
 IT 115-07-1, Propylene, reactions
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (process for production of propylene oxide)
 IT 11099-27-7
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (catalyst in hydrogenolysis of cumyl alc.)
 RN 11099-27-7 HCPLUS
 CN Chromium alloy, nonbase, Cr,Cu (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Component
	Registry Number
Cr	7440-47-3
Cu	7440-50-8

IT 80-15-9P, Cumene hydroperoxide
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic
 preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (process for production of propylene oxide)
 RN 80-15-9 HCPLUS
 CN Hydroperoxide, 1-methyl-1-phenylethyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

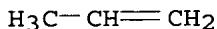


IT 75-56-9P, Propylene oxide, preparation
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
 (Preparation)
 (process for production of propylene oxide)
 RN 75-56-9 HCPLUS
 CN Oxirane, methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 115-07-1, Propylene, reactions
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (process for production of propylene oxide)
 RN 115-07-1 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 6 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:369592 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:113175

TITLE: New highly efficient catalysts for liquid-phase oxidation

AUTHOR(S): Artemov, A. V.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Mosk. Gos. Univ. Dizaina Tekhnol., Moscow, Russia

SOURCE: Kataliz v Promyshlennosti (2001), (2), 18-23

CODEN: KPARAU

PUBLISHER: ZAO "Kalvis"

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Russian

AB Metal nanoparticles having size of 1.0-30 nm and sp. surface \leq 300 m²/g uniformly dispersed in a liquid were used as catalysts for liquid-phase oxidation, epoxidn. of olefins by peroxides (ex. epoxidn. of propylene and 1-nonene with ethylbenzene hydroperoxide), and hydrogenation of aromatic compds. The metal nanoparticles were prepared in a reactor made as a high-frequency generator with glow discharge between electrodes and metal particles, the nanoparticles being formed in a liquid medium used in the subsequent oxidation processes as a solvent and/or a reactant. The concentration

(0.01-5.0 g/L) and size of the metal nanoparticles was found to depend on the production conditions and nature of the metal used. The metal nanoparticles (Ni, Pd, Pt, Co, Fe) were applied on the surface of different inorg. supports, such as silica, aluminum oxide, magnesium oxide and kieselguhr, with the active metal content within 0.01-10%.

CC 45-4 (Industrial Organic Chemicals, Leather, Fats, and Waxes)

Section cross-reference(s): 67

IT **Epoxidation catalysts**

Nanoparticles

Particle size

(metal nanoparticles as highly efficient catalysts for liquid-phase oxidation)

IT 7440-47-3, Chromium, uses

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(metal nanoparticles as highly efficient catalysts for liquid-phase oxidation)

IT 108-46-3, 1,3-Benzenediol, reactions 115-07-1, Propylene, reactions 124-11-8, 1-Nonene

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(metal nanoparticles as highly efficient catalysts for liquid-phase oxidation)

IT 79-21-0, Peracetic acid 80-15-9, Cumene hydroperoxide 3071-32-7, Ethylbenzene hydroperoxide 7722-84-1,

Hydrogen peroxide, reactions

RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(metal nanoparticles as highly efficient catalysts for liquid-phase oxidation)

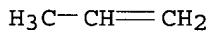
IT 75-56-9P, Propylene oxide, preparation 108-93-0P, Cyclohexanol,

preparation 529-33-9P, 1-Tetralol 529-34-0P, 1-Tetralone
28114-20-7P, 1-Nonene oxide 28553-75-5P, Cyclohexanediol
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); **PREP (Preparation)**
 (metal nanoparticles as highly efficient catalysts for liquid-phase oxidation)

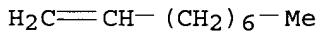
IT **7440-47-3**, Chromium, uses
 RL: **CAT (Catalyst use)**; **USES (Uses)**
 (metal nanoparticles as highly efficient catalysts for liquid-phase oxidation)
 RN 7440-47-3 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Cr

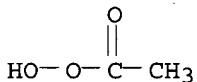
IT **115-07-1**, Propylene, reactions **124-11-8**, 1-Nonene
 RL: **RCT (Reactant)**; **RACT (Reactant or reagent)**
 (metal nanoparticles as highly efficient catalysts for liquid-phase oxidation)
 RN 115-07-1 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Propene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



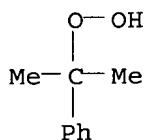
RN 124-11-8 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Nonene (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



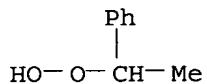
IT **79-21-0**, Peracetic acid **80-15-9**, Cumene hydroperoxide
3071-32-7, Ethylbenzene hydroperoxide **7722-84-1**,
 Hydrogen peroxide, reactions
 RL: **RGT (Reagent)**; **RACT (Reactant or reagent)**
 (metal nanoparticles as highly efficient catalysts for liquid-phase oxidation)
 RN 79-21-0 HCAPLUS
 CN Ethaneperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



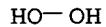
RN 80-15-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Hydroperoxide, 1-methyl-1-phenylethyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



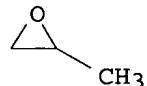
RN 3071-32-7 HCAPLUS
 CN Hydroperoxide, 1-phenylethyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



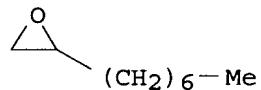
RN 7722-84-1 HCAPLUS
 CN Hydrogen peroxide (H2O2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 75-56-9P, Propylene oxide, preparation 28114-20-7P,
 1-Nonene oxide
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (metal nanoparticles as highly efficient catalysts for liquid-phase
 oxidation)
 RN 75-56-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Oxirane, methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 28114-20-7 HCAPLUS
 CN Oxirane, heptyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L49 ANSWER 7 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:58792 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:108660
 TITLE: Mesoporous material and use thereof as catalysts for
 the selective oxidation of organic compounds
 INVENTOR(S): Shan, Zhiping; Maschmeyer, Thomas; Jansen, Jacobus
 Cornelius.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S) : Neth.
 SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 12 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.
 Pat. Appl. 2002 74,263.
 CODEN: USXXCO
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 7
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2003017943	A1	20030123	US 2002-246495	20020918
US 6358486	B1	20020319	US 1999-390276	19990907
US 2002074263	A1	20020620	US 2001-995227	20011127
US 6762143	B2	20040713		
WO 2004026473	A1	20040401	WO 2003-US30009	20030917
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW		
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-390276	A2 19990907
			US 2001-995227	A2 20011127
			EP 1998-203134	A 19980917
			US 2002-246495	A 20020918

AB A material especially useful for the selective oxidation and related reactions of hydrocarbons and other organic compds. includes a non-crystalline, porous inorg.

oxide having at least 97 volume percent mesopores based on micropores and mesopores, and at least one catalytically active metal selected from the group consisting of one or more transition metal and one or more noble metal.

IC ICM B01J023-48

INCL 502243000; 502330000; 502317000; 549523000; 568383000

CC 45-4 (Industrial Organic Chemicals, Leather, Fats, and Waxes)

IT Ammonoxidation catalysts

Epoxidation catalysts

Hydroxylation catalysts

Oxidation catalysts

(mesoporous material and use thereof as catalysts for the selective oxidation of organic compds.)

IT 5593-70-4, Titanium (IV) n-butoxide 7439-88-5, Iridium, uses 7439-89-6, Iron, uses 7439-96-5, Manganese, uses 7439-98-7, Molybdenum, uses 7440-02-0, Nickel, uses 7440-04-2, Osmium, uses 7440-05-3, Palladium, uses 7440-06-4, Platinum, uses 7440-15-5, Rhenium, uses 7440-16-6, Rhodium, uses 7440-18-8, Ruthenium, uses 7440-22-4, Silver, uses 7440-33-7, Tungsten, uses 7440-47-3, Chromium, uses 7440-48-4, Cobalt, uses 7440-50-8, Copper, uses 7440-57-5, Gold, uses 7440-62-2, Vanadium, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses 7440-67-7, Zirconium, uses 7761-88-8, Nitric acid silver(1+) salt, uses 16903-35-8, CHLOROAURIC ACID 21679-31-2, Chromium (III) acetylacetone

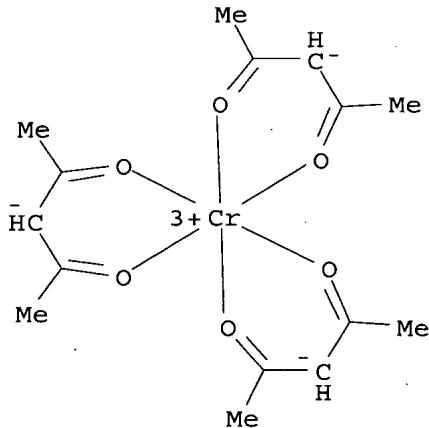
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(mesoporous material and use thereof as catalysts for the selective oxidation of organic compds.)

- IT 75-21-8P, Ethylene oxide, preparation 75-56-9P,
Propylene oxide, preparation
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
(mesoporous material and use thereof as catalysts for the selective oxidation of organic compds.)
- IT 67-64-1, Acetone, reactions 74-85-1, Ethylene, reactions
74-98-6, Propane, reactions 75-91-2 78-10-4, Tetraethyl orthosilicate 78-93-3, Methyl ethyl ketone, reactions 98-86-2, Acetophenone, reactions 106-97-8, Butane, reactions 106-98-9, 1-Butene, reactions 106-99-0, Butadiene, reactions 107-01-7, 2-Butene 108-94-1, Cyclohexanone, reactions 109-66-0, Pentane, reactions 110-82-7, Cyclohexane, reactions 110-83-8, Cyclohexene, reactions 111-66-0, 1-Octene 115-07-1, Propylene, reactions 115-11-7, Isobutylene, reactions 555-31-7, Aluminum isopropoxide 830-13-7, Cyclododecanone 7664-41-7, Ammonia, reactions 7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, reactions 7782-44-7, Oxygen, reactions 11104-93-1, Nitrogen oxide, reactions 25264-93-1, Hexene 25377-72-4, Pentene
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(mesoporous material and use thereof as catalysts for the selective oxidation of organic compds.)
- IT 7440-47-3, Chromium, uses 21679-31-2, Chromium (III) acetylacetone
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
(mesoporous material and use thereof as catalysts for the selective oxidation of organic compds.)
- RN 7440-47-3 HCAPLUS
CN Chromium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Cr

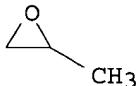
- RN 21679-31-2 HCAPLUS
CN Chromium, tris(2,4-pentanedionato- κ O, κ O')-, (OC-6-11)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



IT 75-21-8P, Ethylene oxide, preparation 75-56-9P,
 Propylene oxide, preparation
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); **PREP (Preparation)**
 (mesoporous material and use thereof as catalysts for the selective
 oxidation of organic compds.)
 RN 75-21-8 HCAPLUS
 CN Oxirane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



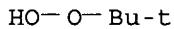
RN 75-56-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Oxirane, methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



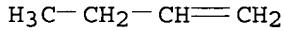
IT 74-85-1, Ethylene, reactions 75-91-2 106-98-9,
 1-Butene, reactions 106-99-0, Butadiene, reactions
 107-01-7, 2-Butene 111-66-0, 1-Octene 115-07-1
 , Propylene, reactions 115-11-7, Isobutylene, reactions
 7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, reactions
 RL: **RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)**
 (mesoporous material and use thereof as catalysts for the selective
 oxidation of organic compds.)
 RN 74-85-1 HCAPLUS
 CN Ethene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



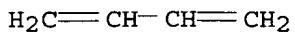
RN 75-91-2 HCAPLUS
 CN Hydroperoxide, 1,1-dimethylethyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 106-98-9 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Butene (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



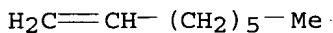
RN 106-99-0 HCAPLUS
 CN 1,3-Butadiene (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



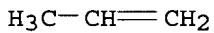
RN 107-01-7 HCAPLUS
 CN 2-Butene (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



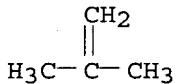
RN 111-66-0 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Octene (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



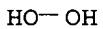
RN 115-07-1 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Propene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 115-11-7 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Propene, 2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 7722-84-1 HCAPLUS
 CN Hydrogen peroxide (H2O2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L49 ANSWER 8 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:832773 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:325788
 TITLE: Integrated process for the production of olefin oxides
 INVENTOR(S): Romano, Ugo; Occhiello, Ernesto; Paludetto, Renato
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Polimeri Europa S.p.A., Italy
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002085875	A1	20021031	WO 2002-EP3299	20020321
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: IT 2001-MI859 A 20010424
 AB Integrated process for the production of olefin oxides in which a dehydrogenation unit, a hydrogen peroxide synthesis unit and an epoxidn. unit of C2-C5 olefins are integrated with each other and wherein the hydrogen coming from the dehydrogenation forms a raw material for the preparation of hydrogen peroxide which is fed to the epoxidn. unit together with the olefin produced.

IC ICM C07D301-12

CC 35-2 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

IT Dehydrogenation catalysts

Epoxidation catalysts

(integrated process for production of olefin oxides)

IT 75-56-9P, Propylene oxide, preparation

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)

(integrated process for production of olefin oxides)

IT 115-07-1P, Propylene, preparation 7722-84-1P, Hydrogen peroxide, preparation

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(integrated process for production of olefin oxides)

IT 7440-47-3, Chromium, uses 7440-55-3, Gallium, uses 7440-62-2, Vanadium, uses

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(supported, dehydrogenation catalyst; integrated process for production of olefin oxides)

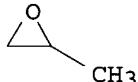
IT 75-56-9P, Propylene oxide, preparation

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)

(integrated process for production of olefin oxides)

RN 75-56-9 HCPLUS

CN Oxirane, methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



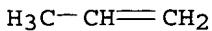
IT 115-07-1P, Propylene, preparation 7722-84-1P, Hydrogen peroxide, preparation

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(integrated process for production of olefin oxides)

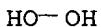
RN 115-07-1 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 7722-84-1 HCPLUS

CN Hydrogen peroxide (H2O2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 7440-47-3, Chromium, uses

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
(supported, dehydrogenation catalyst; integrated process for production of
olefin oxides)

RN 7440-47-3 HCPLUS

CN Chromium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Cr

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 9 OF 26 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:691656 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:369906

TITLE: Manganese-Catalyzed Epoxidations of Alkenes in Bicarbonate Solutions

AUTHOR(S): Lane, Benjamin S.; Vogt, Matthew; DeRose, Victoria J.; Burgess, Kevin

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, Texas A&M University, College Station, TX, 77842-3012, USA

SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (2002), 124 (40), 11946-11954

PUBLISHER: CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

DOCUMENT TYPE: American Chemical Society

LANGUAGE: Journal

OTHER SOURCE(S): English

AB Epoxides were prepared from a variety of alkenes in 51-99% yields by epoxidn. of alkenes in sodium bicarbonate buffer in the presence of manganese (II) sulfate with hydrogen peroxide as the terminal oxidant. A variety of metal catalysts were screened for epoxidn. activity; only manganese salts gave effective yields of epoxides, particularly manganese (II) salts. Many additives were screened; when tert-butanol is used as the cosolvent, sodium acetate is the most effective additive, while when DMF is used as a cosolvent, salicylic acid is the most effective additive. The effectiveness of additive depends on the concentration of additive; at higher

concn., the beneficial effects of additives decrease, in some cases decreasing the yields of epoxides. 6 Mol% of sodium acetate and 4 mol% of salicylic acid were found to be the optimal amts. of additives when

tert-butanol and DMF were used, resp., as cosolvents for epoxidn. The additives increased the rates of epoxidn. by 100-200%, gave higher yields with less reactive alkenes, and decreased the amount of hydrogen peroxide necessary for complete reaction. Epoxides were prepared from aryl-substituted, cyclic, and trialkyl-substituted alkenes using 10 equiv of hydrogen peroxide; terminal monosubstituted alkenes such as 1-octene did not react, even in the presence of additives. Peroxymonocarbonate, HCO_4^- , is formed in the manganese-catalyzed epoxidns. in sodium bicarbonate buffer with either tert-butanol or DMF as cosolvents as detected by ^{13}C NMR; without manganese, minimal epoxidn. activity is observed. The yield of epoxide falls as the pH value of the buffer increases, implying that peroxybicarbonate is the oxidant in solution rather than peroxycarbonate. EPR studies show that manganese (II) ions are initially consumed but are regenerated toward the end of the epoxidn., presumably when the hydrogen peroxide is spent. Possible mechanisms for the reaction are discussed. Manganese (II) salts are less toxic and less expensive than other epoxidn. catalysts, do not require ligands, and act as epoxidn. catalysts in nontoxic and inexpensive solvents. The ready isolation of products by neutral extraction both provides product more simply and inexpensively than other methods and allows for simple preparation and isolation of acid-sensitive epoxides which in other methods decomposed under acidic workup conditions.

CC 27-2 (Heterocyclic Compounds (One Hetero Atom))

IT **Epoxidation**

Epoxidation catalysts

(stereoselective; stereoselective preparation of epoxides by epoxidn. of alkenes in bicarbonate buffer with either tBuOH or DMF as cosolvents and hydrogen peroxide as the terminal oxidant in the presence of MnSO_4 and either sodium acetate or salicylic acid)

IT 67283-79-8, Peroxycarbonate

RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(detection of peroxybicarbonate as a reactive intermediate in the stereoselective preparation of epoxides by epoxidn. of alkenes in bicarbonate buffer with hydrogen peroxide as the terminal oxidant in the presence of MnSO_4)

IT 111-66-0, 1-Octene

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(failed preparation of 1,2-epoxyoctane by epoxidn. of 1-octene in bicarbonate buffer with either tBuOH or DMF as cosolvents and hydrogen peroxide as the terminal oxidant in the presence of MnSO_4 and either sodium acetate or salicylic acid)

IT 78-70-6, Linalool 80-56-8, α -Pinene 97-41-6

98-83-9, α -Methylstyrene, reactions 100-42-5,

Styrene, reactions 103-30-0, trans-Stilbene 106-23-0

110-83-8, Cyclohexene, reactions 447-53-0, 1,2-Dihydronaphthalene

556-82-1, 3-Methyl-2-buten-1-ol 563-79-1,

2,3-Dimethyl-2-butene 760-21-4, 3-Methylenepentane 771-98-2,

1-Phenyl-1-cyclohexene 931-87-3, cis-Cyclooctene 1075-49-6,

4-Vinylbenzoic acid 1914-58-5 4407-36-7,

trans-Cinnamyl alcohol 7642-15-1, cis-4-Octene

14850-23-8, trans-4-Octene 56136-14-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(stereoselective preparation of epoxides by epoxidn. of alkenes in bicarbonate buffer with either tBuOH or DMF as cosolvents and hydrogen peroxide as the terminal oxidant in the presence of MnSO_4 and either sodium acetate or salicylic acid)

IT 96-09-3P, Styrene oxide 286-20-4P, Cyclohexene oxide

1192-17-2P, 2,2-Diethyloxirane 1439-07-2P,

trans-Stilbene oxide 1689-70-9P, trans-4-Octene oxide

2085-88-3P, α -Methylstyrene oxide 2461-34-9P 4829-01-0P
 4925-71-7P, cis-Cyclooctene oxide 5076-20-0P,
 2,2,3,3-Tetramethyloxirane 15249-35-1P 18511-56-3P
 25825-48-3P 27415-21-0P, 4-Octene oxide 32162-27-9P
 40641-81-4P 159262-71-2P 167690-92-8P
 336823-31-5P 475385-56-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(stereoselective preparation of epoxides by epoxidn. of alkenes in bicarbonate buffer with either tBuOH or DMF as cosolvents and hydrogen peroxide as the terminal oxidant in the presence of MnSO₄ and either sodium acetate or salicylic acid)

IT 71-48-7, Cobalt (II) acetate 557-34-6, Zinc acetate 3375-31-3,
 Palladium (II) acetate 7758-98-7, Copper (II) sulfate, uses 7786-81-4,
 Nickel (II) sulfate 10028-22-5, Iron (III) sulfate 10101-53-8,
 Chromium (III) sulfate 13283-01-7, Tungsten hexachloride 15956-28-2,
 Dirhodium tetraacetate 27774-13-6, Vanadyl sulfate 70197-13-6,
 Methylrhenium trioxide 144026-79-9, Scandium triflate

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(suboptimal metal catalyst for the stereoselective preparation of epoxides by epoxidn. of alkenes in bicarbonate buffer with either tert-butanol or DMF as cosolvents with hydrogen peroxide as the oxidant)

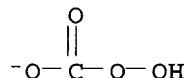
IT 67283-79-8, Peroxycarbonate

RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(detection of peroxybicarbonate as a reactive intermediate in the stereoselective preparation of epoxides by epoxidn. of alkenes in bicarbonate buffer with hydrogen peroxide as the terminal oxidant in the presence of MnSO₄)

RN 67283-79-8 HCPLUS

CN Carbonoperoxoate, monohydrogen (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



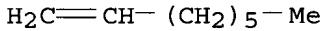
IT 111-66-0, 1-Octene

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(failed preparation of 1,2-epoxyoctane by epoxidn. of 1-octene in bicarbonate buffer with either tBuOH or DMF as cosolvents and hydrogen peroxide as the terminal oxidant in the presence of MnSO₄ and either sodium acetate or salicylic acid)

RN 111-66-0 HCPLUS

CN 1-Octene (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

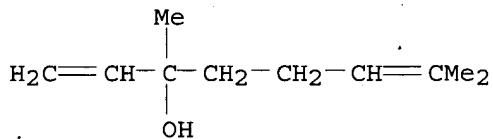


IT 78-70-6, Linalool 97-41-6 98-83-9,
 α -Methylstyrene, reactions 100-42-5, Styrene, reactions
 103-30-0, trans-Stilbene 106-23-0 556-82-1,
 3-Methyl-2-buten-1-ol 563-79-1, 2,3-Dimethyl-2-butene
 760-21-4, 3-Methylenepentane 1075-49-6, 4-Vinylbenzoic
 acid 1914-58-5 4407-36-7, trans-Cinnamyl alcohol
 7642-15-1, cis-4-Octene 14850-23-8, trans-4-Octene
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(stereoselective preparation of epoxides by epoxidn. of alkenes in bicarbonate buffer with either tBuOH or DMF as cosolvents and hydrogen peroxide as the terminal oxidant in the presence of MnSO₄ and either sodium acetate or salicylic acid)

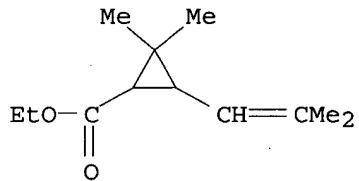
RN 78-70-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Octadien-3-ol, 3,7-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



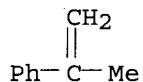
RN 97-41-6 HCAPLUS

CN Cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methyl-1-propenyl)-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



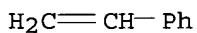
RN 98-83-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzene, (1-methylethenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 100-42-5 HCAPLUS

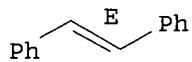
CN Benzene, ethenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



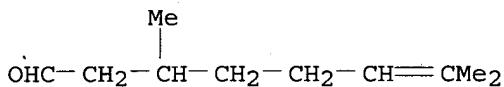
RN 103-30-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzene, 1,1'-(1E)-1,2-ethenediylbis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

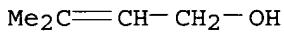
Double bond geometry as shown.



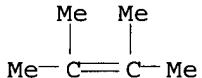
RN 106-23-0 HCAPLUS
 CN 6-Octenal, 3,7-dimethyl- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



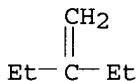
RN 556-82-1 HCAPLUS
 CN 2-Buten-1-ol, 3-methyl- (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



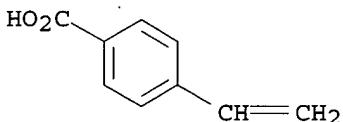
RN 563-79-1 HCAPLUS
 CN 2-Butene, 2,3-dimethyl- (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 760-21-4 HCAPLUS
 CN Pentane, 3-methylene- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

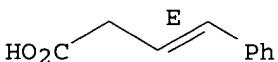


RN 1075-49-6 HCAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-ethenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



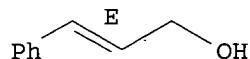
RN 1914-58-5 HCAPLUS
 CN 3-Butenoic acid, 4-phenyl-, (3E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



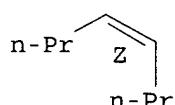
RN 4407-36-7 HCPLUS
 CN 2-Propen-1-ol, 3-phenyl-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



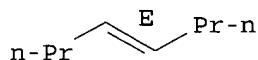
RN 7642-15-1 HCPLUS
 CN 4-Octene, (4Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 14850-23-8 HCPLUS
 CN 4-Octene, (4E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

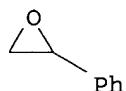
Double bond geometry as shown.



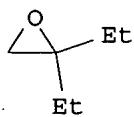
IT 96-09-3P, Styrene oxide 1192-17-2P, 2,2-Diethyloxirane 1439-07-2P, trans-Stilbene oxide 1689-70-9P, trans-4-Octene oxide 2085-88-3P, α -Methylstyrene oxide 5076-20-0P, 2,2,3,3-Tetramethyloxirane 15249-35-1P 18511-56-3P 25825-48-3P 27415-21-0P, 4-Octene oxide 40641-81-4P 159262-71-2P 167690-92-8P 475385-56-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (stereoselective preparation of epoxides by epoxidn. of alkenes in bicarbonate buffer with either tBuOH or DMF as cosolvents and hydrogen peroxide as the terminal oxidant in the presence of MnSO4 and either sodium acetate or salicylic acid)

RN 96-09-3 HCPLUS
 CN Oxirane, phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

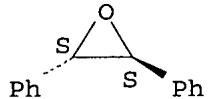


RN 1192-17-2 HCPLUS
 CN Oxirane, 2,2-diethyl- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



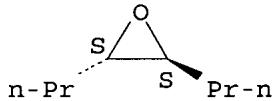
RN 1439-07-2 HCPLUS
 CN Oxirane, 2,3-diphenyl-, (2R,3R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

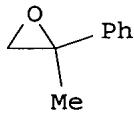


RN 1689-70-9 HCPLUS
 CN Oxirane, 2,3-dipropyl-, (2R,3R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

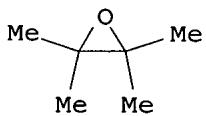
Relative stereochemistry.



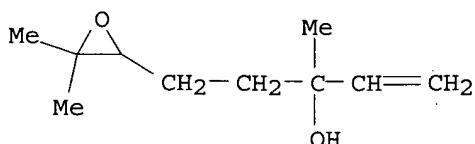
RN 2085-88-3 HCPLUS
 CN Oxirane, 2-methyl-2-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



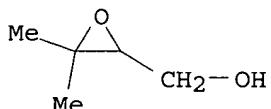
RN 5076-20-0 HCPLUS
 CN Oxirane, tetramethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



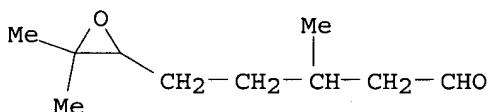
RN 15249-35-1 HCPLUS
 CN Oxiranopropanol, α -ethenyl- α , β , β -trimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



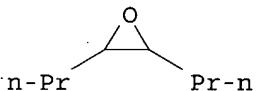
RN 18511-56-3 HCAPLUS
 CN Oxiranemethanol, 3,3-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 25825-48-3 HCAPLUS
 CN Oxiranepentanal, β,3,3-trimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

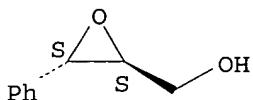


RN 27415-21-0 HCAPLUS
 CN Oxirane, 2,3-dipropyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

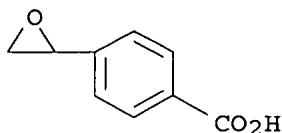


RN 40641-81-4 HCAPLUS
 CN Oxiranemethanol, 3-phenyl-, (2R,3R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

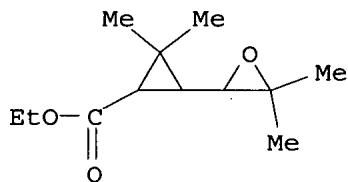
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 159262-71-2 HCAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-oxiranyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

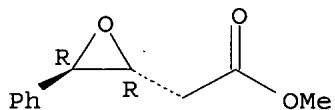


RN 167690-92-8 HCPLUS
 CN Cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 3-(3,3-dimethyloxiranyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

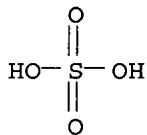


RN 475385-56-9 HCPLUS
 CN Oxiraneacetic acid, 3-phenyl-, methyl ester, (2R,3R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



IT 10101-53-8, Chromium (III) sulfate
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (suboptimal metal catalyst for the stereoselective preparation of epoxides by epoxidn. of alkenes in bicarbonate buffer with either tert-butanol or DMF as cosolvents with hydrogen peroxide as the oxidant)
 RN 10101-53-8 HCPLUS
 CN Sulfuric acid, chromium(3+) salt (3:2) (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



●2/3 Cr(III)

REFERENCE COUNT: 97 THERE ARE 97 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 10 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:458136 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:159812
 TITLE: Anionic Ligand Effect on the Nature of Epoxidizing Intermediates in Iron Porphyrin Complex-Catalyzed Epoxidation Reactions
 AUTHOR(S): Nam, Wonwoo; Jin, Sook Won; Lim, Mi Hee; Ryu, Ju Yeon; Kim, Cheal
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry and Division of Molecular Life Sciences, Ewha Womans University, Seoul, 120-750, S. Korea
 SOURCE: Inorganic Chemistry (2002), 41(14), 3647-3652
 CODEN: INOCAJ; ISSN: 0020-1669
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

AB The authors have studied an anionic ligand effect in Fe porphyrin complex-catalyzed competitive epoxidns. of cis- and trans-stilbenes by various terminal oxidants and found that the ratios of cis- to trans-stilbene oxide products formed in competitive epoxidns. were markedly dependent on the ligating nature of the anionic ligands. The ratios of cis- to trans-stilbene oxides obtained in the reactions of Fe(TPP)X⁻ (TPP = meso-tetraphenylporphinato dianion and X⁻ = anionic ligand) and iodosylbenzene (PhIO) were 14 and 0.9 when the X⁻ of Fe(TPP)X was Cl⁻ and CF₃SO₃⁻, resp. An anionic ligand effect was also observed in the reactions of an electron-deficient Fe(III) porphyrin complex containing a number

of different anionic ligands, Fe(TPFPPP)X [TPFPPP = meso-tetrakis(pentafluorophenyl)porphinato dianion and X⁻ = anionic ligand], and various terminal oxidants such as PhIO, m-chloroperoxybenzoic acid (m-CPBA), Bu₄N oxone (TBAO), and H₂O₂. While high ratios of cis- to trans-stilbene oxides were obtained in the reactions of Fe porphyrin catalysts containing ligating anionic ligands such as Cl⁻ and OAc⁻, the ratios of cis- to trans-stilbene oxide were low in the reactions of Fe porphyrin complexes containing nonligating or weakly ligating anionic ligands such as SbF₆⁻, CF₃SO₃⁻, and ClO₄⁻. When the anionic ligand was NO₃⁻, the product ratios depend on terminal oxidants and olefin concns. Probably the dependence of the product ratios on the anionic ligands of Fe(III) porphyrin catalysts is due to the involvement of different reactive species in olefin epoxidn. reactions. That is, high-valent Fe(IV) oxo porphyrin cation radicals are generated as a reactive species in the reactions of Fe porphyrin catalysts containing nonligating or weakly ligating anionic ligands such as SbF₆⁻, CF₃SO₃⁻, and ClO₄⁻, whereas oxidant-Fe(III) porphyrin complexes are the reactive intermediates in the reactions of Fe porphyrin catalysts containing ligating anionic ligands such as Cl⁻ and OAc⁻.

CC 67-1 (Catalysis, Reaction Kinetics, and Inorganic Reaction Mechanisms)
 Section cross-reference(s): 25

IT **Epoxidation catalysts**
 (epoxidn. of stilbenes in presence of iron porphyrin acido complexes as)

IT **Epoxidation**
 (of stilbenes in presence of iron porphyrin acido complexes as catalysts)

IT 103-30-0, trans-Stilbene 645-49-8, cis-Stilbene
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (anionic ligand effect on nature of epoxidizing intermediates in iron porphyrin complex-catalyzed epoxidn. reactions)

IT 79968-43-7 94890-04-7 445241-16-7 445241-17-8

IT RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (anionic ligand effect on nature of epoxidizing intermediates in
 transition metal porphyrin complex-catalyzed epoxidn. reactions)

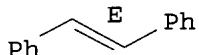
IT 536-80-1, Iodosobenzene 937-14-4 7722-84-1, Hydrogen
 peroxide, reactions 88505-29-7, Tetrabutylammonium persulfate
 RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (oxidant in epoxidn. of stilbenes in presence of transition metal
 porphyrin complexes in relation to anionic ligand effect)

IT 1439-07-2P, trans-Stilbene oxide 1689-71-0P,
 cis-Stilbene oxide
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation by epoxidn. of stilbene in presence of iron porphyrin complexes
 in relation to anionic ligand effect)

IT 103-30-0, trans-Stilbene 645-49-8, cis-Stilbene
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (anionic ligand effect on nature of epoxidizing intermediates in iron
 porphyrin complex-catalyzed epoxidn. reactions)

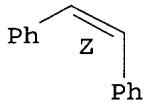
RN 103-30-0 HCAPLUS
 CN Benzene, 1,1'-(1E)-1,2-ethenediylbis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



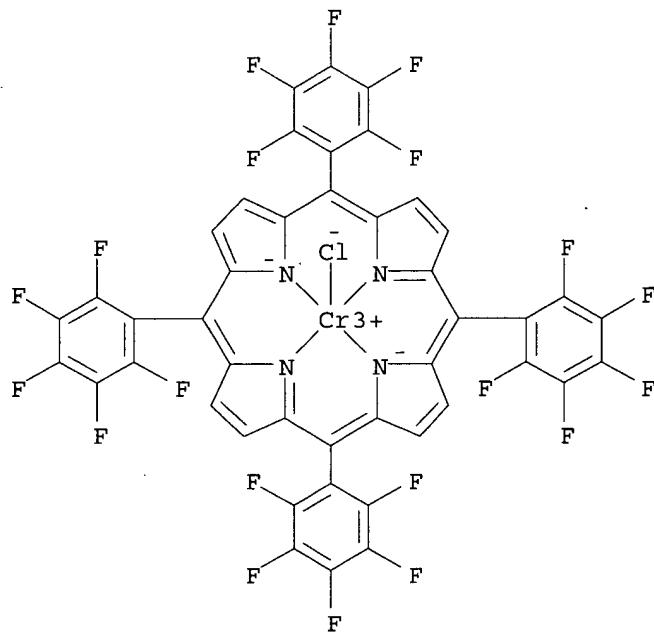
RN 645-49-8 HCAPLUS
 CN Benzene, 1,1'-(1Z)-1,2-ethenediylbis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



IT 94890-04-7 445241-16-7
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (anionic ligand effect on nature of epoxidizing intermediates in
 transition metal porphyrin complex-catalyzed epoxidn. reactions)

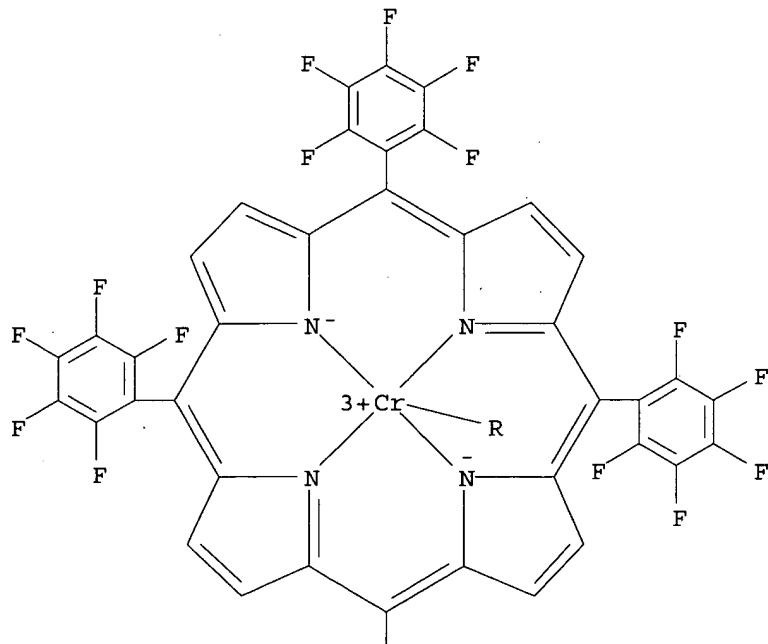
RN 94890-04-7 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium, chloro[5,10,15,20-tetrakis(pentafluorophenyl)-21H,23H-
 porphinato(2-) -κN21,κN22,κN23,κN24]-, (SP-5-12) -
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



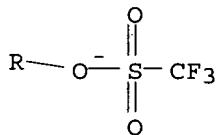
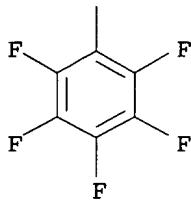
RN 445241-16-7 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium, [5,10,15,20-tetrakis(pentafluorophenyl)-21H,23H-porphinato(2-)-
 κ N21, κ N22, κ N23, κ N24] (trifluoromethanesulfonato-
 κ O) -, (SP-5-12) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

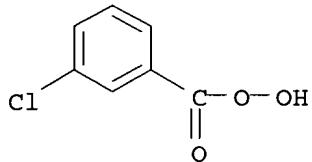
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



IT 937-14-4 7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, reactions
 RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (oxidant in epoxidn. of stilbenes in presence of transition metal
 porphyrin complexes in relation to anionic ligand effect)
 RN 937-14-4 HCAPLUS
 CN Benzenecarboxylic acid, 3-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

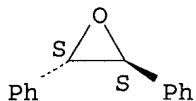


RN 7722-84-1 HCAPLUS
 CN Hydrogen peroxide (H2O2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO—OH

IT 1439-07-2P, trans-Stilbene oxide 1689-71-0P,
 cis-Stilbene oxide
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation by epoxidn. of stilbene in presence of iron porphyrin complexes
 in relation to anionic ligand effect)
 RN 1439-07-2 HCAPLUS
 CN Oxirane, 2,3-diphenyl-, (2R,3R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

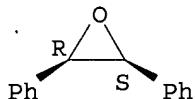
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 1689-71-0 HCPLUS

CN Oxirane, 2,3-diphenyl-, (2R,3S)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 43 THERE ARE 43 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 11 OF 26 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:47125 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:48815

TITLE: Preparation of metal ion-planted mesoporous silica by template ion-exchange method and its catalytic activity for asymmetric oxidation of sulfide

AUTHOR(S): Iwamoto, Masakazu; Tanaka, Yasuhiro

CORPORATE SOURCE: Chemical Resources Laboratory, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Yokohama, 226-8503, Japan

SOURCE: Catalysis Surveys from Japan (2001), 5(1), 25-36
CODEN: CSURFY; ISSN: 1384-6574

PUBLISHER: Kluwer Academic/Plenum Publishers

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB For the preparation of metal ion-planted MCM-41 we have developed a template ion-exchange method, in which the template ions of as-synthesized MCM-41 are exchanged for the metal ions in aqueous media. The cations of Al, Ti, Cr, Mn, Zn, and Zr could be incorporated with high dispersion, while those of Fe, Co, Ni, Cu, Ga, Pd, and Pt formed small particles on the outside of the MCM-41 particles. Investigation on the time course of the template ion-exchange process suggested that the exchange proceeded first between the template ion and a proton and subsequently between the proton and a metal cation. Among the resulting metal ion-planted MCM-41s, Mn-MCM-41 showed excellent activity for the epoxidation of aromatic olefins.

Trans-stilbene oxide was obtained in 93% yield from stilbene in MeCN-DMF solution at 328 K for 96 h. Ti-MCM-41 was the most suitable catalyst for the oxidation of sulfide with H₂O₂. It should be noted that the oxidation proceeded

asym. on Ti-MCM-41 in the presence of optically active tartaric acid in a CH₂Cl₂ solution. The chemical yield and optical yield of sulfoxide reached 54 and 30% ee, resp.

CC 45-4 (Industrial Organic Chemicals, Leather, Fats, and Waxes)
Section cross-reference(s): 67

IT Epoxidation

Epoxidation catalysts

Solvent effect

(preparation of metal ion-planted mesoporous silica by template ion-exchange

method and catalytic activity for asym. oxidation of sulfide and epoxidn. of aromatic olefins)

IT 7429-90-5P, Aluminum, preparation 7439-89-6P, Iron, preparation
 7439-96-5P, Manganese, preparation 7440-02-0P, Nickel, preparation
 7440-05-3P, Palladium, preparation 7440-06-4P, Platinum, preparation
 7440-32-6P, Titanium, preparation 7440-47-3P, Chromium,
 preparation 7440-48-4P, Cobalt, preparation 7440-50-8P, Copper,
 preparation 7440-55-3P, Gallium, preparation 7440-66-6P, Zinc,
 preparation 7440-67-7P, Zirconium, preparation
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic
 preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (MCM-41 planted with; preparation of metal ion-planted mesoporous silica by
 template ion-exchange method and catalytic activity for asym. oxidation of
 sulfide and epoxidn. of aromatic olefins)

IT 75-91-2, tert-Butyl hydroperoxide
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. of trans-stilbene with; preparation of metal ion-planted
 mesoporous silica by template ion-exchange method and catalytic
 activity for asym. oxidation of sulfide and epoxidn. of aromatic olefins)

IT 103-30-0, trans-Stilbene 645-49-8, cis-Stilbene
 1657-45-0, cis-4-Methylstilbene 1657-49-4,
 cis-4-Chlorostilbene 1657-50-7, trans-4-Chlorostilbene
 1860-17-9, trans-4-Methylstilbene 2840-89-3
 3132-88-5 20374-76-9 30270-24-7
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. of; preparation of metal ion-planted mesoporous silica by template
 ion-exchange method and catalytic activity for asym. oxidation of sulfide
 and epoxidn. of aromatic olefins)

IT 1439-07-2P, trans-Stilbene oxide
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
 (from oxidation of trans-stilbene; preparation of metal ion-planted
 mesoporous
 silica by template ion-exchange method and catalytic activity for asym.
 oxidation of sulfide and epoxidn. of aromatic olefins)

IT 594-43-4P, Methyl ethyl sulfone 833-82-9P, Phenyl benzyl sulfoxide
 934-71-4P, 4-Bromophenyl methyl sulfoxide 934-72-5P, 4-Methylphenyl
 methyl sulfoxide 940-12-5P, 4-Nitrophenyl methyl sulfoxide 1669-98-3P,
 Methyl ethyl sulfoxide 2976-30-9P, 4-Nitrophenyl methyl sulfone
 3112-88-7P, Phenyl benzyl sulfone 3185-99-7P 3466-32-8P, 4-Bromophenyl
 methyl sulfone 28291-09-0P 28291-10-3P
 42730-01-8P 59502-09-9P 70332-50-2P 21324
 8-84-1P 438591-24-3P 438591-25-4P
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of metal ion-planted mesoporous silica by template ion-exchange
 method and catalytic activity for asym. oxidation of sulfide and epoxidn.
 of aromatic olefins)

IT 7440-47-3P, Chromium, preparation
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic
 preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (MCM-41 planted with; preparation of metal ion-planted mesoporous silica by
 template ion-exchange method and catalytic activity for asym. oxidation of
 sulfide and epoxidn. of aromatic olefins)

RN 7440-47-3 HCPLUS
 CN Chromium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Cr

IT 75-91-2, tert-Butyl hydroperoxide

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(epoxidn. of trans-stilbene with; preparation of metal ion-planted mesoporous silica by template ion-exchange method and catalytic activity for asym. oxidation of sulfide and epoxidn. of aromatic olefins)

RN 75-91-2 HCPLUS

CN Hydroperoxide, 1,1-dimethylethyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO—O—Bu-t

IT 103-30-0, trans-Stilbene 645-49-8, cis-Stilbene

1657-45-0, cis-4-Methylstilbene 1657-49-4,

cis-4-Chlorostilbene 1657-50-7, trans-4-Chlorostilbene

1860-17-9, trans-4-Methylstilbene 2840-89-3

3132-88-5 20374-76-9 30270-24-7

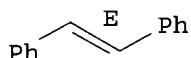
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(epoxidn. of; preparation of metal ion-planted mesoporous silica by template ion-exchange method and catalytic activity for asym. oxidation of sulfide and epoxidn. of aromatic olefins)

RN 103-30-0 HCPLUS

CN Benzene, 1,1'-(1E)-1,2-ethenediylbis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

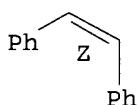
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 645-49-8 HCPLUS

CN Benzene, 1,1'-(1Z)-1,2-ethenediylbis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

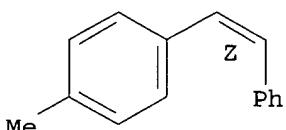
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 1657-45-0 HCPLUS

CN Benzene, 1-methyl-4-[(1Z)-2-phenylethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

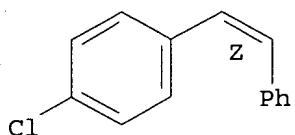
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 1657-49-4 HCPLUS

CN Benzene, 1-chloro-4-[(1Z)-2-phenylethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

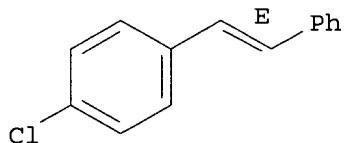
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 1657-50-7 HCPLUS

CN Benzene, 1-chloro-4-[(1E)-2-phenylethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

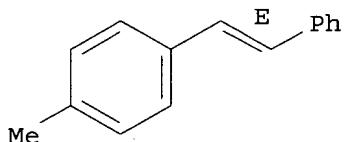
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 1860-17-9 HCPLUS

CN Benzene, 1-methyl-4-[(1E)-2-phenylethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

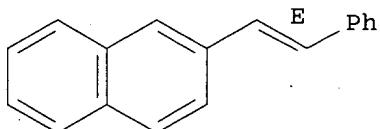
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 2840-89-3 HCPLUS

CN Naphthalene, 2-[(1E)-2-phenylethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

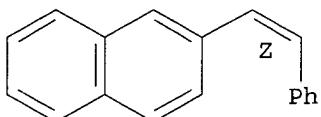
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 3132-88-5 HCPLUS

CN Naphthalene, 2-[(1Z)-2-phenylethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

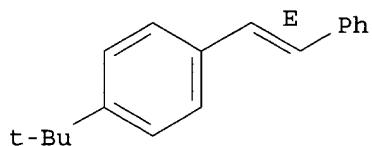
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 20374-76-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzene, 1-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-[(1E)-2-phenylethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

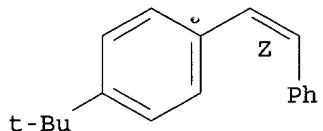
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 30270-24-7 HCAPLUS

CN Benzene, 1-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-[(1Z)-2-phenylethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



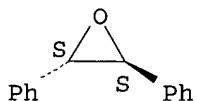
IT 1439-07-2P, trans-Stilbene oxide

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
(from oxidation of trans-stilbene; preparation of metal ion-planted mesoporoussilica by template ion-exchange method and catalytic activity for asym.
oxidation of sulfide and epoxidn. of aromatic olefins)

RN 1439-07-2 HCAPLUS

CN Oxirane, 2,3-diphenyl-, (2R,3R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



IT 28291-09-0P 28291-10-3P 42730-01-8P

59502-09-9P 70332-50-2P 213248-84-1P

438591-24-3P 438591-25-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)

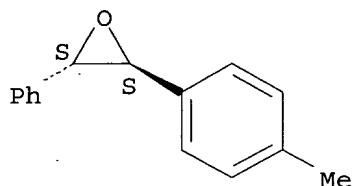
(preparation of metal ion-planted mesoporous silica by template ion-exchange
method and catalytic activity for asym. oxidation of sulfide and epoxidn.)

of aromatic olefins)

RN 28291-09-0 HCPLUS

CN Oxirane, 2-(4-methylphenyl)-3-phenyl-, (2R,3R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

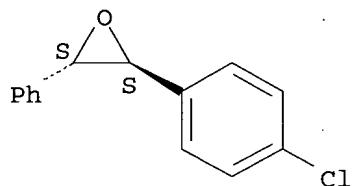
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 28291-10-3 HCPLUS

CN Oxirane, 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-phenyl-, (2R,3R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

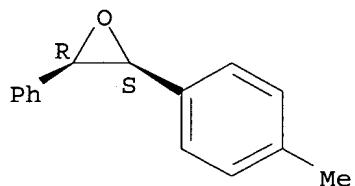
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 42730-01-8 HCPLUS

CN Oxirane, 2-(4-methylphenyl)-3-phenyl-, (2R,3S)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

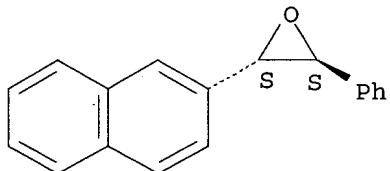
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 59502-09-9 HCPLUS

CN Oxirane, 2-(2-naphthalenyl)-3-phenyl-, (2R,3R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

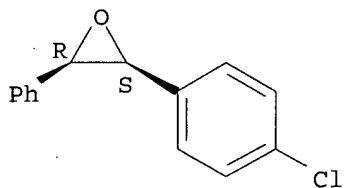
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 70332-50-2 HCAPLUS

CN Oxirane, 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-phenyl-, (2R,3S)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

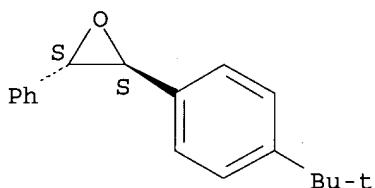
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 213248-84-1 HCAPLUS

CN Oxirane, 2-[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]-3-phenyl-, (2R,3R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

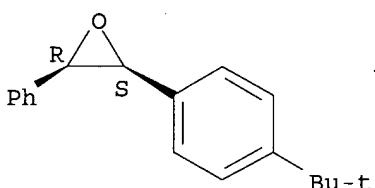
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 438591-24-3 HCAPLUS

CN Oxirane, 2-[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]-3-phenyl-, (2R,3S)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

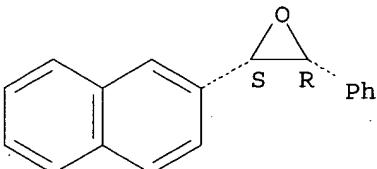
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 438591-25-4 HCAPLUS

CN Oxirane, 2-(2-naphthalenyl)-3-phenyl-, (2R,3S)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 52 THERE ARE 52 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 12 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:512467 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:242611
 TITLE: Preparation of dendritic and non-dendritic styryl-substituted Salens for cross-linking suspension copolymerization with styrene and multiple use of the corresponding Mn and Cr complexes in enantioselective epoxidations and hetero-Diels-Alder reactions
 AUTHOR(S): Sellner, Holger; Karjalainen, Jaana K.; Seebach, Dieter
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratorium fur Organische Chemie der Eidgenossischen Technischen Hochschule Zurich ETH Zentrum, Zurich, 8092, Switz.
 SOURCE: Chemistry--A European Journal (2001), 7(13), 2873-2887
 CODEN: CEUJED; ISSN: 0947-6539
 PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 AB Following work with TAD-DOLs and BINOLs, we have now prepared Salen derivs. (2, 3, 14, 15, 18, 19, 20, 21) carrying two to eight styryl groups for crosslinking copolyrn. with styrene. The Salen cores are either derived from (R,R)-diphenyl ethylene diamine (3, 15, 19, 21) or from (R,R)-cyclohexane diamine (2, 14, 18, 20). The styryl groups are attached to the salicylic aldehyde moieties, using Suzuki (cf. 1) or Sonogashira cross-coupling (cf. 11), and/or phenolic etherification (cf. 5, 7) with dendritic styryl-substituted Frechet-type benzylic branch bromides. Subsequent condensation with the diamines provides the chiral Salens. Corresponding Salens lacking the peripheral vinyl groups (cf. 12, 13, 16, 17) were also prepared for comparison of catalytic activities in homogeneous solution with those in polystyrene. Crosslinking radical suspension copolyrn. of styrene and styryl Salens, following a procedure by Itsuno and Frechet, gave beads (ca. 400 µm diameter) which were loaded with Mn or Cr (ca. 0.2 mmol of complex per g of polymer), with more than 95% of the Salen incorporated being actually accessible for complexation (by elemental anal.). The polymer-bound Mn and Cr complexes were used as catalysts for epoxidns. of six phenyl-substituted olefins (m-CPBA/NMO; products 22a-f), and for dihydropyranone formation from the Danishefsky diene and aldehydes (PhCHO, C5H11CHO, C6H11CHO, products 23a-c). There are several remarkable features of the novel immobilized Salens: (i) The dendritic branches do not slow down the catalytic activity of the complexes in solution; (ii) the reactions with Salen catalysts incorporated in polystyrene give products of essentially the same enantiopurity as those observed in homogeneous solution with the dendritically substituted or with the original Jacobsen-Katsuki complexes; (iii) some Mn-loaded beads have been stored for a year, without loss of activity; (iv) especially the biphenyl- and acetylene-linked Salen polymers (p-2, -3, -20, -21, Figure 2, 3) give Mn complexes of excellent performance: after ten uses (without re-charging with Mn!) there is no loss of enantioselectivity or degree of conversion under the standard conditions.
 CC 35-5 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
 Section cross-reference(s): 23, 76
 IT Epoxidation catalysts
 (stereoselective; dendritic and non-dendritic styryl-substituted salen-crosslinked polystyrene Mn and Cr complexes in enantioselective epoxidns. and hetero-Diels-Alder reactions)

- IT 360785-07-5P 360785-08-6P 360785-11-1P
 360785-12-2P 360785-13-3P 360785-14-4P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
 (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (crosslinking agent; preparation of dendritic and non-dendritic
 styryl-substituted salens)
- IT 360784-96-9
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (crosslinking agent; preparation of dendritic and non-dendritic
 styryl-substituted salens as crosslinking agents for polystyrene)
- IT 360784-95-8P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
 (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (crosslinking agent; preparation of dendritic and non-dendritic
 styryl-substituted salens as crosslinking agents for polystyrene)
- IT 937-14-4, m-Chloroperbenzoic acid
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. agent; preparation of dendritic and non-dendritic
 styryl-substituted salen-crosslinked polystyrene Mn and Cr complexes
 and their use as catalysts in enantioselective epoxidns. and
 hetero-Diels-Alder reactions)
- IT 96-09-3P, Styrene oxide 2461-34-9P 2783-26-8P,
 2-MethylStyrene oxide 4436-22-0P 4829-01-0P,
 1-Phenylcyclohexene oxide 17619-97-5P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (epoxidn. product; preparation of dendritic and non-dendritic
 styryl-substituted salen-crosslinked polystyrene Mn and Cr complexes
 and their use as catalysts in enantioselective epoxidns. and
 hetero-Diels-Alder reactions)
- IT 100-42-5, Styrene, reactions 100-80-1, 3-Methylstyrene
 103-30-0, trans-Stilbene 771-98-2, 1-Phenylcyclohexene
 873-66-5 29828-28-2, Dihydronaphthalene
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. substrate; preparation of dendritic and non-dendritic
 styryl-substituted salen-crosslinked polystyrene Mn and Cr complexes
 and their use as catalysts in enantioselective epoxidns. and
 hetero-Diels-Alder reactions)
- IT 54125-02-9
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (hetero-Diels-Alder reaction over dendritic and non-dendritic
 styryl-substituted salen-crosslinked polystyrene Cr complexes)
- IT 7440-47-3DP, Chromium, complexes with chiral styryl-containing
 dendritic salen-crosslinked polystyrene, preparation
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
 (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (preparation of dendritic and non-dendritic styryl-substituted
 salen-crosslinked polystyrene Mn and Cr complexes and their use as
 catalysts in hetero-Diels-Alder reactions)
- IT 540-38-5, 4-Iodophenol 638-38-0, Manganese acetate 1066-54-2,
 Ethynyltrimethylsilane 129536-41-0 199277-76-4
 199277-79-7
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of dendritic and non-dendritic styryl-substituted salens)
- IT 360784-97-0P 360784-98-1P 360784-99-2P 360785-00-8P
 360785-01-9P 360785-02-0P 360785-03-1P 360785-04-2P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
 (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of dendritic and non-dendritic styryl-substituted salens)
- IT 2156-04-9 20439-47-8 24131-32-6 35132-20-8 153759-58-1

192803-37-5

IT RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of dendritic and non-dendritic styryl-substituted salens as
 crosslinking agents for polystyrene)

IT 360784-94-7P

IT RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
 (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of dendritic and non-dendritic styryl-substituted salens as
 crosslinking agents for polystyrene)

IT 360785-07-5P 360785-08-6P 360785-11-1P

360785-12-2P 360785-13-3P 360785-14-4P

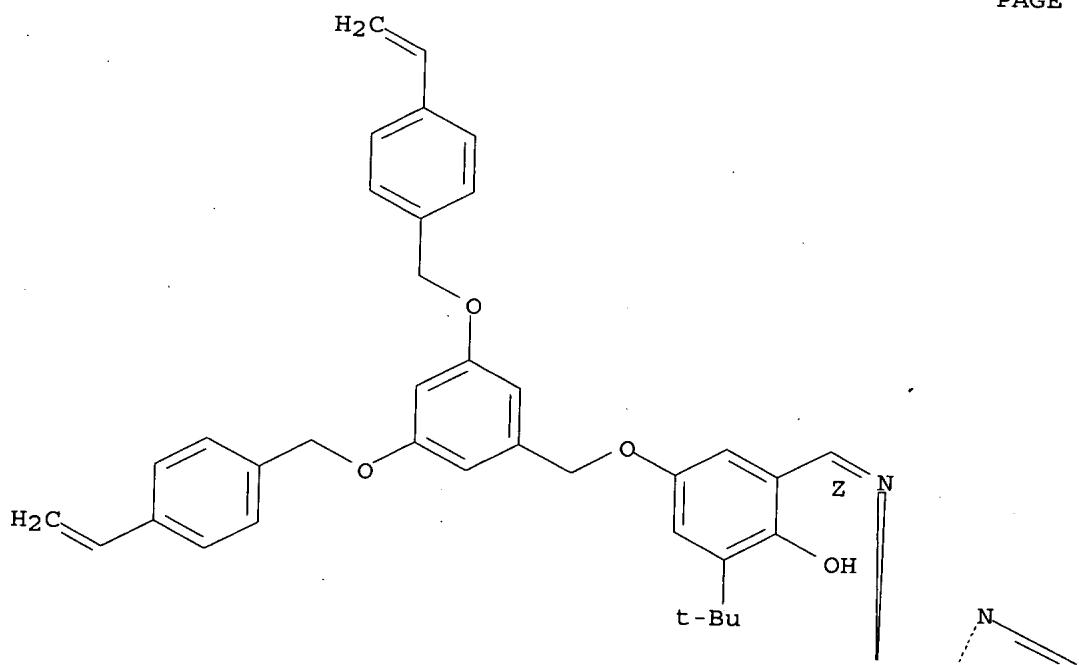
IT RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
 (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (crosslinking agent; preparation of dendritic and non-dendritic
 styryl-substituted salens)

RN 360785-07-5 HCPLUS

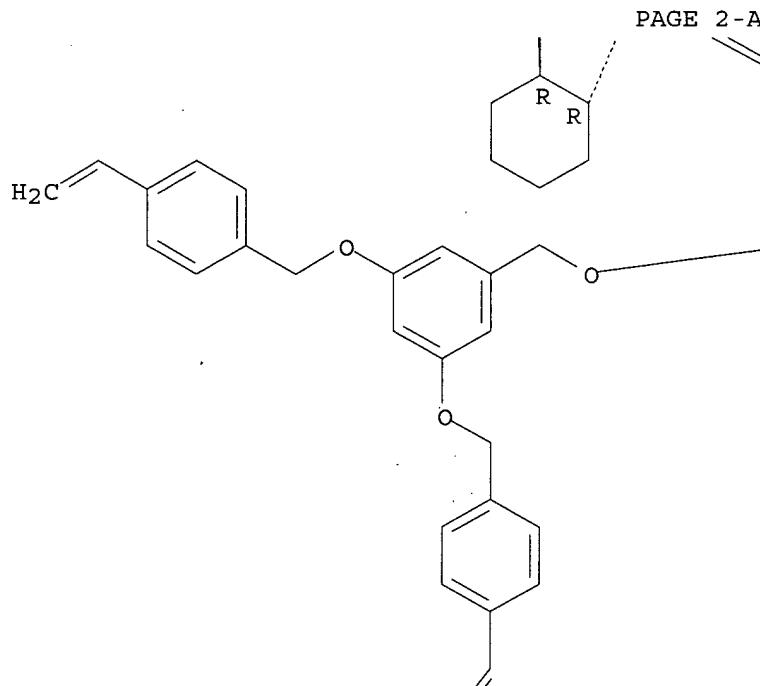
CN Phenol, 2,2' - [(1R,2R)-1,2-cyclohexanediylbis[(Z)-nitrilomethylidyne]]bis[4-
 [[3,5-bis[(4-ethenylphenyl)methoxy]phenyl]methoxy]-6-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).
 Double bond geometry as shown.

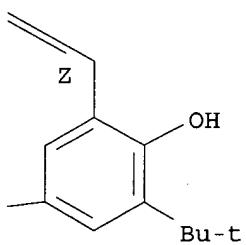
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



PAGE 2-B



PAGE 3-A

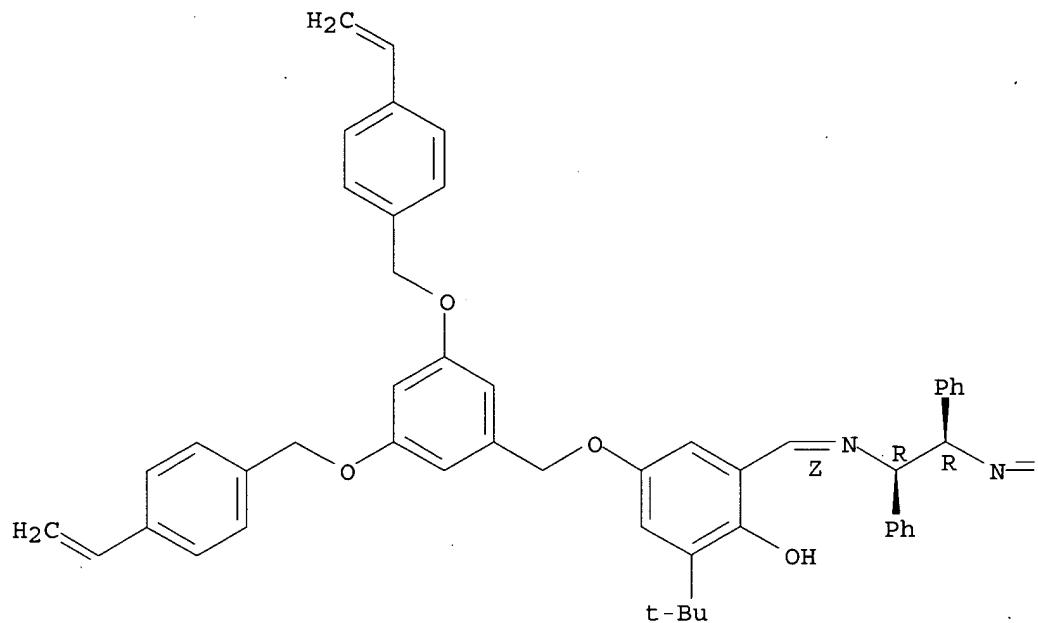


RN 360785-08-6 HCPLUS

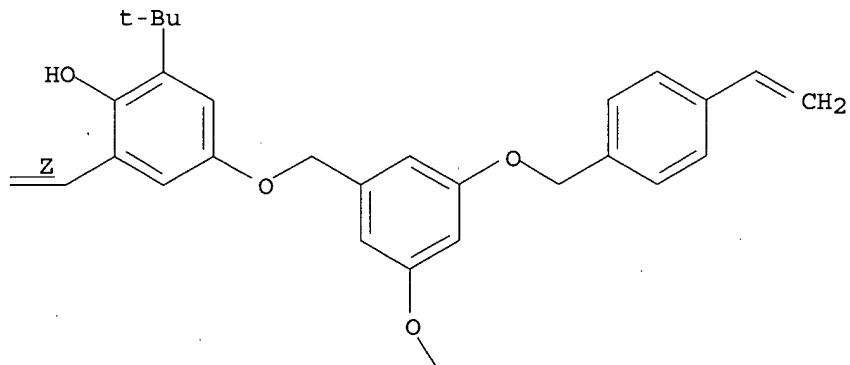
CN Phenol, 2,2'-[[(1R,2R)-1,2-diphenyl-1,2-ethanediyl]bis[(Z)-nitrilomethylidyne]]bis[4-[[3,5-bis[(4-ethenylphenyl)methoxy]phenyl]methoxy]-6-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).
Double bond geometry as shown.

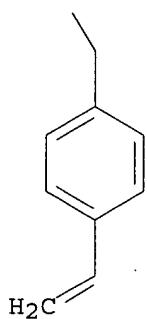
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PAGE 2-B



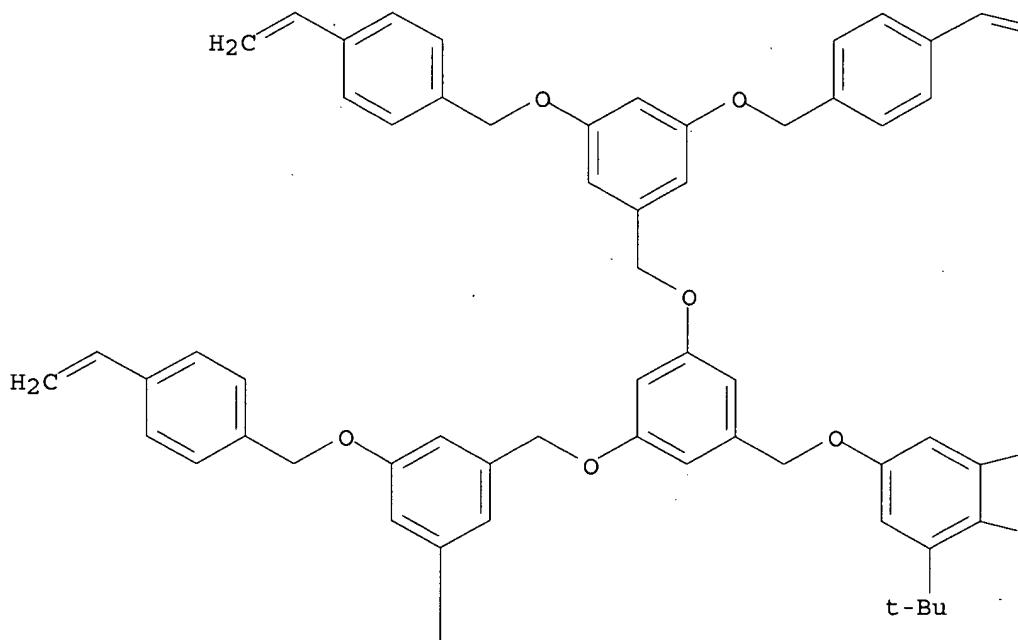
RN 360785-11-1 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,2'-[[(1R,2R)-1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis[(Z)-nitrilomethylidyne]]bis[4-[[3,5-bis[[3,5-bis[(4-ethenylphenyl)methoxy]phenyl]methoxy]phenyl]methoxy]-6-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

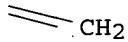
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

Double bond geometry as shown.

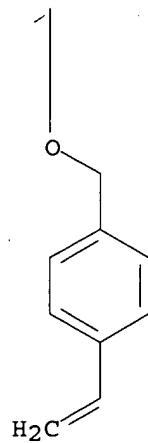
PAGE 1-A



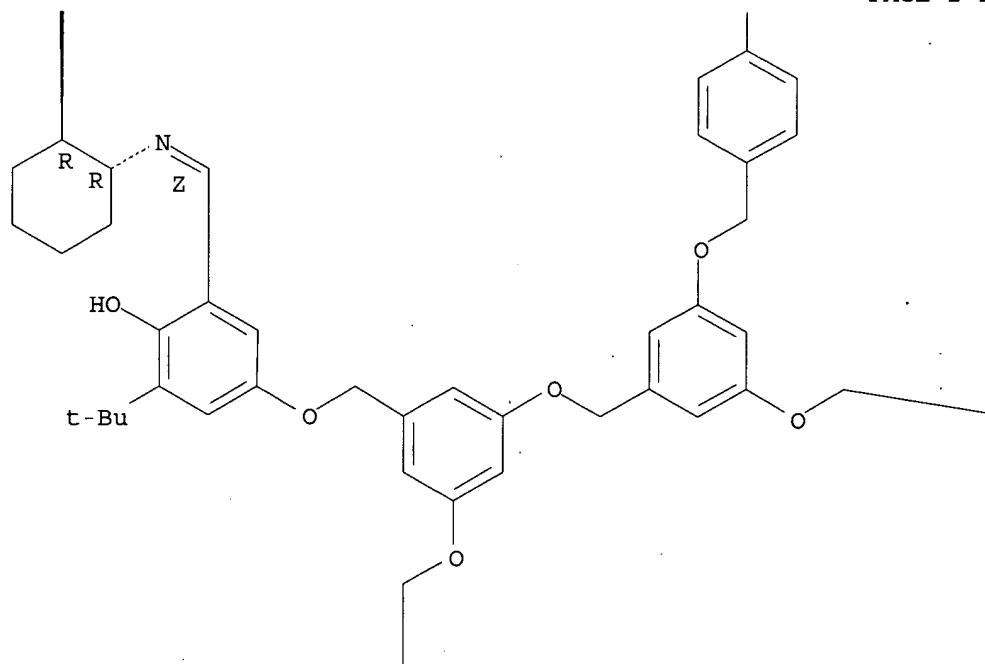
PAGE 1-B



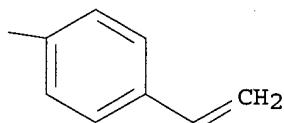
PAGE 2-A



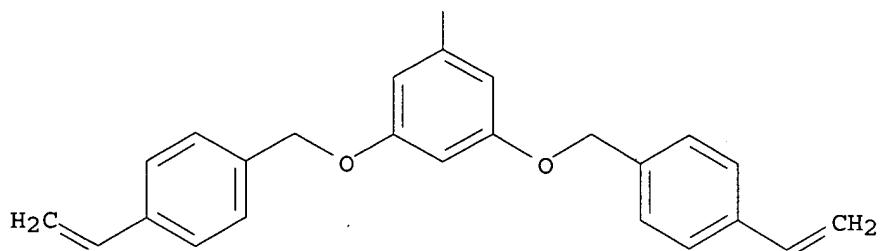
PAGE 2-B



PAGE 2-C



PAGE 3-B

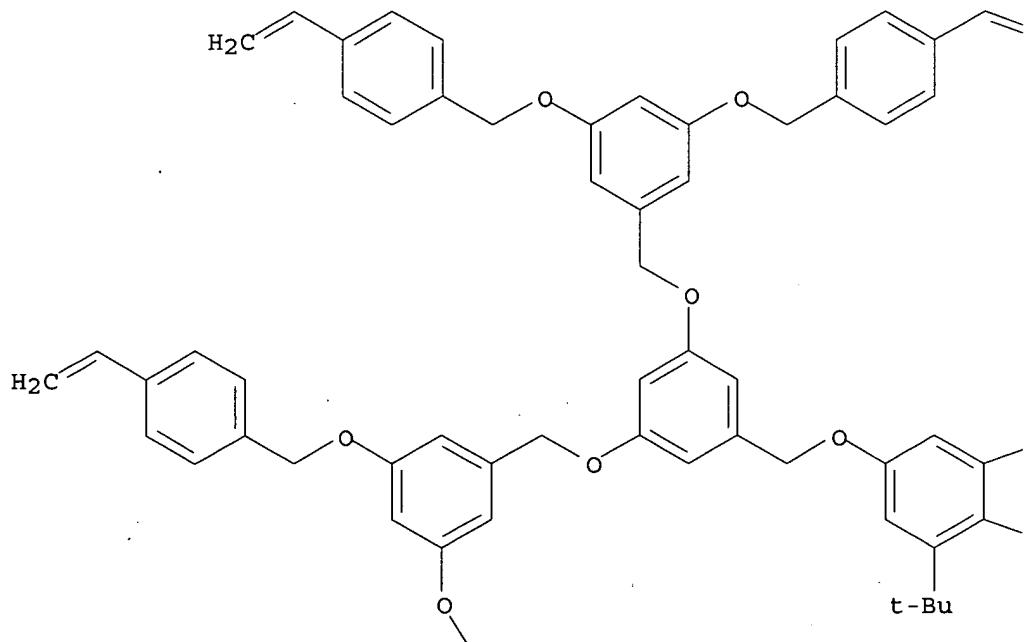


RN 360785-12-2 HCAPLUS

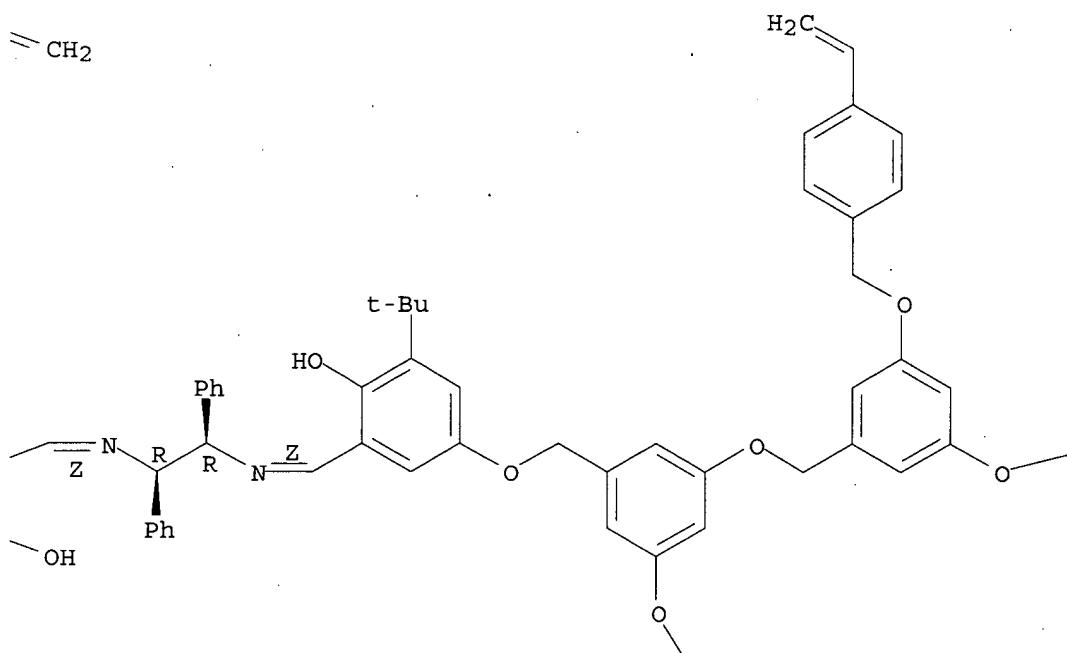
CN Phenol, 2,2'-[[(1R,2R)-1,2-diphenyl-1,2-ethanediyl]bis[(Z)-nitrilomethylidyne]]bis[4-[[3,5-bis[[3,5-bis[(4-ethenylphenyl)methoxy]phenyl]methoxy]phenyl]methoxy]-6-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).
Double bond geometry as shown.

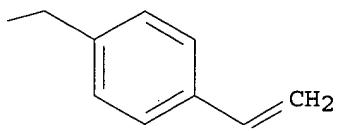
PAGE 1-A



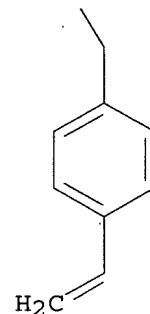
PAGE 1-B



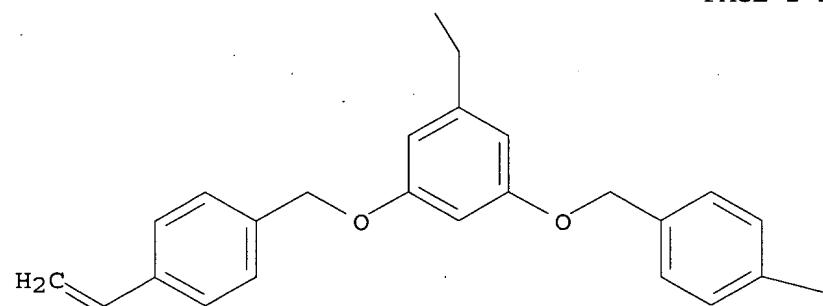
PAGE 1-C



PAGE 2-A



PAGE 2-B



PAGE 2-C

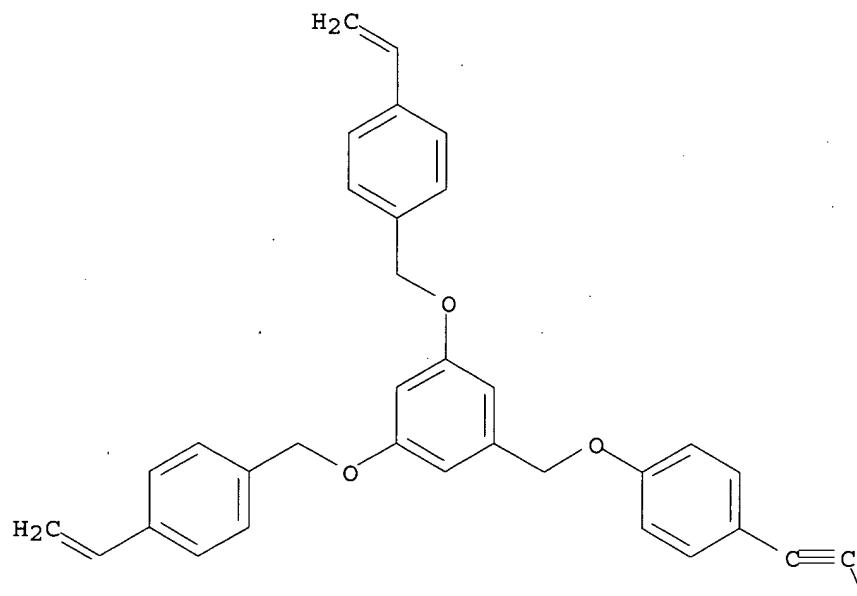


RN 360785-13-3 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,2'-([(1R,2R)-1,2-cyclohexanediy]bis[(Z)-nitrilomethylidyne]]bis[4-[4-[[3,5-bis[(4-ethenylphenyl)methoxy]phenyl]methoxy]phenyl]ethynyl]-6-(1,1-dimethylethyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).
Double bond geometry as shown.

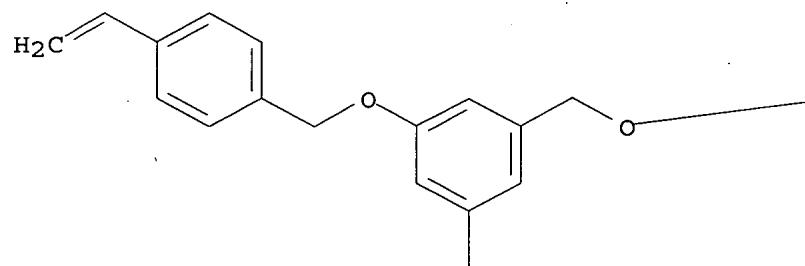
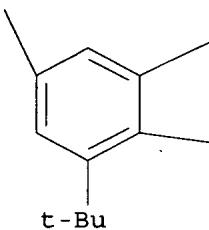
PAGE 1-A



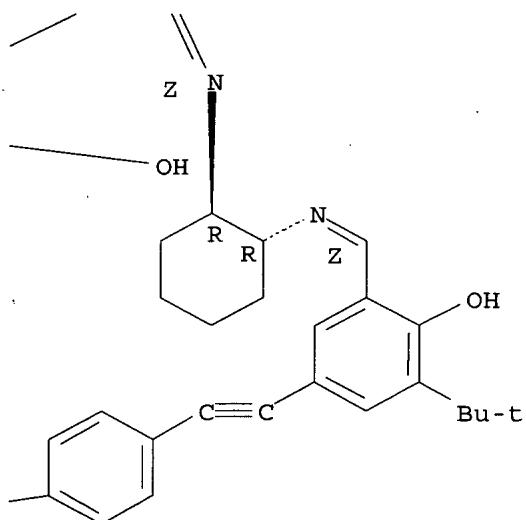
PAGE 1-B



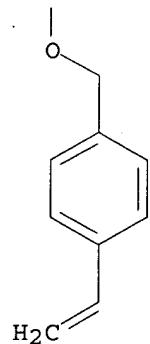
PAGE 2-A



PAGE 2-B



PAGE 3-A



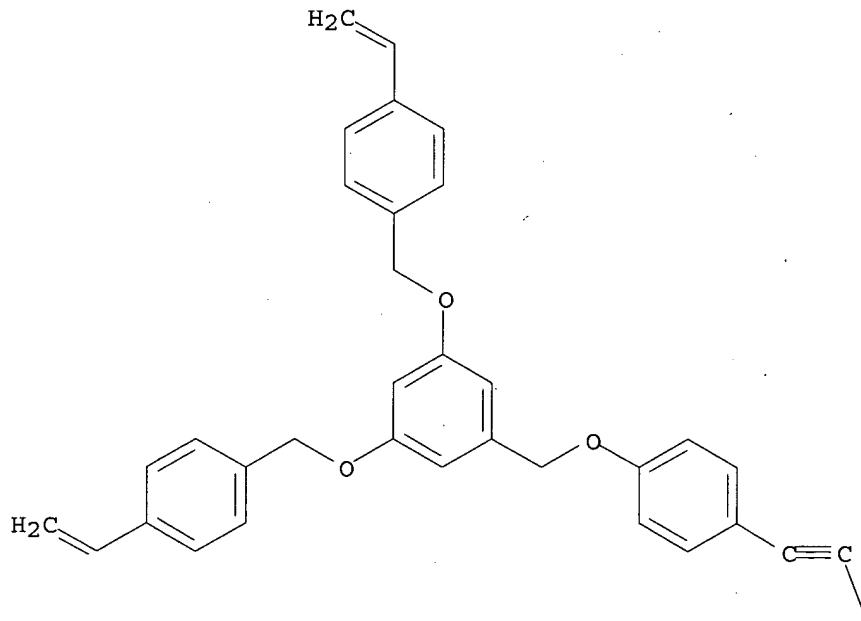
RN 360785-14-4 HCPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,2' - [(1R,2R)-1,2-diphenyl-1,2-ethanediyl]bis[(Z)-nitrilomethylidyne]bis[4-[[4-[[3,5-bis[(4-ethenylphenyl)methoxy]phenyl]methoxy]phenyl]ethynyl]-6-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

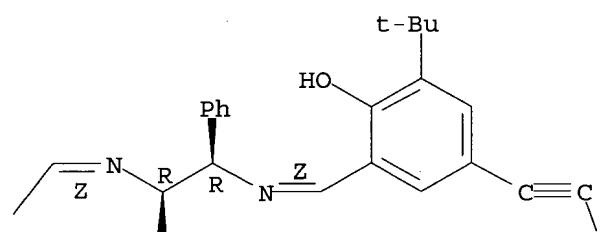
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

Double bond geometry as shown.

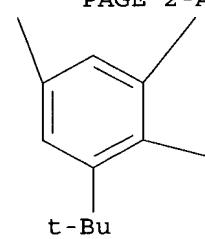
PAGE 1-A



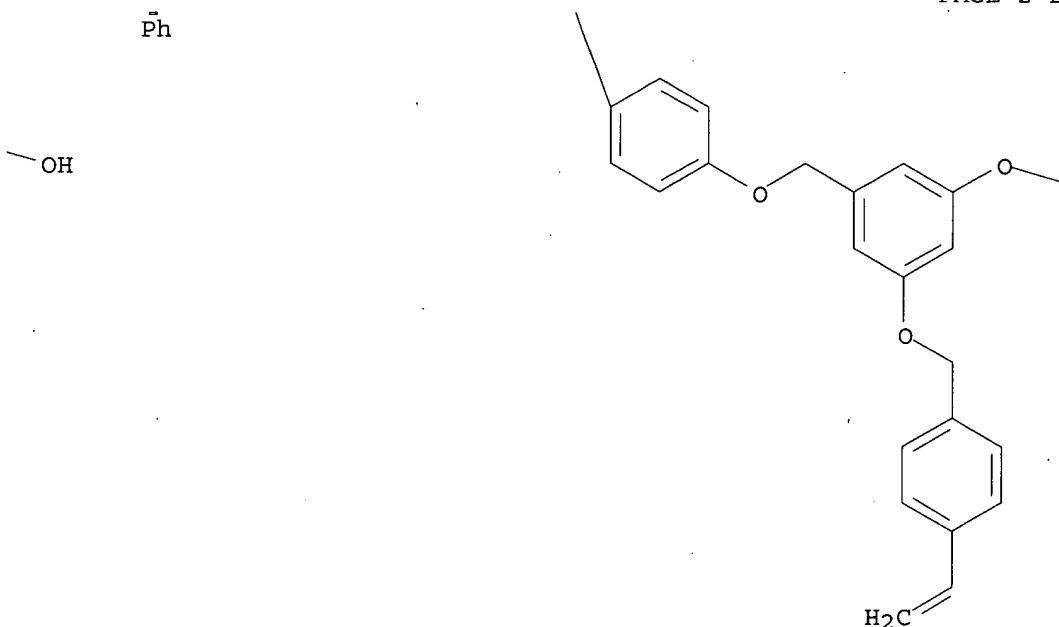
PAGE 1-B



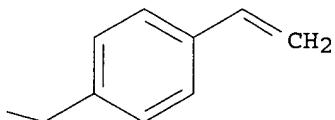
PAGE 2-A



PAGE 2-B



PAGE 2-C



IT 360784-96-9

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(crosslinking agent; preparation of dendritic and non-dendritic
styryl-substituted salens as crosslinking agents for polystyrene)

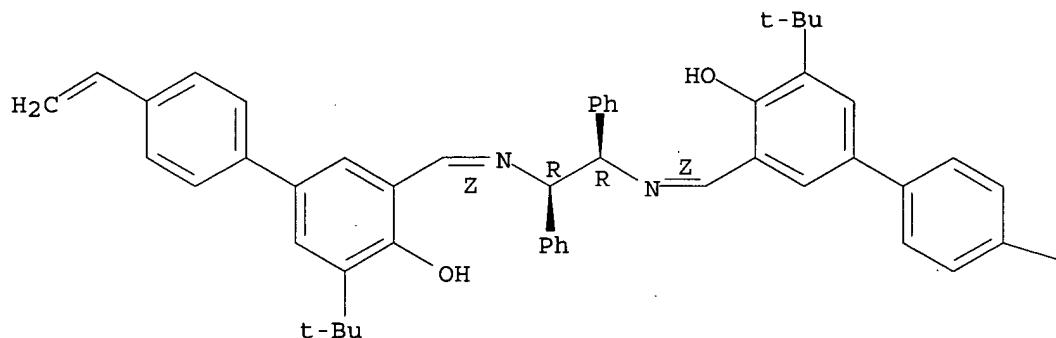
RN 360784-96-9 HCPLUS

CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-4-ol, 3,3'-'-[(1R,2R)-1,2-diphenyl-1,2-ethanediyl]bis[(Z)-nitrilmethylidyne]]bis[5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4'-ethenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

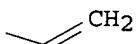
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



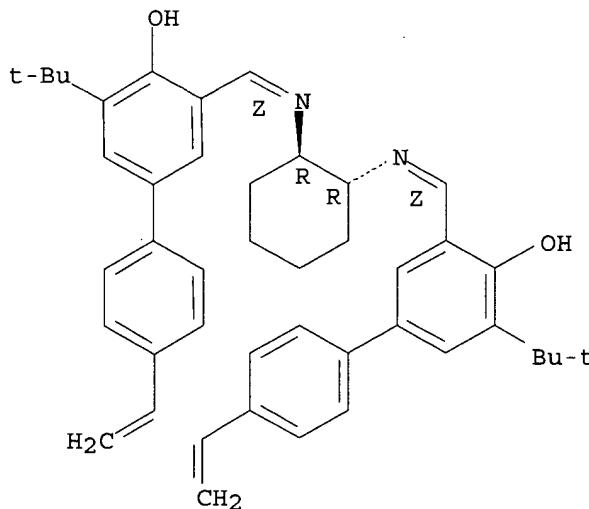
IT 360784-95-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
 (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (crosslinking agent; preparation of dendritic and non-dendritic
 styryl-substituted salens as crosslinking agents for polystyrene)

RN 360784-95-8 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-4-ol, 3,3''-[(1R,2R)-1,2-cyclohexanediylbis[(Z)-
 nitrilomethylidyne]]bis[5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4'-ethenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX
 NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).
 Double bond geometry as shown.



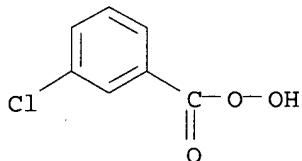
IT 937-14-4, m-Chloroperbenzoic acid

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(epoxidn. agent; preparation of dendritic and non-dendritic styryl-substituted salen-crosslinked polystyrene Mn and Cr complexes and their use as catalysts in enantioselective epoxidns. and hetero-Diels-Alder reactions)

RN 937-14-4 HCPLUS

CN Benzenecarboperoxoic acid, 3-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



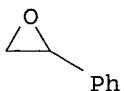
IT 96-09-3P, Styrene oxide 2783-26-8P, 2-MethylStyrene oxide 4436-22-0P 17619-97-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(epoxidn. product; preparation of dendritic and non-dendritic styryl-substituted salen-crosslinked polystyrene Mn and Cr complexes and their use as catalysts in enantioselective epoxidns. and hetero-Diels-Alder reactions)

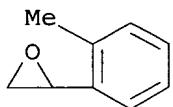
RN 96-09-3 HCPLUS

CN Oxirane, phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

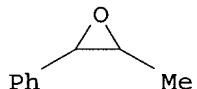


RN 2783-26-8 HCPLUS

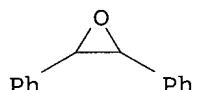
CN Oxirane, (2-methylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 4436-22-0 HCAPLUS
 CN Oxirane, 2-methyl-3-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

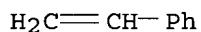


RN 17619-97-5 HCAPLUS
 CN Oxirane, 2,3-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

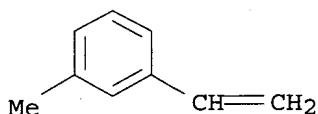


IT 100-42-5, Styrene, reactions 100-80-1, 3-Methylstyrene
 103-30-0, trans-Stilbene 873-66-5
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. substrate; preparation of dendritic and non-dendritic
 styryl-substituted salen-crosslinked polystyrene Mn and Cr complexes
 and their use as catalysts in enantioselective epoxidns. and
 hetero-Diels-Alder reactions)

RN 100-42-5 HCAPLUS
 CN Benzene, ethenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

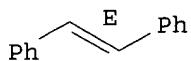


RN 100-80-1 HCAPLUS
 CN Benzene, 1-ethenyl-3-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



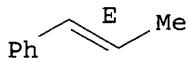
RN 103-30-0 HCAPLUS
 CN Benzene, 1,1'-(1E)-1,2-ethenediylbis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



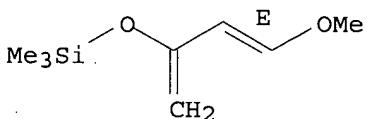
RN 873-66-5 HCPLUS
 CN Benzene, (1E)-1-propenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



IT 54125-02-9
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (hetero-Diels-Alder reaction over dendritic and non-dendritic
 styryl-substituted salen-crosslinked polystyrene Cr complexes)
 RN 54125-02-9 HCPLUS
 CN Silane, [(2E)-3-methoxy-1-methylene-2-propenyl]oxytrimethyl- (9CI) (CA
 INDEX NAME)

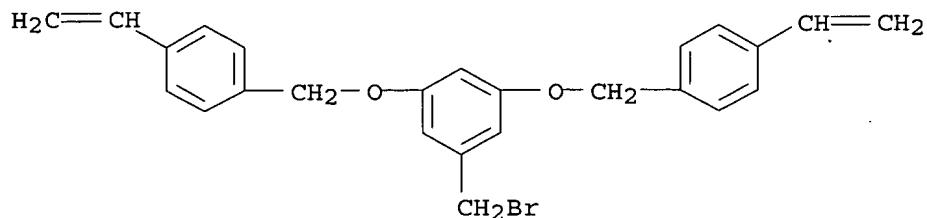
Double bond geometry as shown.



IT 7440-47-3DP, Chromium, complexes with chiral styryl-containing
 dendritic salen-crosslinked polystyrene, preparation
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
 (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (preparation of dendritic and non-dendritic styryl-substituted
 salen-crosslinked polystyrene Mn and Cr complexes and their use as
 catalysts in hetero-Diels-Alder reactions)
 RN 7440-47-3 HCPLUS
 CN Chromium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Cr

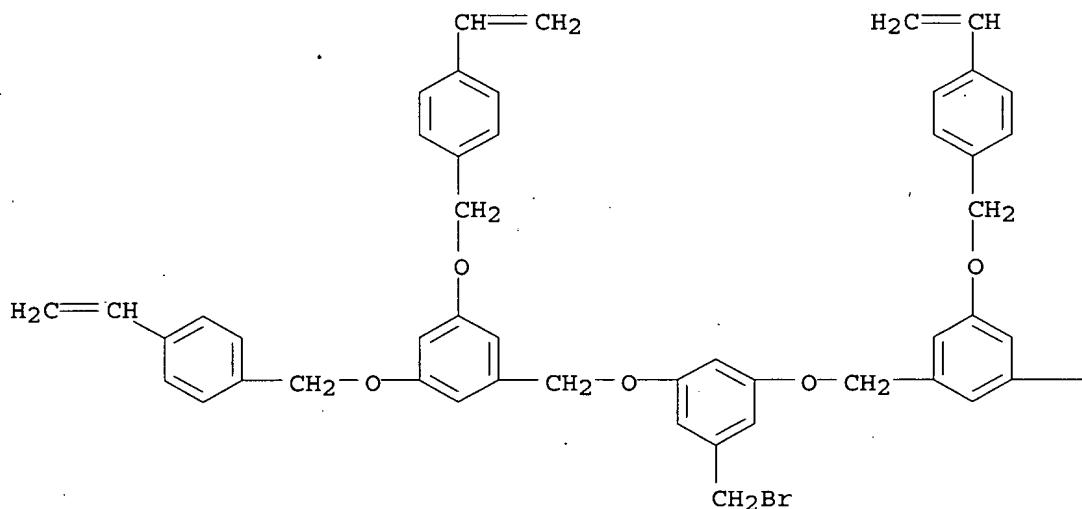
IT 199277-76-4 199277-79-7
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of dendritic and non-dendritic styryl-substituted salens)
 RN 199277-76-4 HCPLUS
 CN Benzene, 1-(bromomethyl)-3,5-bis[(4-ethenylphenyl)methoxy]- (9CI) (CA
 INDEX NAME)



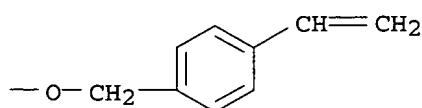
RN 199277-79-7 HCPLUS

CN Benzene, 1,3-bis[[3,5-bis[(4-ethenylphenyl)methoxy]phenyl]methoxy]-5-(bromomethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



IT 360784-98-1P 360784-99-2P 360785-03-1P

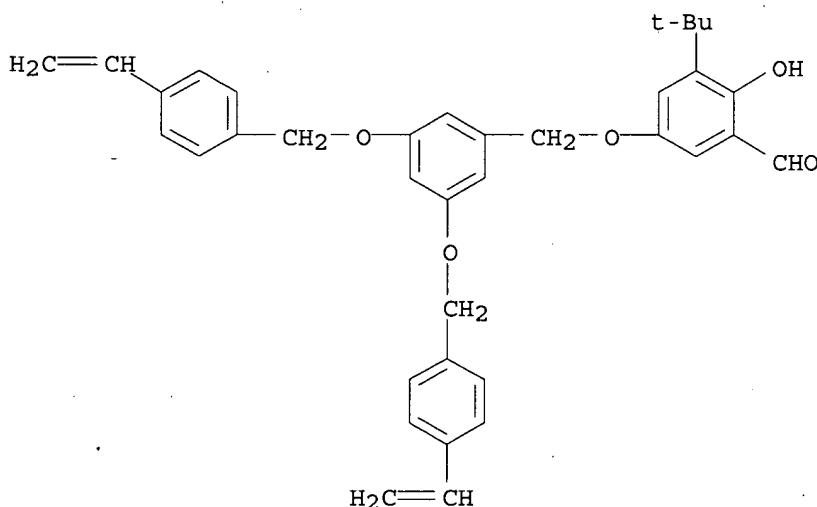
360785-04-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of dendritic and non-dendritic styryl-substituted salens)

RN 360784-98-1 HCAPLUS

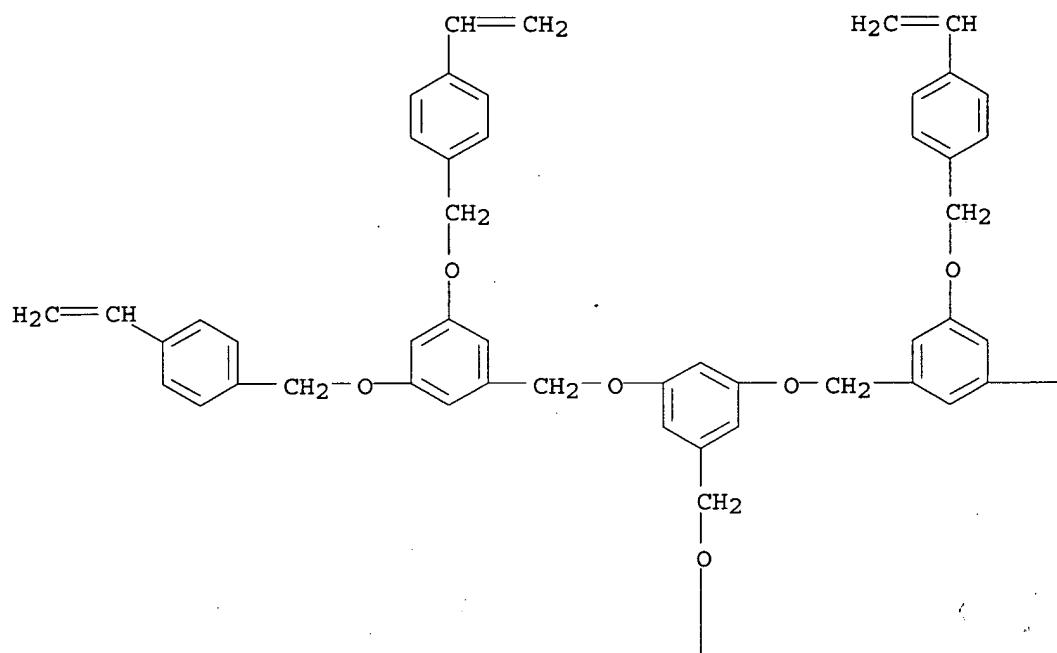
CN Benzaldehyde, 5-[[3,5-bis[(4-ethenylphenyl)methoxy]phenyl]methoxy]-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



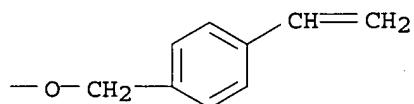
RN 360784-99-2 HCAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 5-[[3,5-bis[[3,5-bis[(4-ethenylphenyl)methoxy]phenyl]methoxy]phenyl]methoxy]-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

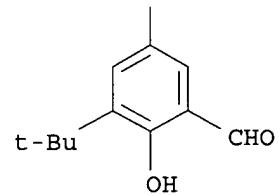
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

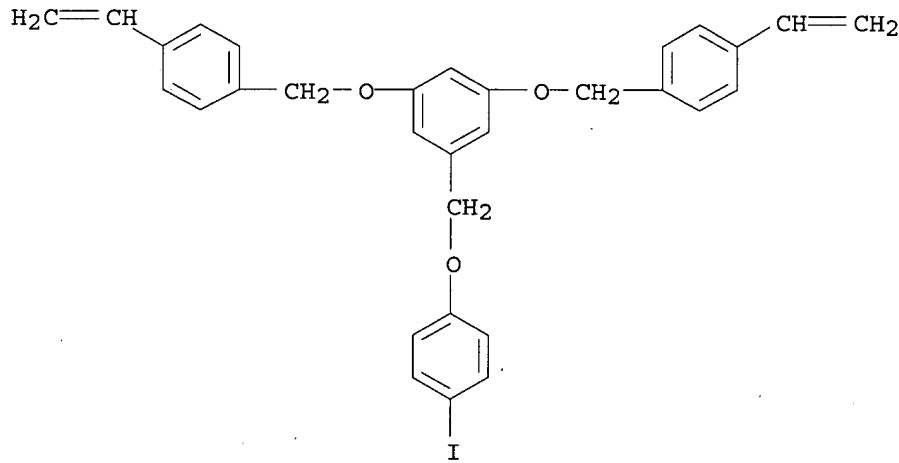


PAGE 2-A



RN 360785-03-1 HCPLUS

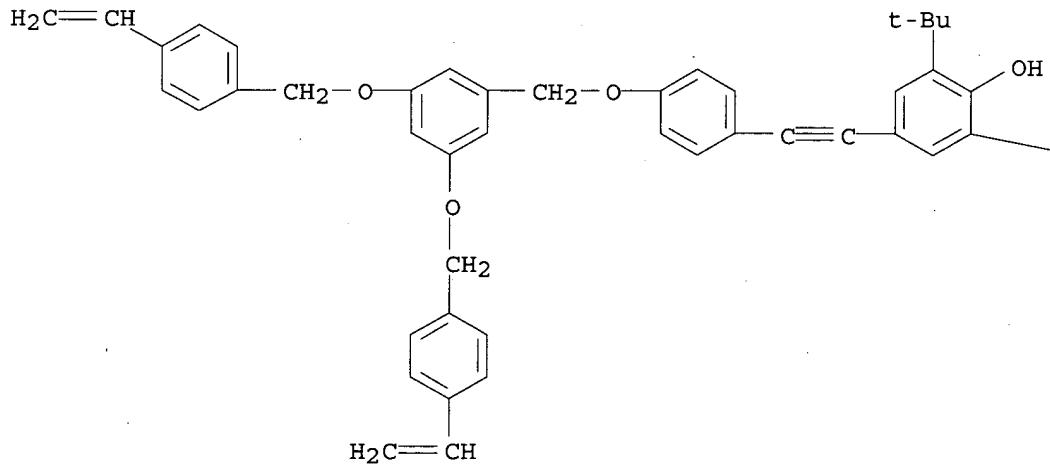
CN Benzene, 1,3-bis[(4-ethenylphenyl)methoxy]-5-[(4-iodophenoxy)methyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 360785-04-2 HCPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 5-[[4-[[3,5-bis[(4-ethenylphenyl)methoxy]phenyl]methoxy]phenyl]ethynyl]-3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

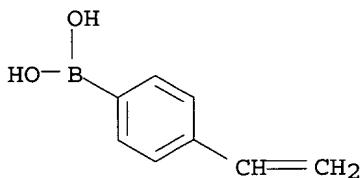
— CHO

IT 2156-04-9

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of dendritic and non-dendritic styryl-substituted salens as
 crosslinking agents for polystyrene)

RN 2156-04-9 HCPLUS

CN Boronic acid, (4-ethenylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

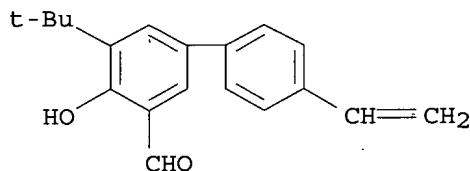


IT 360784-94-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
 (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of dendritic and non-dendritic styryl-substituted salens as
 crosslinking agents for polystyrene)

RN 360784-94-7 HCPLUS

CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-3-carboxaldehyde, 5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4'-ethenyl-4-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 82 THERE ARE 82 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 13 OF 26 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:350632 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:6855

TITLE: Process for the selective oxidation of organic compounds

INVENTOR(S): Singh, Prahlad R.; Tercho, Gerald P.; Wentz, Jack N., Jr.; Olewine, Keith R.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Du Pont Pharmaceuticals Company, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 16 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9925666	A2	19990527	WO 1998-US24180	19981112
WO 9925666	A3	19990910		
			W: AU, BR, CA, CN, CZ, EE, HU, IL, JP, KR, LT, LV, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK, UA, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE	
EP 1056683	A2	20001206	EP 1998-965958	19981112
	R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, FI, GB, GR, IE, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, RO		
EE 200000234	A	20010615	EE 2000-200000234	19981112
BR 9815311	A	20010807	BR 1998-15311	19981112
JP 2001523651	T2	20011127	JP 2000-521054	19981112
ZA 9810409	A	20000515	ZA 1998-10409	19981113
US 6391279	B1	20020521	US 1998-191672	19981113
NO 2000002406	A	20000509	NO 2000-2406	20000509
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1997-65993P	P 19971114
			WO 1998-US24180	W 19981112

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 131:6855

AB A process for oxidizing organic compds. comprises contacting, in a zone of reaction, an oxidizable organic compound with hydrogen peroxide in the presence of a catalytically effective amount of an insol. catalyst comprising silicon oxide and an oxide of at least one hydrogen peroxide-activating metal, which catalyst has been treated with a silylating agent, and wherein the activity of the treated catalyst is increased by a factor of at least two compared to untreated catalyst. A method for preparing a catalyst using a copolymer of diethoxysilane and Et titanate is also disclosed.

IC ICM C07B

CC 45-4 (Industrial Organic Chemicals, Leather, Fats, and Waxes)
Section cross-reference(s): 67

IT **Epoxidation catalysts**

Oxidation catalysts

(process for the selective oxidation of organic compds.)

IT 546-68-9, Titanium isopropoxide 681-84-5, Tetramethyl orthosilicate 7439-89-6, Iron, uses 7439-96-5, Manganese, uses 7439-98-7, Molybdenum, uses 7440-22-4, Silver, uses 7440-32-6, Titanium, uses 7440-33-7, Tungsten, uses 7440-45-1, Cerium, uses 7440-47-3, Chromium, uses 7440-48-4, Cobalt, uses 7440-50-8, Copper, uses 7440-62-2, Vanadium, uses 7631-86-9, Silica, uses 17927-72-9 225654-25-1, PSITI 019

RL: **CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)**

(process for the selective oxidation of organic compds.)

IT 286-62-4P, Cycloocteneoxide 2984-50-1P, 1,2-Epoxyoctane

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)

(process for the selective oxidation of organic compds.)

IT 111-66-0, 1-Octene 931-87-3, cis-Cyclooctene 7722-84-1

, Hydrogen peroxide, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(process for the selective oxidation of organic compds.)

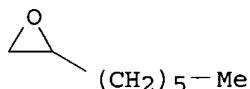
IT 7440-47-3, Chromium, uses

RL: **CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)**

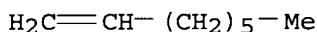
(process for the selective oxidation of organic compds.)
 RN 7440-47-3 HCPLUS
 CN Chromium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Cr

IT 2984-50-1P, 1,2-Epoxyoctane
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
 (process for the selective oxidation of organic compds.)
 RN 2984-50-1 HCPLUS
 CN Oxirane, hexyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 111-66-0, 1-Octene 7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide,
 reactions
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (process for the selective oxidation of organic compds.)
 RN 111-66-0 HCPLUS
 CN i-Octene (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 7722-84-1 HCPLUS
 CN Hydrogen peroxide (H₂O₂) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO—OH

L49 ANSWER 14 OF 26 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:708359 HCPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:81126
 TITLE: Pyridines as bifunctional co-catalysts in the CrO₃-catalyzed oxygenation of olefins by t-butyl hydroperoxide
 AUTHOR(S): Rothenberg, Gadi; Wiener, Harold; Sasson, Yoel
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Casali Institute of Applied Chemistry, Hebrew University of Jerusalem, Jerusalem, 91904, Israel
 SOURCE: Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical (1998), 136(3), 253-262
 CODEN: JMCCF2; ISSN: 1381-1169
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science B.V.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 AB Me₃COOH (I) oxidizes olefins to epoxides and allylic oxidation products in

the presence of a Cr(VI) catalyst. A concurrent decomposition of the oxidant occurs. Pyridine-derived additives alter the behavior of this catalytic system: monodentate pyridines and trans-chelated bidentate bipyridines retard I decomposition and arrest the epoxidn. reaction, shifting the product selectivity towards allylic oxidation. Adversely, cis-chelated bipyridines accelerate I decomposition. Depending on ligand nature and concentration, the initial

decomposition rate can be slowed down to 1/8th, or accelerated up to 2 orders of magnitude, (relative to CrO₃ catalysis). Allylic oxidation and I decomposition

are free-radical reactions, but the epoxidn. is evidently not. A reaction mechanism is proposed, where the diverse role of the pyridine ligands is attributed to specific complex formations.

CC 22-7 (Physical Organic Chemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 67

IT Decomposition

Decomposition catalysts

Epoxidation

Epoxidation catalysts

Oxidation catalysts

Oxygenation

Safety

(pyridines as bifunctional cocatalysts in chromic acid-catalyzed oxygenation of olefins by tert-Bu hydroperoxide)

IT 75-91-2, tert-Butyl hydroperoxide 110-83-8, Cyclohexene, reactions 645-49-8, Z-Stilbene

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(pyridines as bifunctional cocatalysts in chromic acid-catalyzed oxygenation of olefins by tert-Bu hydroperoxide)

IT 930-68-7P, 2-Cyclohexen-1-one 1689-71-0P, Oxirane, 2,3-diphenyl-, cis-

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(pyridines as bifunctional cocatalysts in chromic acid-catalyzed oxygenation of olefins by tert-Bu hydroperoxide)

IT 1333-82-0, Chromium trioxide

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(pyridines as bifunctional cocatalysts in chromium trioxide-catalyzed oxygenation of olefins by tert-Bu hydroperoxide)

IT 75-91-2, tert-Butyl hydroperoxide 645-49-8, Z-Stilbene

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(pyridines as bifunctional cocatalysts in chromic acid-catalyzed oxygenation of olefins by tert-Bu hydroperoxide)

RN 75-91-2 HCAPLUS

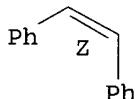
CN Hydroperoxide, 1,1-dimethylethyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO—O—Bu-t

RN 645-49-8 HCAPLUS

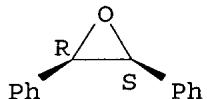
CN Benzene, 1,1'-(1Z)-1,2-ethenediylbis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

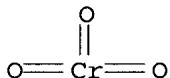


IT 1689-71-0P, Oxirane, 2,3-diphenyl-, cis-
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (pyridines as bifunctional cocatalysts in chromic acid-catalyzed
 oxygenation of olefins by tert-Bu hydroperoxide)
 RN 1689-71-0 HCPLUS
 CN Oxirane, 2,3-diphenyl-, (2R,3S)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



IT 1333-82-0, Chromium trioxide
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (pyridines as bifunctional cocatalysts in chromium trioxide-catalyzed
 oxygenation of olefins by tert-Bu hydroperoxide)
 RN 1333-82-0 HCPLUS
 CN Chromium oxide (CrO₃) (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 37 THERE ARE 37 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 15 OF 26 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:157939 HCPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:192786
 TITLE: Metal-Catalyzed Oxidations with Pinane Hydroperoxide:
 A Mechanistic Probe To Distinguish between Oxometal
 and Peroxometal Pathways
 AUTHOR(S): Lempers, H. E. B.; Ripolles i Garcia, A.; Sheldon, R.
 A.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Organic Chemistry and Catalysis, Delft
 University of Technology, Delft, 2628 BL, Neth.
 SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1998), 63(5), 1408-1413
 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 128:192786
 AB The relative reactivities of tert-Bu hydroperoxide (TBHP) and pinane
 hydroperoxide (PHP) in metal (Cr, Mo, Ru, Se, V, and Zr)-catalyzed oxidns.
 were compared. When these oxidns. involve rate-limiting oxygen transfer
 from a peroxometal species to the substrate huge differences between TBHP
 and PHP were observed, e.g., molybdenum-catalyzed epoxidn. of cyclohexene
 with TBHP gave a 98% yield while PHP gave 0%. When the reaction involves
 reaction of an oxometal species with the substrate as the rate-limiting
 step, little or no difference is observed, e.g., the selenium-catalyzed
 allylic oxidation of β -pinene gave a 96% and 99% yield with TBHP and

PHP, resp. Small but significant differences are observed when reoxidn. of the catalyst by the hydroperoxide to the active oxometal species is the rate-limiting step; e.g., the chromium-catalyzed oxidation of carveol gave carvone in 89% and 24% yield with TBHP and PHP, resp. Hence, the effect of RO₂H structure on rate is dependent on the rate-limiting step.

CC, 30-10 (Terpenes and Terpenoids)

Section cross-reference(s): 22

IT **Epoxidation**

Oxidation catalysts

Oxidizing agents

Reaction mechanism

(mechanistic study of metal-catalyzed oxidns. with pinane hydroperoxide)

IT 3153-26-2 7446-08-4, Selenium dioxide 10049-08-8, Ruthenium trichloride 13939-06-5, Molybdenum hexacarbonyl 20816-12-0, Osmium tetroxide 21679-31-2, Chromium acetylacetone 23519-77-9, Zirconium propoxide

RL: **CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)**

(mechanistic study of metal-catalyzed oxidns. with pinane hydroperoxide)

IT 75-91-2, tert-Butyl hydroperoxide 78-70-6, Linalool
80-56-8, α-Pinene 98-83-9, α-Methylstyrene,
reactions 106-24-1, Geraniol 106-25-2, Nerol
107-18-6, Allyl alcohol, reactions 110-83-8, Cyclohexene,
reactions 127-91-3, β-Pinene 138-86-3, Limonene
504-61-0, trans-Crotyl alcohol 515-00-4, Myrtenol 554-61-0,
2-Carene 556-82-1, Prenol 816-79-5, 3-Ethyl-2-pentene
822-67-3, 2-Cyclohexen-1-ol 1197-06-4, cis-Carveol
1197-07-5, trans-Carveol 1490-04-6, Menthol 1686-14-2,
α-Pinene oxide 15918-08-8, 2-Propyl-1-pentene
28324-52-9, Pinane hydroperoxide 57650-65-4,
Methylenecyclohexene 93133-02-9, Sobrerol 8-acetate

RL: **RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)**

(mechanistic study of metal-catalyzed oxidns. with pinane hydroperoxide)

IT 99-49-0P, Carvone 5947-36-4P, Pinocarveol 53404-49-2P,
Pinane-2,3-diol

RL: **RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)**

(mechanistic study of metal-catalyzed oxidns. with pinane hydroperoxide)

IT 89-80-5P, Menthone 141-27-5P, Geranial 286-20-4P, Cyclohexene oxide
556-52-5P, Glycidol 931-17-9P, Cyclohexane-1,2-diol
1192-78-5P, 2,3-Epoxycyclohexanol 1195-92-2P, 2,3-Epoxy-p-menth-8-ene
4065-80-9P, 2-Methylenecyclohexanol 4217-66-7P, 2-Phenylpropane-1,2-diol
6006-81-1P, 2-Phenylallyl alcohol 15249-34-0P, Linalool
1,2-epoxide 18511-56-3P, 3,3-Dimethyloxirane-2-methanol
22520-28-1P, trans-3-Methyloxirane-2-methanol 62960-04-7P
, Geraniol 2,3-epoxide 71030-55-2P, Nerol 2,3-epoxide
79951-98-7P, Pinocarveol epoxide 104320-46-9P, Myrtenol epoxide
202921-46-8P 202921-48-0P, 8-Hydroxy-2-carene 202921-49-1P,
2-Propyl-1-penten-3-ol 202921-51-5P, 3-Ethyl-3-penten-2-ol
203065-76-3P 203065-77-4P, trans-Carveol 1,6-epoxide

RL: **SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)**

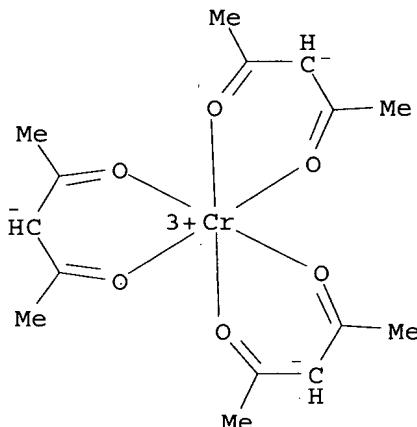
(mechanistic study of metal-catalyzed oxidns. with pinane hydroperoxide)

IT 21679-31-2, Chromium acetylacetone

RL: **CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)**

(mechanistic study of metal-catalyzed oxidns. with pinane

RN hydroperoxide)
 RN 21679-31-2 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium, tris(2,4-pentanedionato- κ O, κ O')-, (OC-6-11)- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

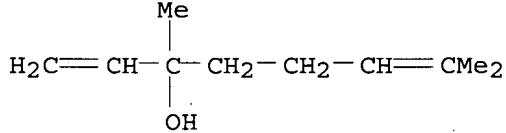


IT 75-91-2, tert-Butyl hydroperoxide 78-70-6, Linalool
 98-83-9, α -Methylstyrene, reactions 106-24-1,
 Geraniol 106-25-2, Nerol 107-18-6, Allyl alcohol,
 reactions 138-86-3, Limonene 504-61-0, trans-Crotyl
 alcohol 556-82-1, Prenol 816-79-5, 3-Ethyl-2-pentene
 1197-06-4, cis-Carveol 1197-07-5, trans-Carveol
 15918-08-8, 2-Propyl-1-pentene 28324-52-9, Pinane
 hydroperoxide
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (mechanistic study of metal-catalyzed oxidns. with pinane
 hydroperoxide)

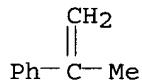
RN 75-91-2 HCAPLUS
 CN Hydroperoxide, 1,1-dimethylethyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO—O—Bu-t

RN 78-70-6 HCAPLUS
 CN 1,6-Octadien-3-ol, 3,7-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



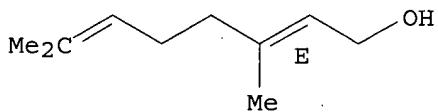
RN 98-83-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Benzene, (1-methylethenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 106-24-1 HCPLUS

CN 2,6-Octadien-1-ol, 3,7-dimethyl-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

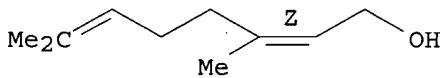
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 106-25-2 HCPLUS

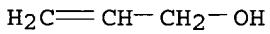
CN 2,6-Octadien-1-ol, 3,7-dimethyl-, (2Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



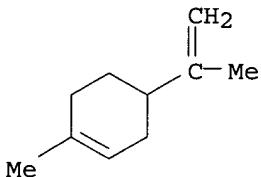
RN 107-18-6 HCPLUS

CN 2-Propen-1-ol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 138-86-3 HCPLUS

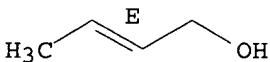
CN Cyclohexene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



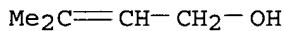
RN 504-61-0 HCPLUS

CN 2-Buten-1-ol, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

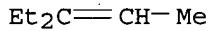
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 556-82-1 HCPLUS
 CN 2-Buten-1-ol, 3-methyl- (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

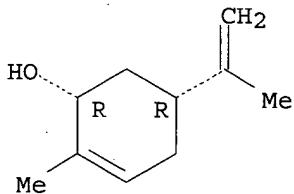


RN 816-79-5 HCPLUS
 CN 2-Pentene, 3-ethyl- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



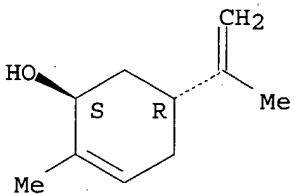
RN 1197-06-4 HCPLUS
 CN 2-Cyclohexen-1-ol, 2-methyl-5-(1-methylethenyl)-, (1R,5R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

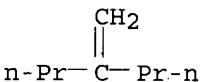


RN 1197-07-5 HCPLUS
 CN 2-Cyclohexen-1-ol, 2-methyl-5-(1-methylethenyl)-, (1R,5S)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

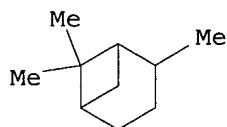


RN 15918-08-8 HCPLUS
 CN Heptane, 4-methylene- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 28324-52-9 HCPLUS

CN Hydroperoxide, 2,6,6-trimethylbicyclo[3.1.1]heptyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



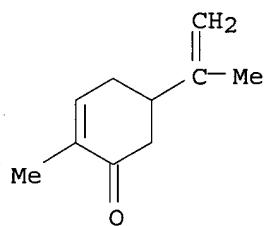
D1—O—OH

IT 99-49-0P, Carvone

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (mechanistic study of metal-catalyzed oxidns. with pinane hydroperoxide)

RN 99-49-0 HCPLUS

CN 2-Cyclohexen-1-one, 2-methyl-5-(1-methylethenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



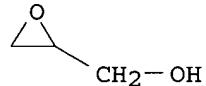
IT 556-52-5P, Glycidol 15249-34-0P, Linalool 1,2-epoxide

18511-56-3P, 3,3-Dimethyloxirane-2-methanol 22520-28-1P,
 trans-3-Methyloxirane-2-methanol 62960-04-7P, Geraniol
 2,3-epoxide 71030-55-2P, Nerol 2,3-epoxide

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (mechanistic study of metal-catalyzed oxidns. with pinane hydroperoxide)

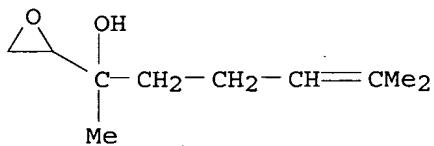
RN 556-52-5 HCPLUS

CN Oxiranemethanol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

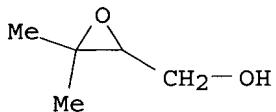


RN 15249-34-0 HCPLUS

CN Oxiranemethanol, α-methyl-α-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

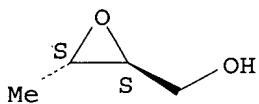


RN 18511-56-3 HCAPLUS
 CN Oxiranemethanol, 3,3-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



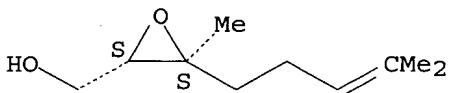
RN 22520-28-1 HCAPLUS
 CN Oxiranemethanol, 3-methyl-, (2R,3R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



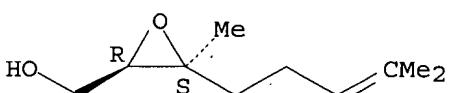
RN 62960-04-7 HCAPLUS
 CN Oxiranemethanol, 3-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)-, (2R,3R)-rel- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



RN 71030-55-2 HCAPLUS
 CN Oxiranemethanol, 3-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)-, (2R,3S)-rel- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT:

73

THERE ARE 73 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 16 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:607605 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:247604
 TITLE: Integrated process and catalysts for epoxidation
 INVENTOR(S): Crocco, Guy L.; Jubin, John C., Jr.; Zajacek, John G.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Arco Chemical Technology, L.P., USA
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 10 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 732327	A1	19960918	EP 1996-301645	19960311
EP 732327	B1	19990506		
R: AT, BE, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, NL				
US 5693834	A	19971202	US 1995-404657	19950315
IN 187024	A	20011229	IN 1996-CA335	19960226
CA 2170557	AA	19960916	CA 1996-2170557	19960228
JP 08245604	A2	19960924	JP 1996-68912	19960301
AT 179705	E	19990515	AT 1996-301645	19960311
ES 2133898	T3	19990916	ES 1996-301645	19960311
RU 2168504	C2	20010610	RU 1996-104554	19960314
CN 1138039	A	19961218	CN 1996-103129	19960315

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1995-404657 A 19950315
 AB Epoxides are produced by an integrated process involving the mol. oxygen oxidation of a secondary alc., separation of the ketone coproduct, and epoxidn. of

an olefin using the ketone-free oxidation product in the presence of a Ti silicalite catalyst and a methanol-containing diluent, where the methanol recovered from the epoxidn. product mixture serves as a source of methanol in the epoxidn. step.

IC ICM C07D301-12
 ICS C07D303-04

CC 27-2 (Heterocyclic Compounds (One Hetero Atom))
 Section cross-reference(s): 35, 45, 48, 67

IT **Epoxidation**
 (integrated process for epoxidn.)

IT 7440-02-0, Nickel, uses 7440-05-3, Palladium, uses 7440-06-4,
 Platinum, uses 7440-16-6, Rhodium, uses 7440-18-8, Ruthenium, uses
7440-47-3, Chromium, uses

RL: **CAT (Catalyst use)**; **USES (Uses)**
 (integrated process and catalysts for epoxidn.)

IT **75-56-9P**, Propylene oxide, preparation

RL: **IMF (Industrial manufacture)**; **SPN (Synthetic preparation)**; **PREP (Preparation)**
 (integrated process and catalysts for epoxidn.)

IT 67-63-0, Isopropanol, reactions **115-07-1**, Propylene, reactions
7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, reactions 7782-44-7, Oxygen,
 reactions

RL: **RCT (Reactant)**; **RACT (Reactant or reagent)**
 (integrated process and catalysts for epoxidn.)

IT **7440-47-3**, Chromium, uses

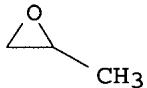
RL: **CAT (Catalyst use)**; **USES (Uses)**
 (integrated process and catalysts for epoxidn.)

RN 7440-47-3 HCAPLUS

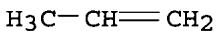
CN Chromium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Cr

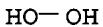
IT 75-56-9P, Propylene oxide, preparation
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
(Preparation)
 (integrated process and catalysts for epoxidn.)
 RN 75-56-9 HCPLUS
 CN Oxirane, methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 115-07-1, Propylene, reactions 7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, reactions
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (integrated process and catalysts for epoxidn.)
 RN 115-07-1 HCPLUS
 CN 1-Propene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

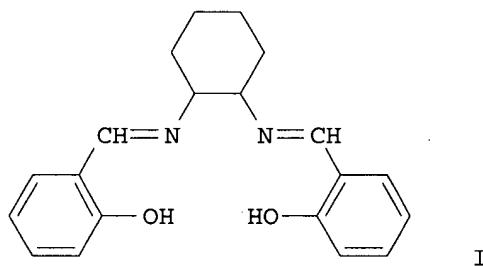


RN 7722-84-1 HCPLUS
 CN Hydrogen peroxide (H2O2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L49 ANSWER 17 OF 26 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:596108 HCPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:236922
 TITLE: Process for preparation of transition metal salicylaldimine complexes and their use in epoxidation and oxidation
 INVENTOR(S): Declan, Gilheany; Ryan, Kenneth; Dalton, Cormac;
 Langan, Ivan; Wall, Valine; Corr, David; Coyne,
 Eamonn; Furlong, Patrick; Bousquet, Claudine
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): University College Dublin, Ire.
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 52 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9624601	A1	19960815	WO 1996-IE5	19960212
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG				
RW: KP, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG				
AU 9646745	A1	19960827	AU 1996-46745	19960212
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			IE 1995-111	A 19950210
			WO 1996-IE5	W 19960212
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT 125:236922			
GI				



- AB HL and chiral nonracemic [MLQ]X and [MOLQ]X (M = transition metal; tetradentate or quinquedentate H₂L = R,R- and S,S-I and their derivs. and related ligands; Q = neutral donor ligand; X = nonnucleophilic anion) were prepared, in which Q is optically present. [MOLQ]X are useful for stereoselectively epoxidizing an alkene and for stereoselectively oxidizing a tertiary amine, an organic sulfide or a racemic tertiary phosphine.
- IC C07F011-00; C07F015-00; C07F007-00; C07F009-00; C07C251-00
- CC 78-7 (Inorganic Chemicals and Reactions)
Section cross-reference(s): 21, 25, 29
- IT **Epoxidation catalysts**
(stereoselective, transition metal Schiff base oxo complexes with neutral donor ligands for alkenes)
- IT 98-83-9, reactions 100-42-5, reactions 103-30-0
, trans-Stilbene 104-46-1, Anethole 447-53-0,
1,2-Dihydronaphthalene 766-90-5, Z-β-Methylstyrene
873-66-5 13269-52-8, trans-3-Hexene
- RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(catalytic epoxidn. in presence of chromium Schiff base complexes)
- IT 67-64-1DP, 2-Propanone, transition metal Schiff base oxo complexes
67-68-5DP, DMSO, transition metal Schiff base oxo complexes 68-12-2DP,
DMF, transition metal Schiff base oxo complexes 78-40-0DP, Triethyl phosphate, transition metal Schiff base oxo complexes 78-42-2DP,
Tris(2-ethylhexyl) phosphate, transition metal Schiff base oxo complexes 78-50-2DP, Trioctylphosphine oxide, transition metal Schiff base oxo complexes 91-20-3DP, Naphthalene, transition metal Schiff base oxo complexes 694-59-7DP, Pyridine oxide, transition metal Schiff base oxo complexes 791-28-6DP, Triphenylphosphine oxide, transition metal Schiff base oxo complexes 814-29-9DP, Tributylphosphine oxide, transition metal Schiff base oxo complexes 931-19-1DP, transition metal Schiff base oxo complexes 1003-73-2DP, transition metal Schiff base oxo complexes 1131-61-9DP, 4-Phenylpyridine oxide, transition metal Schiff base oxo

complexes 1330-78-5DP, Tritolyl phosphate, transition metal Schiff base oxo complexes 2528-39-4DP, Trihexyl phosphate, transition metal Schiff base oxo complexes 7440-47-3DP, Chromium, Schiff base complexes with neutral donor ligands 10025-87-3DP, Trichlorophosphine oxide, transition metal Schiff base oxo complexes 23897-17-8DP, Trimesitylphosphine oxide, transition metal Schiff base oxo complexes 26756-22-9DP, Benzyl-tert-butyl sulfoxide, transition metal Schiff base oxo complexes 181653-66-7DP, transition metal Schiff base oxo complexes 181658-21-9DP, transition metal Schiff base oxo complexes
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation and epoxidn. catalyst for alkenes)

IT 181652-11-9P

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation and use and epoxidn. for alkenes)

IT 171199-55-6P 171199-57-8P 171199-85-2P

181652-03-9P 181652-05-1P 181652-07-3P

181652-09-5P 181652-13-1P 181652-15-3P

181652-17-5P 181652-19-7P 181652-21-1P

181652-23-3P 181652-25-5P 181652-27-7P

181652-29-9P 181652-31-3P 181652-33-5P

181652-35-7P 181652-37-9P 181652-39-1P

181652-41-5P 181652-43-7P 181652-45-9P

181652-47-1P 181652-49-3P 181652-51-7P

181652-53-9P 181652-55-1P 181652-57-3P

181652-59-5P 181652-61-9P 181652-63-1P

181652-65-3P 181652-67-5P 181652-69-7P

181652-71-1P 181652-73-3P 181652-75-5P

181652-77-7P 181652-79-9P 181652-82-4P

181652-84-6P 181652-86-8P 181652-88-0P

181652-90-4P 181652-92-6P 181652-94-8P

181652-96-0P 181652-98-2P 181653-01-0P

181653-03-2P 181653-05-4P 181653-07-6P

181653-09-8P 181653-11-2P 181653-13-4P

181653-15-6P 181653-17-8P 181653-20-3P

181653-22-5P 181653-24-7P 181653-27-0P

181653-31-6P 181653-33-8P 181653-35-0P

181653-37-2P 181653-39-4P 181653-41-8P

181653-43-0P 181653-45-2P 181653-47-4P

181653-49-6P 181653-51-0P 181653-53-2P

181653-65-6P 181653-68-9P 181787-66-6P

181787-68-8P 181787-70-2P 181787-72-4P

181787-74-6P 181787-76-8P 181787-78-0P

181787-80-4P 181787-82-6P 181787-84-8P

181787-86-0P

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation and use as epoxidn. catalysts for alkenes)

IT 96-09-3P, Phenyl oxirane 2085-88-3P 4518-66-5P

14212-53-4P 14212-54-5P 17619-97-5P

27415-21-0P 51410-46-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation by catalytic epoxidn. of alkene in presence of chromium Schiff base complexes)

IT 110-86-1, Pyridine, reactions 536-80-1, Iodosylbenzene 937-14-4

, m-Chloroperbenzoic acid 7529-22-8, N-Methylmorpholine oxide

7601-89-0, Sodium perchlorate 7782-44-7, Oxygen, reactions 7790-28-5,

Sodium periodate 10028-15-6, Ozone, reactions 13477-00-4, Barium

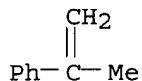
chlorate 14433-93-3, Iron(3+) hexacyanoferrate(3-) 14460-01-6,
 TriIron(2+) bis(hexacyanoferrate(3-)) 33497-30-2, Sodium perbromate
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reactant for catalytic epoxidn. of alkenes in presence of transition
 metal Schiff base complexes with neutral donor ligands)

IT 98-83-9, reactions 100-42-5, reactions 103-30-0
 , trans-Stilbene 104-46-1, Anethole 766-90-5,
 Z- β -Methylstyrene 873-66-5 13269-52-8,
 trans-3-Hexene

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (catalytic epoxidn. in presence of chromium Schiff base complexes)

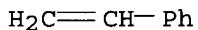
RN 98-83-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzene, (1-methylethenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 100-42-5 HCAPLUS

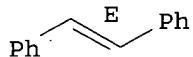
CN Benzene, ethenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 103-30-0 HCAPLUS

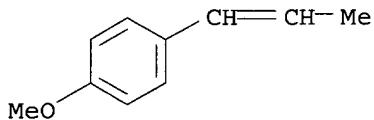
CN Benzene, 1,1'-(1E)-1,2-ethenediylbis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 104-46-1 HCAPLUS

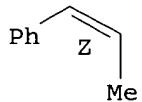
CN Benzene, 1-methoxy-4-(1-propenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 766-90-5 HCAPLUS

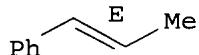
CN Benzene, (1Z)-1-propenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



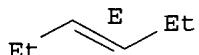
RN 873-66-5 HCAPLUS
 CN Benzene, (1E)-1-propenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 13269-52-8 HCAPLUS
 CN 3-Hexene, (3E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



IT 7440-47-3DP, Chromium, Schiff base complexes with neutral donor ligands
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (preparation and epoxidn. catalyst for alkenes)
 RN 7440-47-3 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

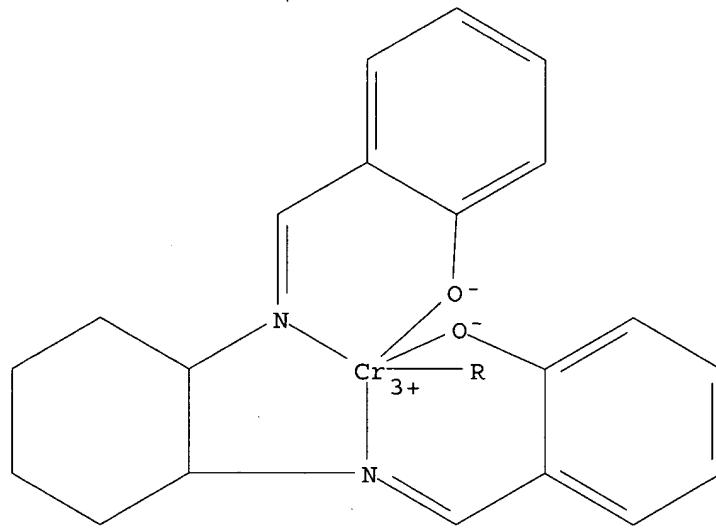
Cr

IT 181652-11-9P
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (preparation and use and epoxidn. for alkenes)
 RN 181652-11-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediylbis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[pheno lato]](2-)-N,N',O,O'] [1-methoxy-4-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]benzene-O4]-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

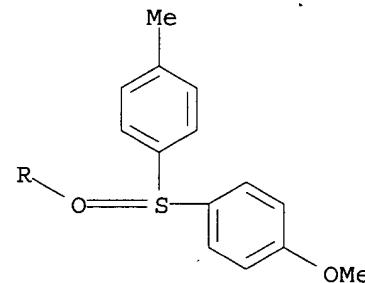
CM 1

CRN 181652-10-8
 CMF C34 H34 Cr N2 O4 S
 CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

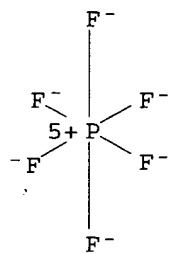


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



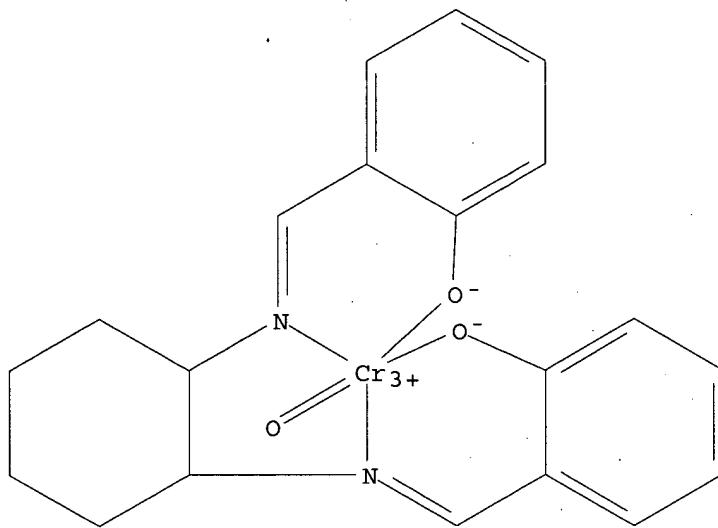
IT 171199-55-6P 171199-57-8P 171199-85-2P
181652-03-9P 181652-05-1P 181652-07-3P
181652-09-5P 181652-13-1P 181652-15-3P
181652-17-5P 181652-19-7P 181652-21-1P
181652-23-3P 181652-25-5P 181652-27-7P
181652-29-9P 181652-31-3P 181652-33-5P
181652-35-7P 181652-37-9P 181652-39-1P
181652-41-5P 181652-43-7P 181652-45-9P
181652-47-1P 181652-49-3P 181652-51-7P
181652-53-9P 181652-55-1P 181652-57-3P
181652-59-5P 181652-61-9P 181652-63-1P
181652-65-3P 181652-67-5P 181652-69-7P
181652-71-1P 181652-73-3P 181652-75-5P
181652-77-7P 181652-79-9P 181652-82-4P
181652-84-6P 181652-86-8P 181652-88-0P
181652-90-4P 181652-92-6P 181652-94-8P
181652-96-0P 181652-98-2P 181653-01-0P
181653-03-2P 181653-05-4P 181653-07-6P
181653-09-8P 181653-11-2P 181653-13-4P
181653-15-6P 181653-17-8P 181653-20-3P
181653-22-5P 181653-24-7P 181653-27-0P
181653-31-6P 181653-33-8P 181653-35-0P
181653-37-2P 181653-39-4P 181653-41-8P
181653-43-0P 181653-45-2P 181653-47-4P
181653-49-6P 181653-51-0P 181653-53-2P
181653-65-6P 181653-68-9P 181787-66-6P
181787-68-8P 181787-70-2P 181787-72-4P
181787-74-6P 181787-76-8P 181787-78-0P
181787-80-4P 181787-82-6P 181787-84-8P
181787-86-0P

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
(Preparation); USES (Uses)
(preparation and use as epoxidn. catalysts for alkenes)

RN 171199-55-6 HCAPLUS
CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1R,2R)-1,2-cyclohexanediylbis[(nitrilo-
κN)methylidyne]]bis[phenolato-κO]](2-)oxo-, (SP-5-23)-,
hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 171199-54-5
CMF C20 H20 Cr N2 O3
CCI CCS

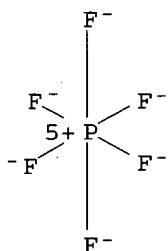


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 171199-57-8 HCPLUS

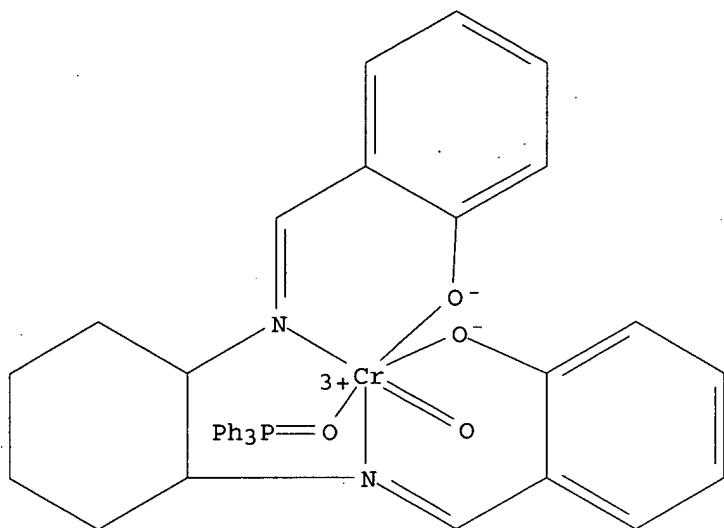
CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1R,2R)-1,2-cyclohexanediyldibis[(nitrilo- κ N)methylidyne]]bis[phenolato- κ O]](2-)oxo(triphenylphosphine oxide- κ O)-, (OC-6-34)-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 171199-56-7

CMF C38 H35 Cr N2 O4 P

CCI CCS

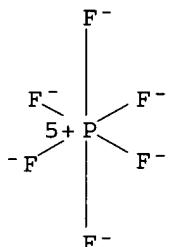


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 171199-85-2 HCAPLUS

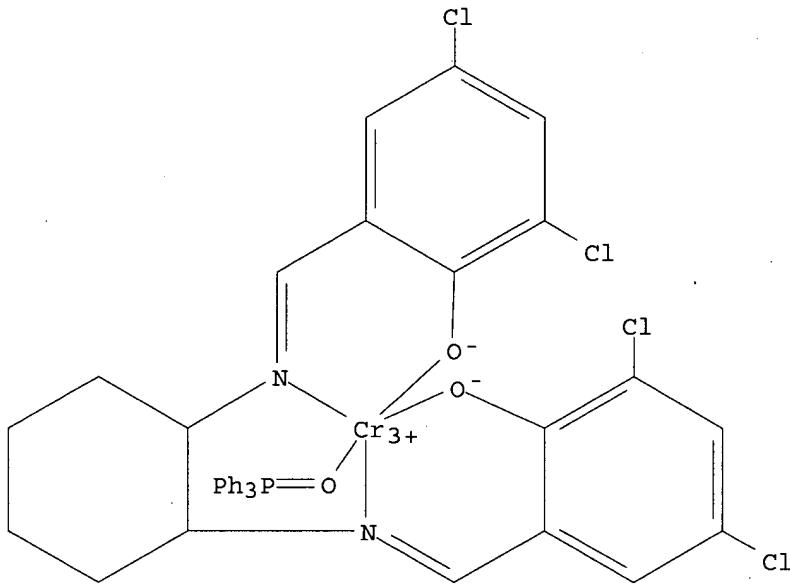
CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4,6-dichlorophenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O') (triphenylphosphine oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 171199-84-1

CMF C38 H31 Cl4 Cr N2 O3 P

CCI CCS

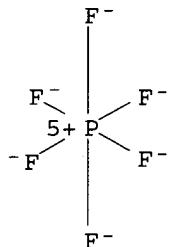


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181652-03-9 HCAPLUS

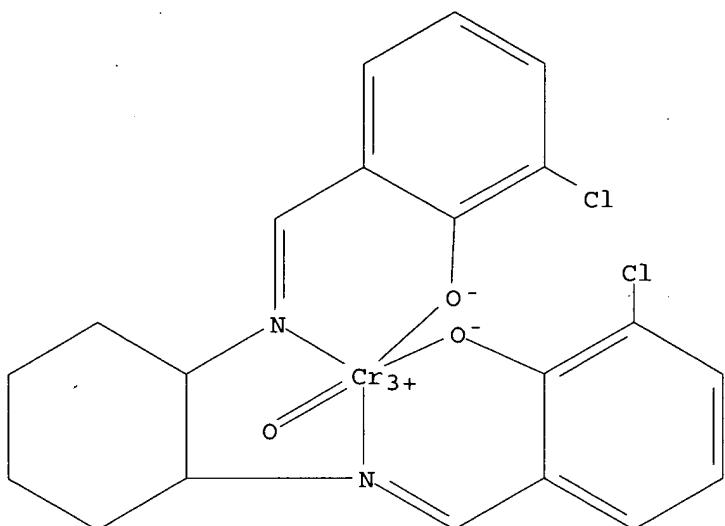
CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1R,2R)-1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis[(nitrilo- κN)methylidyne]]bis[6-chlorophenolato- κO](2-)oxo-, (SP-5-23)-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 181652-02-8

CMF C20 H18 Cl2 Cr N2 O3

CCI CCS

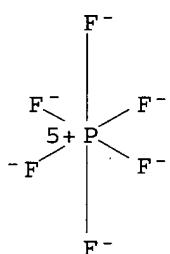


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181652-05-1 HCAPLUS

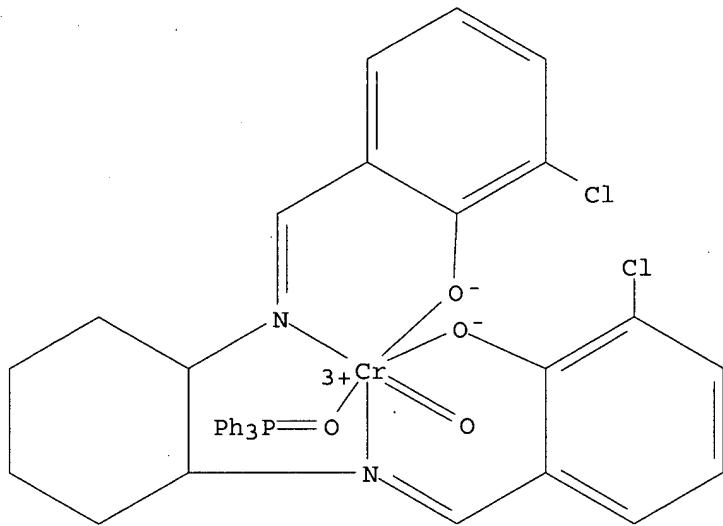
CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1R,2R)-1,2-cyclohexanediylyl bis[(nitrilo- κN)methylidyne]]bis[6-chlorophenolato- κO^-]](2-) oxo(triphenylphosphine oxide- κO^-), (OC-6-34)-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 181652-04-0

CMF C38 H33 Cl2 Cr N2 O4 P

CCI CCS

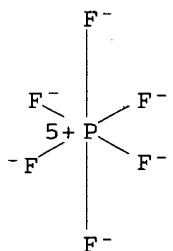


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181652-07-3 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[pheno lato]](2'-N,N',O,O') (methyl-1-naphthalenylphenylphosphine oxide-O)-; [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

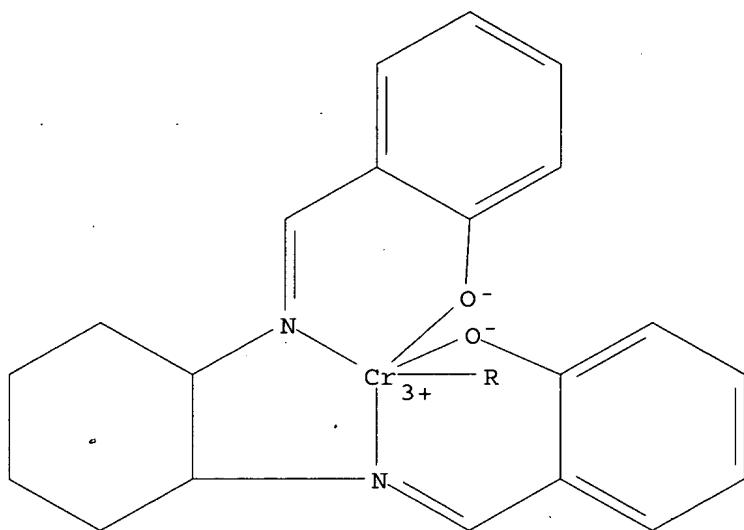
CM 1

CRN 181652-06-2

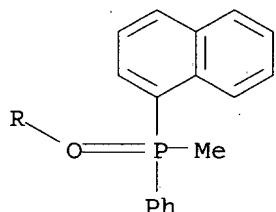
CMF C37 H35 Cr N2 O3 P

CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

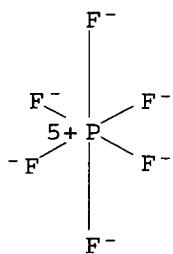


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



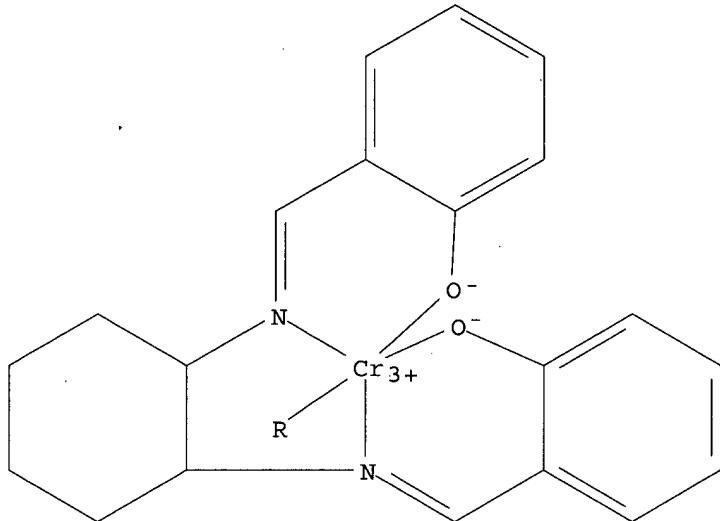
RN 181652-09-5 HCPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediylyl)bis(phenoxyoxy)](2-)-N,N',O,O'][[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)sulfinyl]methyl]benzene-O]-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

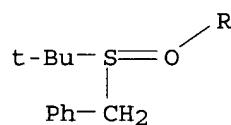
CM 1

CRN 181652-08-4
 CMF C31 H36 Cr N2 O3 S
 CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

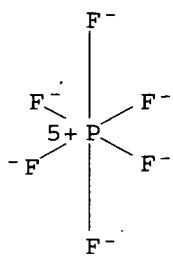


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS



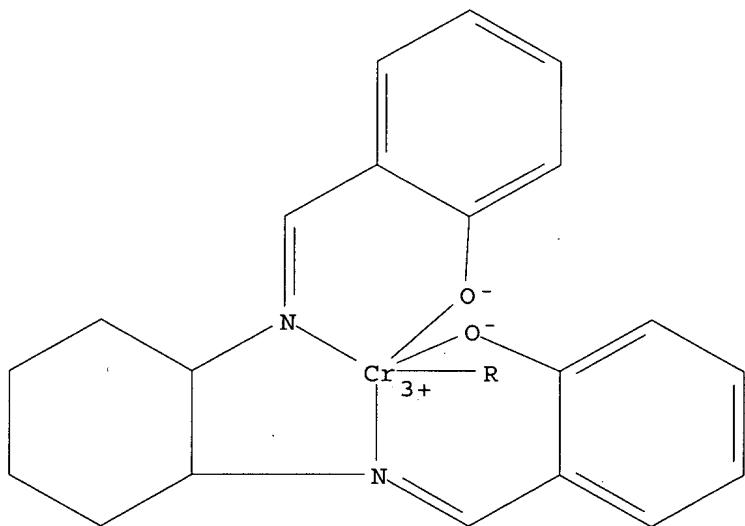
RN 181652-13-1 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyli]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[pheno
lato]](2-)-N,N',O,O'](3-methylpyridine 1-oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-,
hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

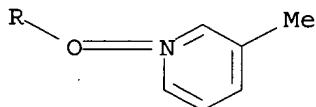
CM 1

CRN 181652-12-0
CMF C26 H27 Cr N3 O3
CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

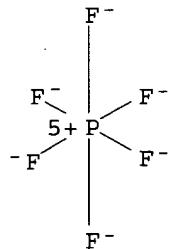


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS

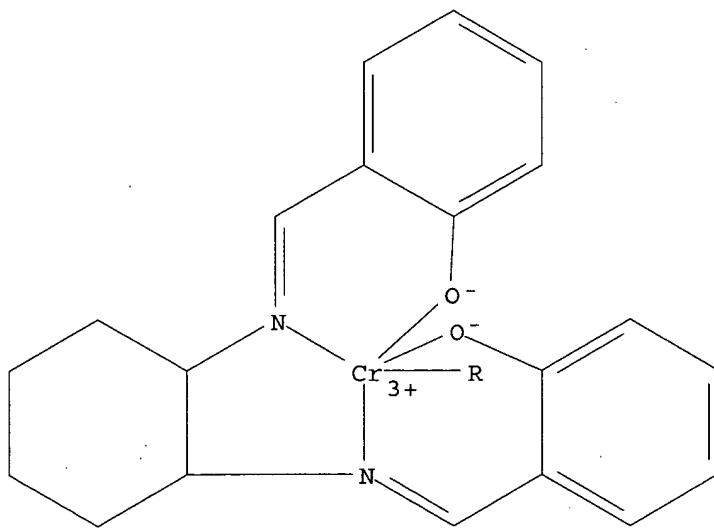


RN 181652-15-3 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2' - [1,2-cyclohexanediyl] bis(nitrilomethylidyne)] bis[pheno lato]](2-) -N,N',O,O'] [(4-methoxyphenyl)methylphenylphosphine oxide]-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

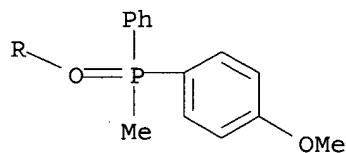
CM 1

CRN 181652-14-2
 CMF C34 H35 Cr N2 O4 P
 CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

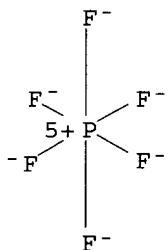


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181652-17-5 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[pheno lato]](2-)-N,N',O,O' [sulfinylbis[methane]-O]-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

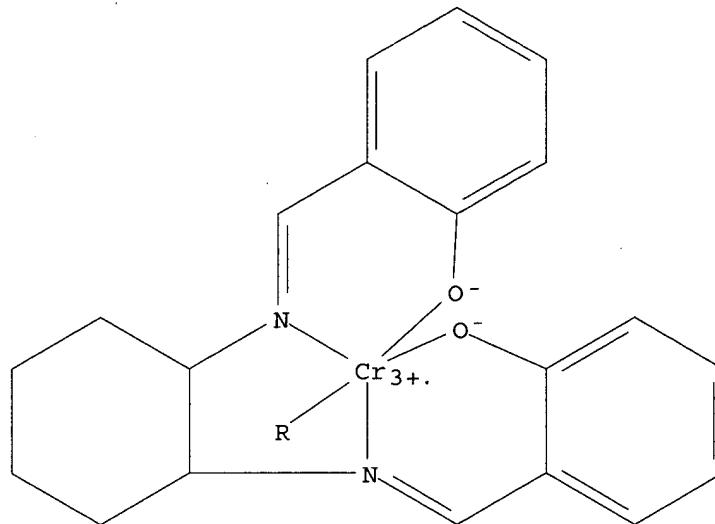
CM 1

CRN 181652-16-4

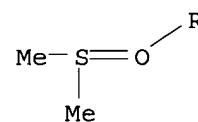
CMF C22 H26 Cr N2 O3 S

CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

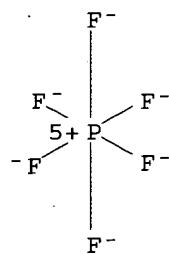


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS

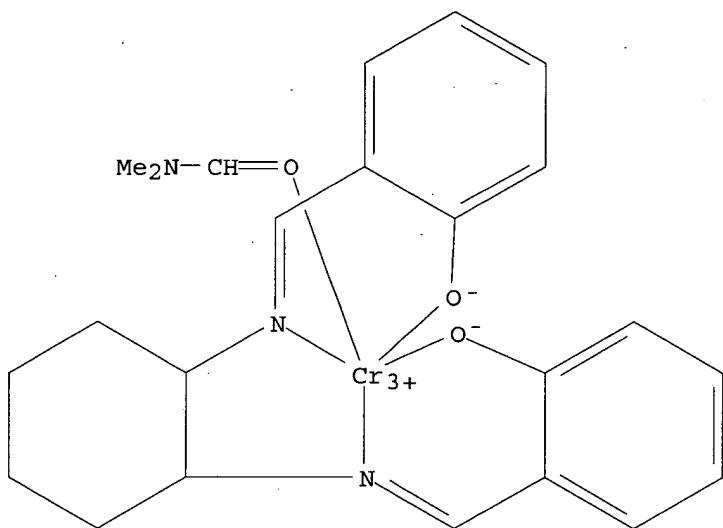


RN 181652-19-7 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[pheno lato]](2-) -N,N',O,O' (N,N-dimethylformamide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

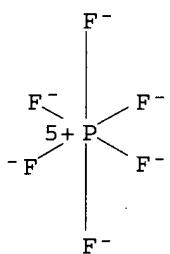
CM 1

CRN 181652-18-6
 CMF C23 H27 Cr N3 O3
 CCI CCS



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS



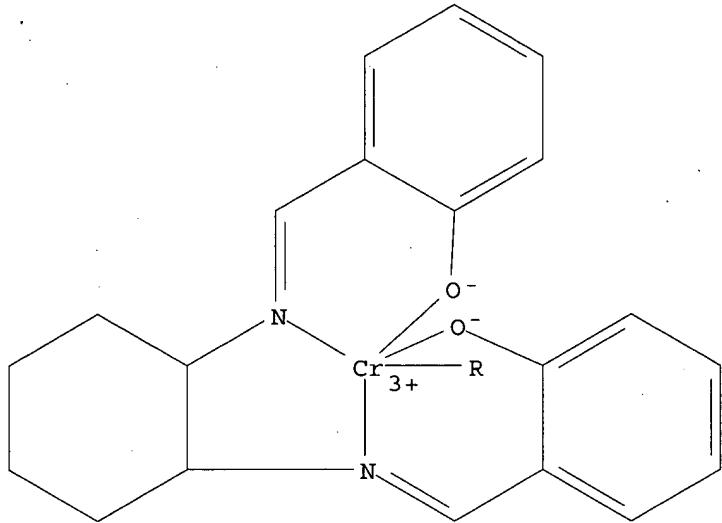
RN 181652-21-1 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[phenolate]](2-)-N,N',O,O'] (pyridine 1-oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

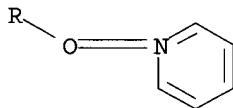
CRN 181652-20-0
 CMF C25 H25 Cr N3 O3

CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

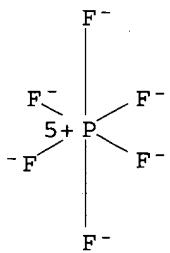


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS



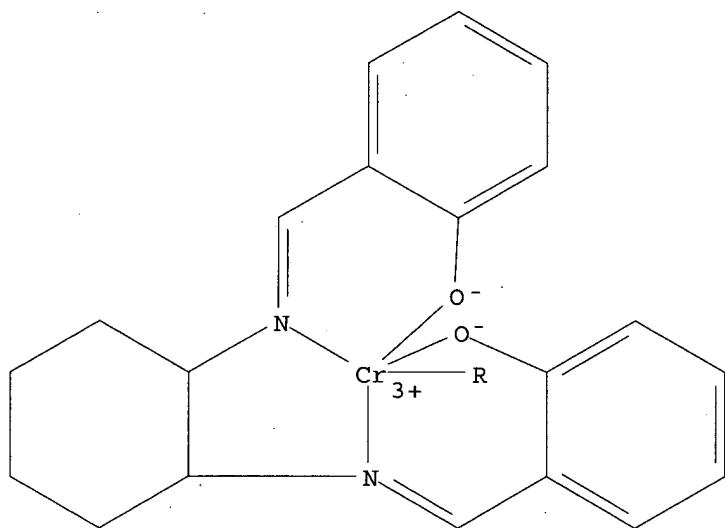
RN 181652-23-3 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[phenolate]](2-)-N,N',O,O' (2-methylpyridine 1-oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-,

hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

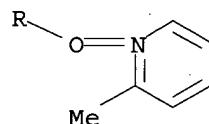
CM 1

CRN 181652-22-2
CMF C26 H27 Cr N3 O3
CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

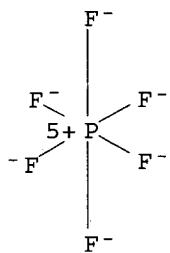


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
CMF F6 P
CCI CCS



RN 181652-25-5 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[pheno
lato]](2-)-N,N',O,O''] [tris(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)phosphine oxide-O]-,
[SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

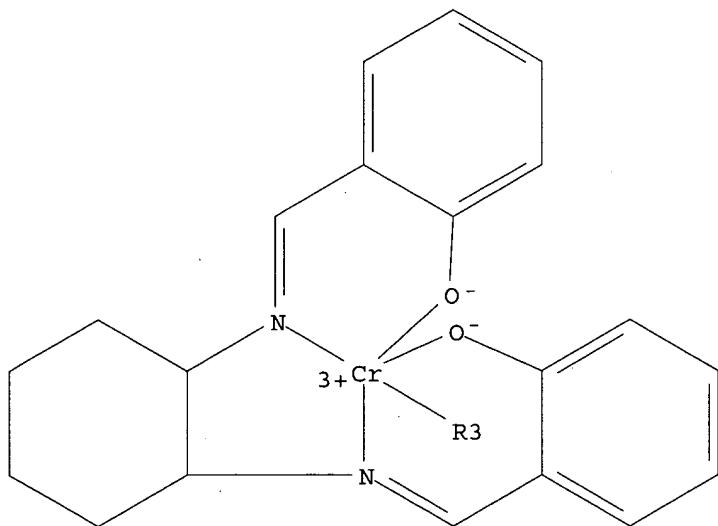
CM 1

CRN 181652-24-4

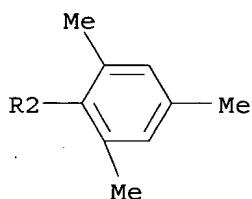
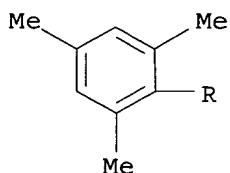
CMF C47 H53 Cr N2 O3 P

CCI CCS

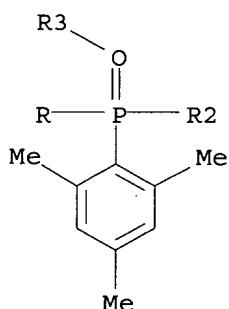
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

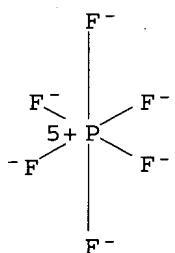


PAGE 3-A



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS



RN 181652-27-7 HCAPLUS

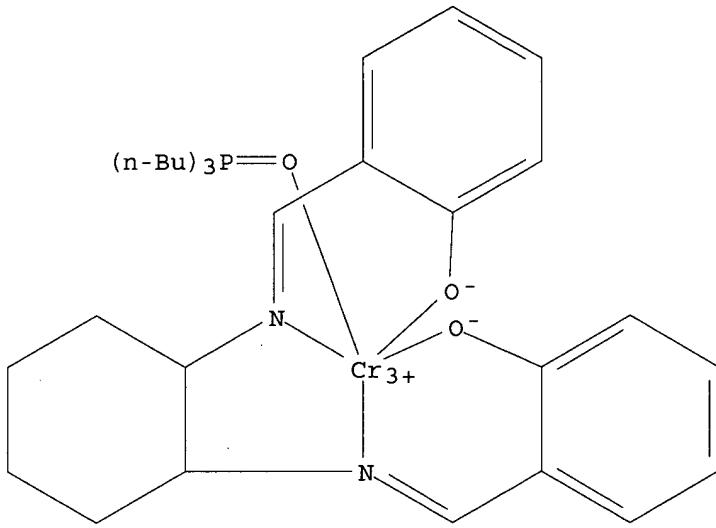
CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediylyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[phenolate]](2-)-N,N',O,O'] (tributylphosphine oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 181652-26-6

CMF C32 H47 Cr N2 O3 P

CCI CCS

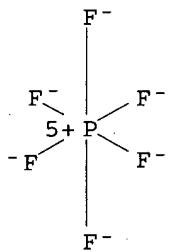


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



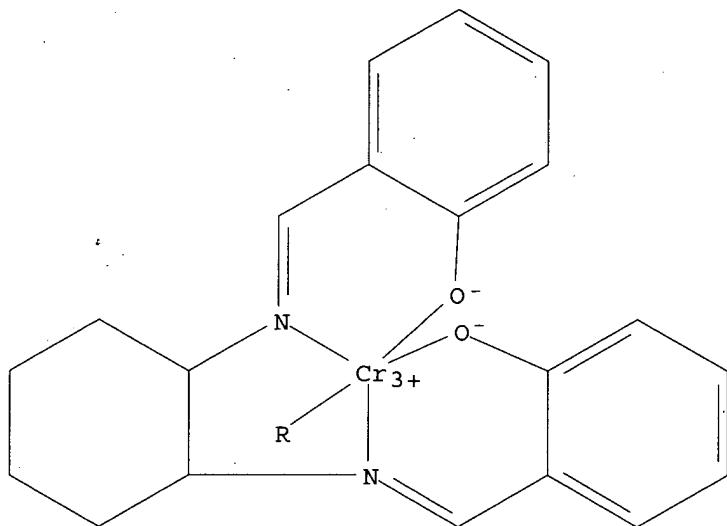
RN 181652-29-9 HCPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediylyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[phenolate]](2-)-N,N',O,O'] (trioctylphosphine oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

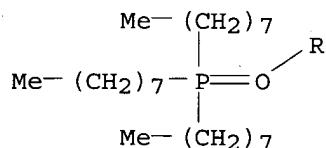
CM 1

CRN 181652-28-8
 CMF C44 H71 Cr N2 O3 P
 CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

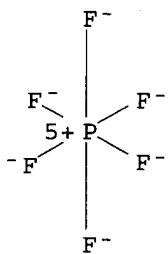


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS



RN 181652-31-3 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediylyl)bis(nitrilotriphosphorylmethyldyne)]bis[phenolate]](2-)-N,N',O,O'] (triethyl phosphate-O''')-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

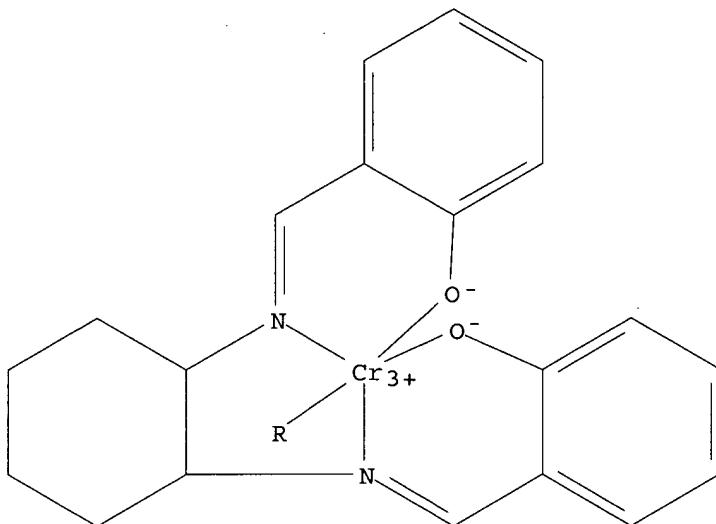
CM 1

CRN 181652-30-2

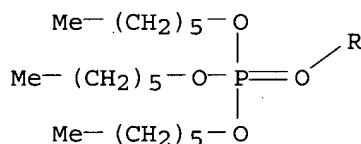
CMF C38 H59 Cr N2 O6 P

CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

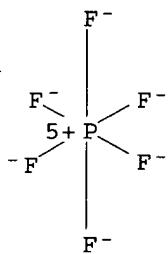


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181652-33-5 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediylyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[pheno
lato]](2-)-N,N',O,O'] [tris(4-methylphenyl) phosphate-O''']-,
[SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

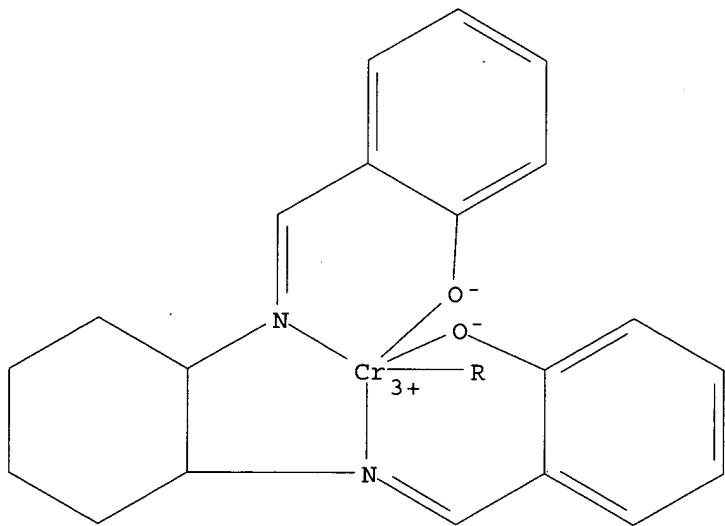
CM 1

CRN 181652-32-4

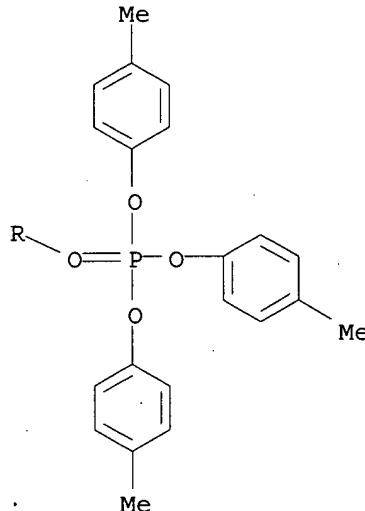
CMF C41 H41 Cr N2 O6 P

CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

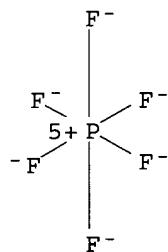


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181652-35-7 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[pheno
lato]](2-)-N,N',O,O'[tris(2-ethylhexyl) phosphate-O''']-,
[SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

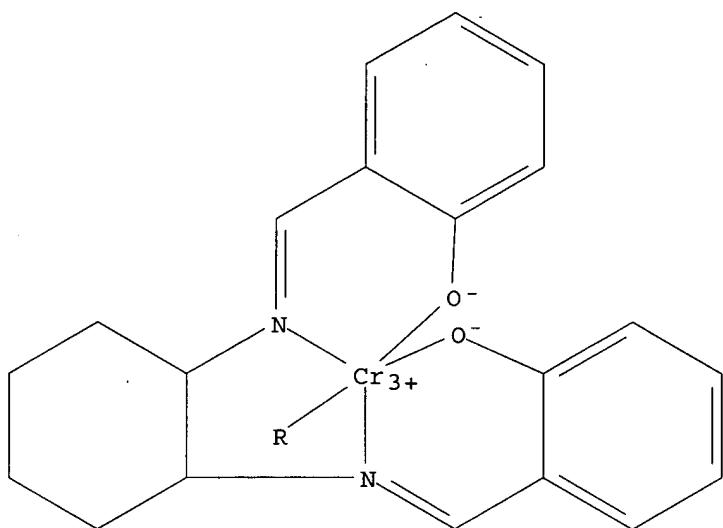
CM 1

CRN 181652-34-6

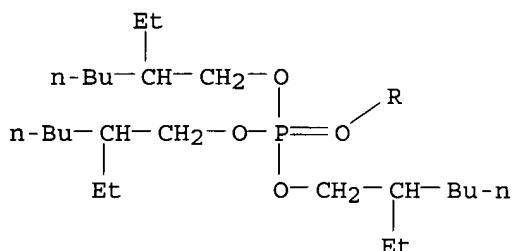
CMF C44 H71 Cr N2 O6 P

CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

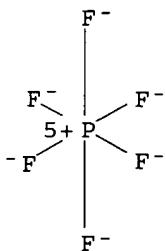


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS

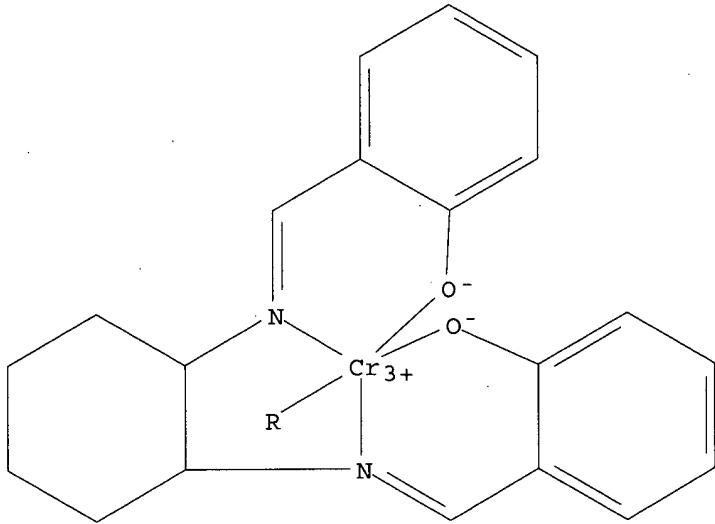


RN 181652-37-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyli)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[pheno
 lato]](2-)-N,N',O,O') (triethyl phosphate-O''')-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-,
 hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

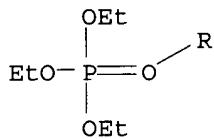
CM 1

CRN 181652-36-8
 CMF C26 H35 Cr N2 O6 P
 CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

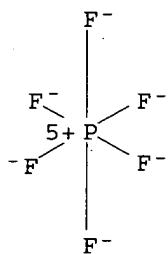


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS



RN 181652-39-1 HCPLUS

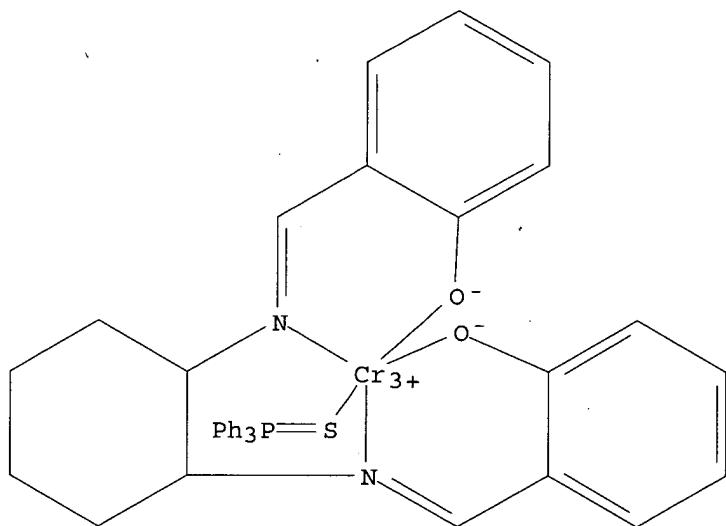
CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediylyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[pheno
lato]](2-)-N,N',O,O'] (triphenylphosphine sulfide-S)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-
, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 181652-38-0

CMF C38 H35 Cr N2 O2 P S

CCI CCS

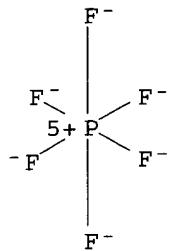


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181652-41-5 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[pheno lato]](2-)-N,N',O,O'][(4-methoxyphenyl)methylphenylphosphine sulfide-S]-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

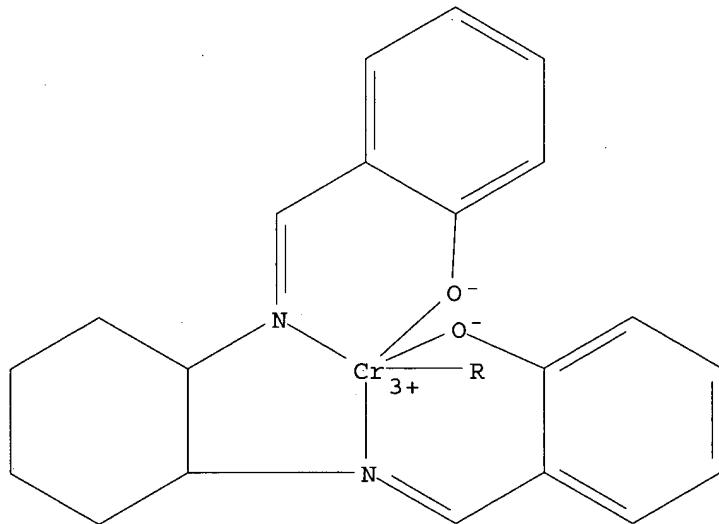
CM 1

CRN 181652-40-4

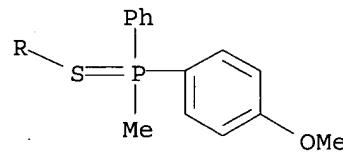
CMF C34 H35 Cr N2 O3 P S

CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

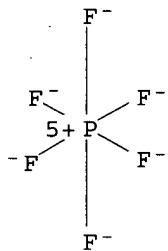


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS

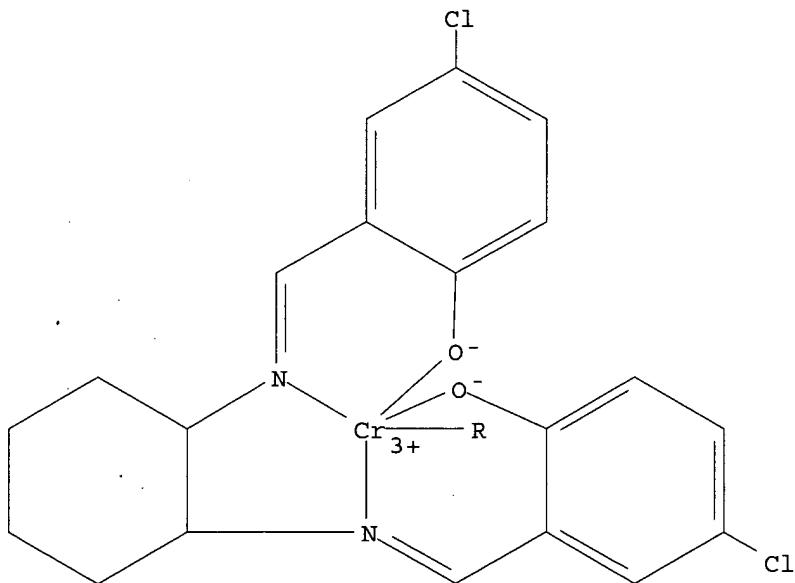


RN 181652-43-7 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4-chlorophenolato]](2-)N,N',O,O'][(4-methoxyphenyl)methylphenylphosphine oxide]-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

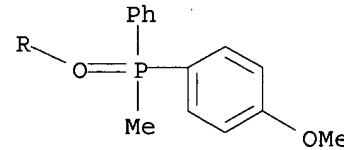
CM 1

CRN 181652-42-6
 CMF C34 H33 Cl2 Cr N2 O4 P
 CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

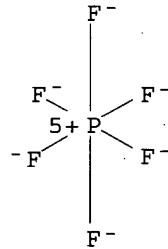


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS

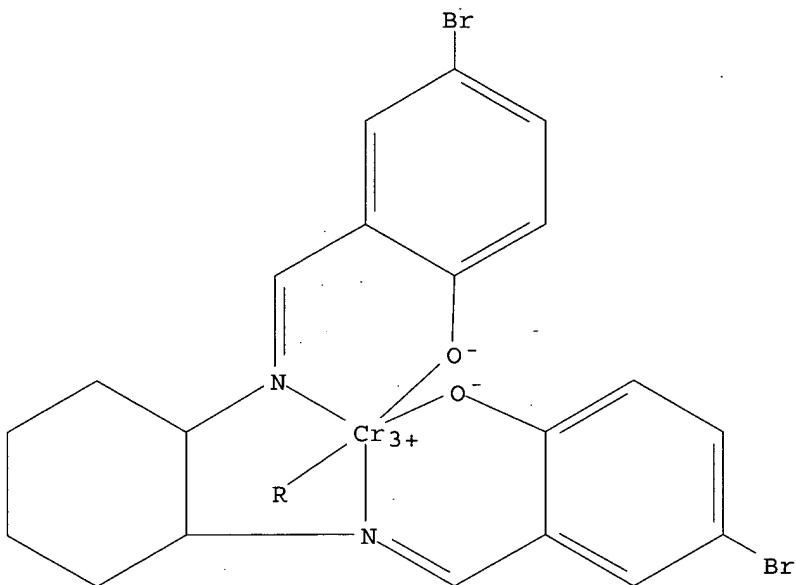


RN 181652-45-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4-bromophenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O' [sulfanyl bis[methane]-O]-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

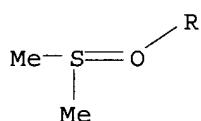
CM 1

CRN 181652-44-8
 CMF C22 H24 Br2 Cr N2 O3 S
 CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

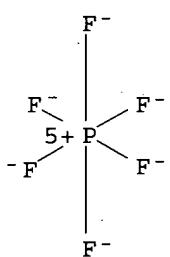


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



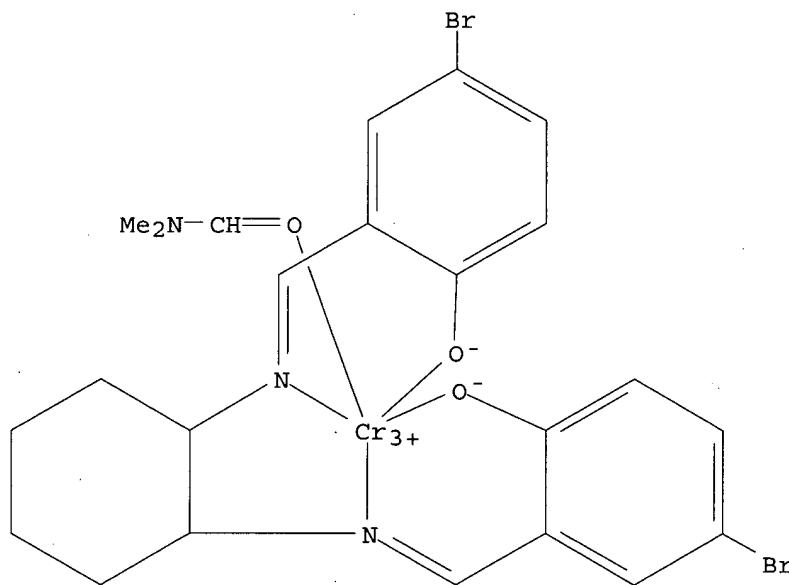
RN 181652-47-1 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyldiene]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4-

bromophenolato]] (2-) -N,N',O,O'] (N,N-dimethylformamide-O) -, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)] -, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

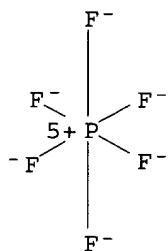
CM 1

CRN 181652-46-0
 CMF C23 H25 Br2 Cr N3 O3
 CCI CCS



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS

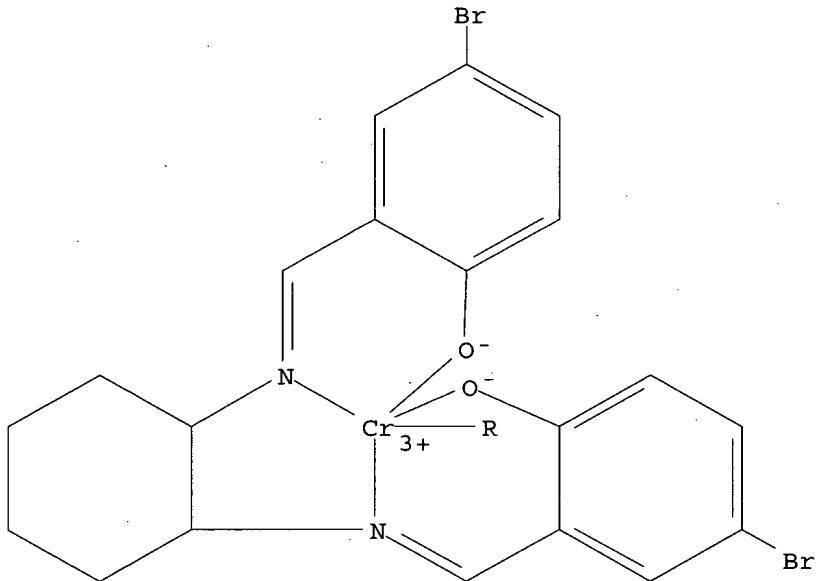


RN 181652-49-3 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4-bromophenolato]] (2-) -N,N',O,O'] (pyridine 1-oxide-O) -, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)] -, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

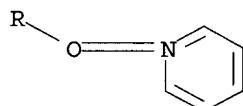
CM 1

CRN 181652-48-2
CMF C25 H23 Br2 Cr N3 O3
CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

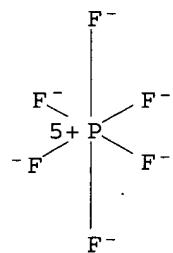


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
CMF F6 P
CCI CCS

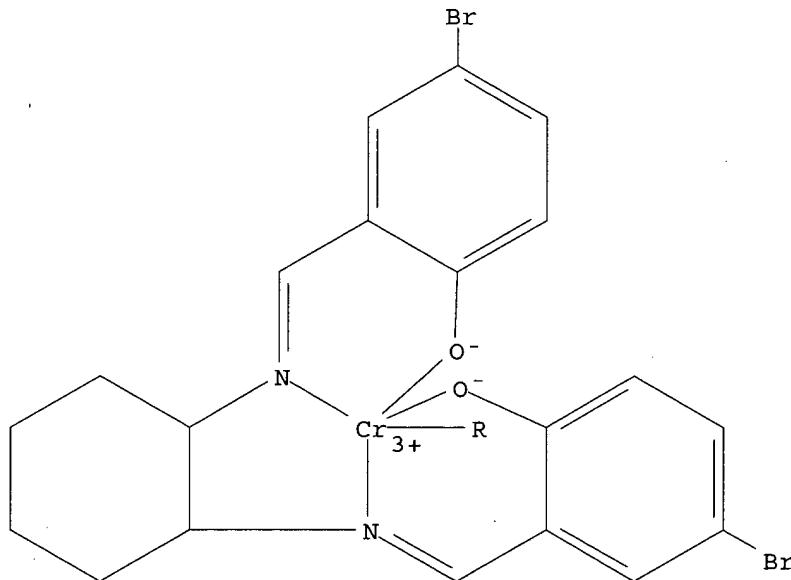


RN 181652-51-7 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4-bromophenolato]](2-)·N,N',O,O'(4-phenylpyridine 1-oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

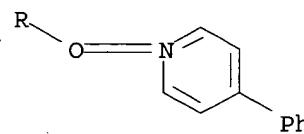
CM 1

CRN 181652-50-6
 CMF C31 H27 Br2 Cr N3 O3
 CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

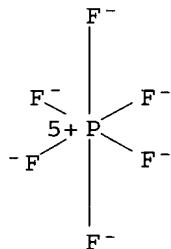


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS

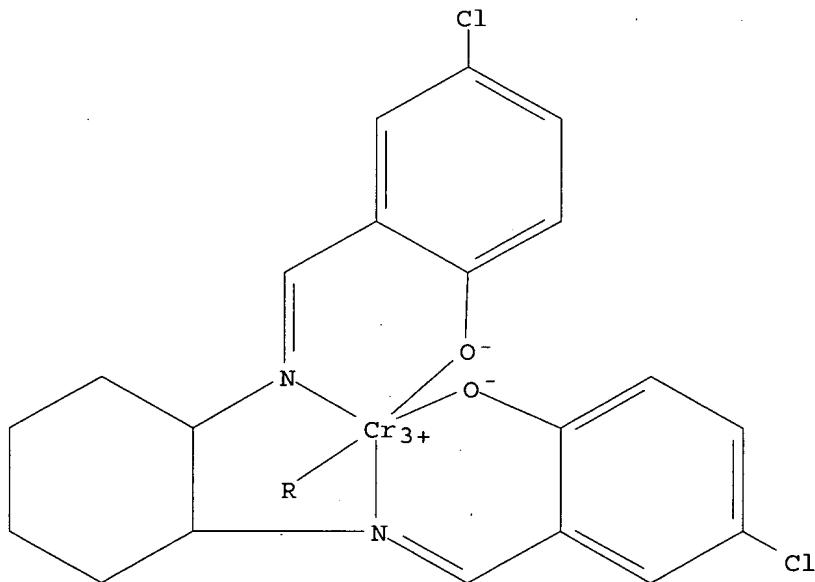


RN 181652-53-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyli)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4-chlorophenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O'[sulfinylbis[methane]-O]-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

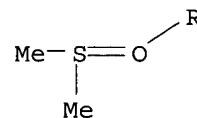
CM 1

CRN 181652-52-8
 CMF C22 H24 Cl2 Cr N2 O3 S
 CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

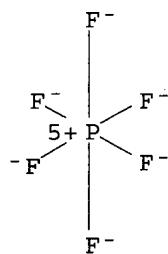


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181652-55-1 HCAPLUS

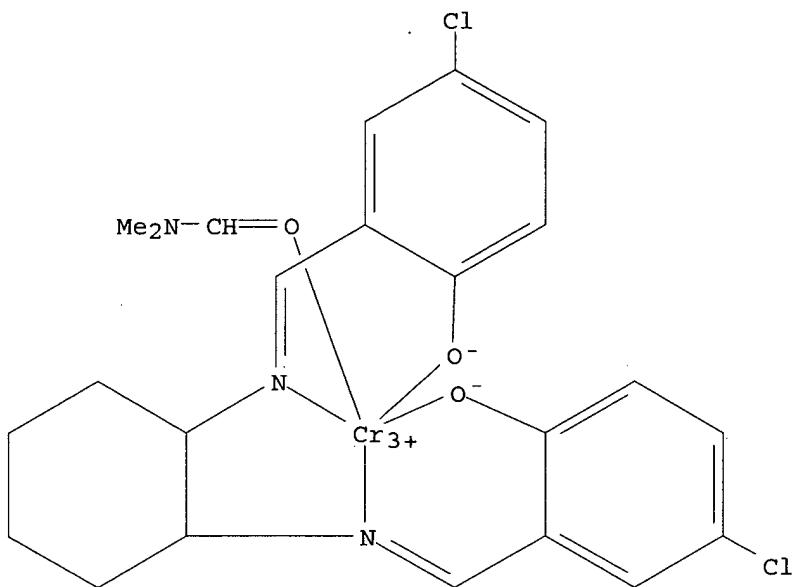
CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4-chlorophenolato]](2-)N,N',O,O' (N,N-dimethylformamide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 181652-54-0

CMF C23 H25 Cl2 Cr N3 O3

CCI CCS

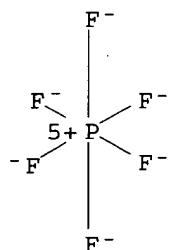


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181652-57-3 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyldienebis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4-chlorophenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O'] (pyridine 1-oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

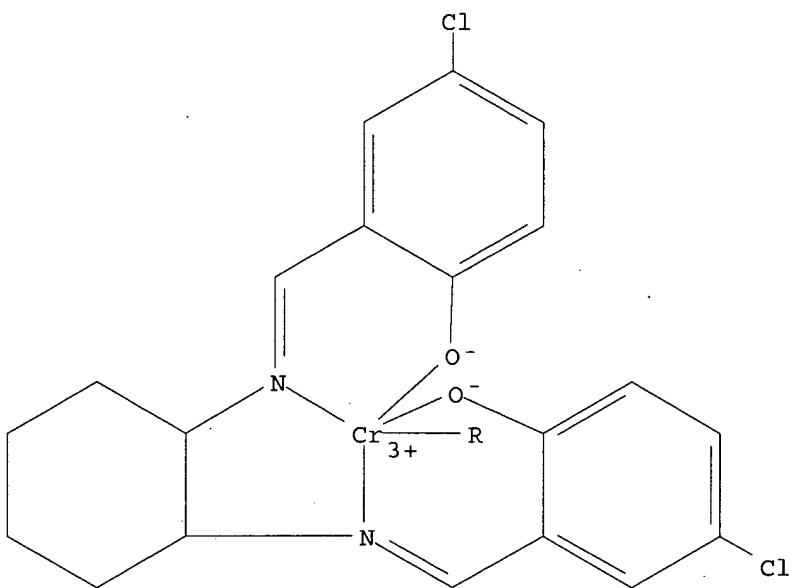
CM 1

CRN 181652-56-2

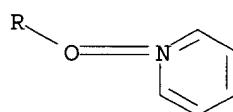
CMF C25 H23 Cl2 Cr N3 O3

CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

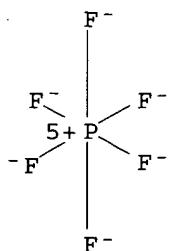


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181652-59-5 HCAPLUS

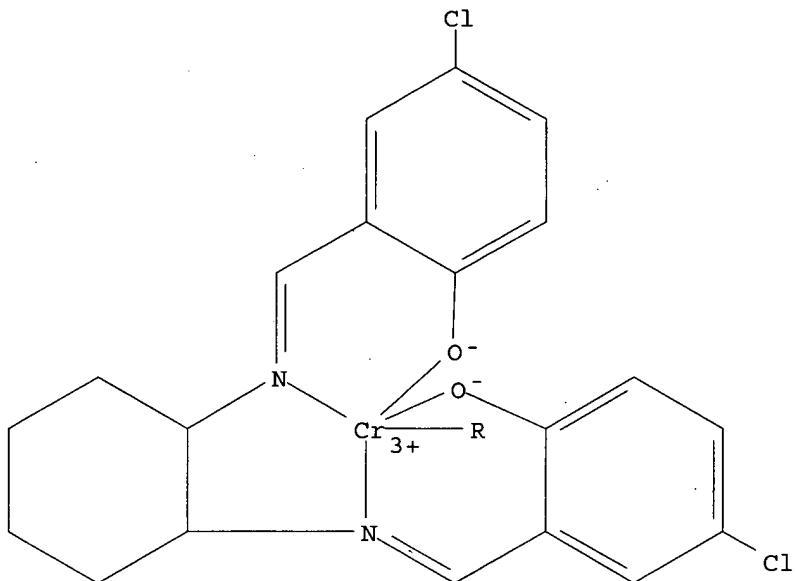
CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediy]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4-

chlorophenolato]] (2-) -N,N',O,O') (4-phenylpyridine 1-oxide-O)-,
[SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

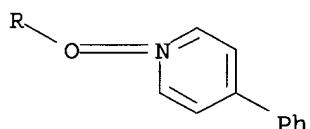
CM 1

CRN 181652-58-4
CMF C31 H27 Cl2 Cr N3 O3
CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

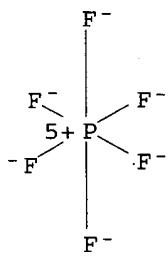


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
CMF F6 P
CCI CCS



RN 181652-61-9 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyli)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4-chlorophenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O'[5-methyl-2-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexylmethylphenylphosphinato-O']-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

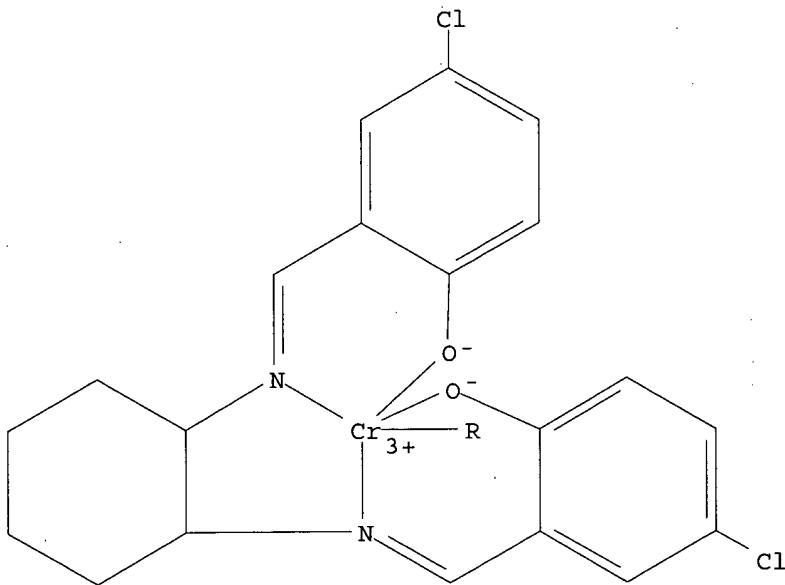
CM 1

CRN 181652-60-8

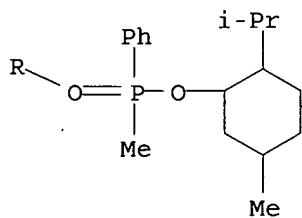
CMF C37 H45 Cl2 Cr N2 O4 P

CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

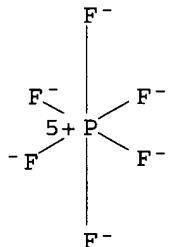


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181652-63-1 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediylbis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4,6-dichlorophenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O'](4-phenylpyridine 1-oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

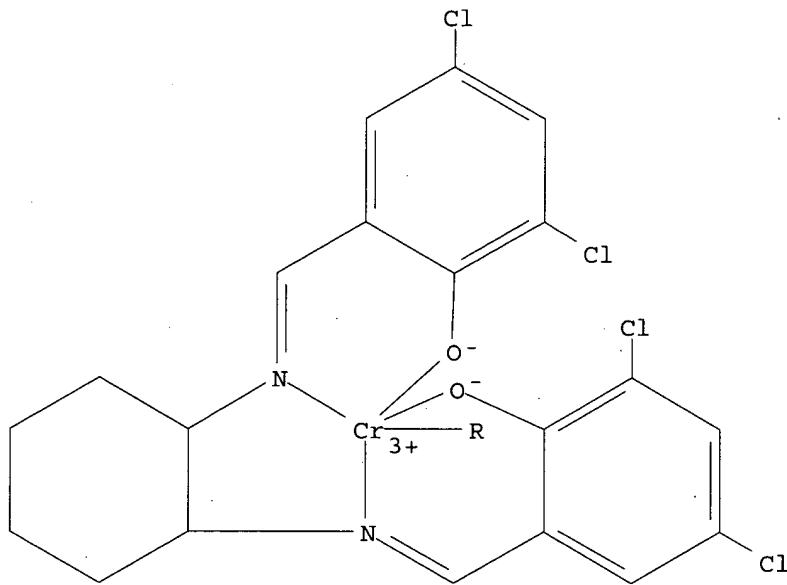
CM 1

CRN 181652-62-0

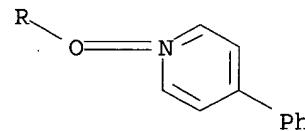
CMF C31 H25 Cl4 Cr N3 O3

CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

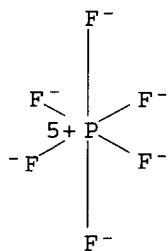


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181652-65-3 HCPLUS

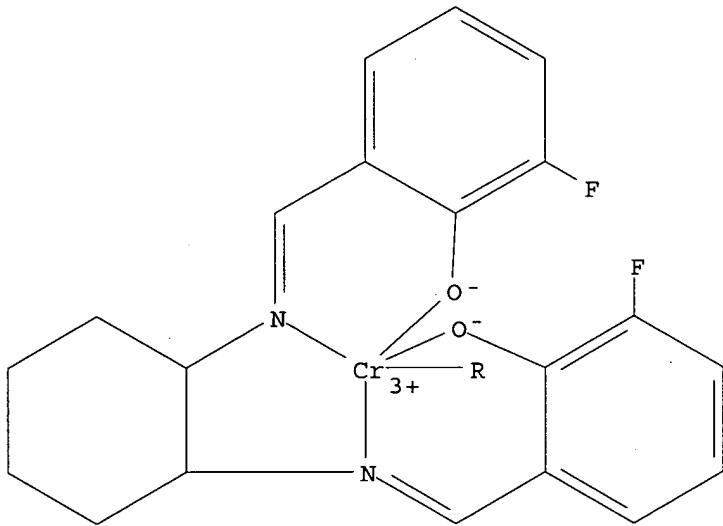
CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyldiene)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[6-

fluorophenolato] } (2-) -N,N',O,O'] (4-phenylpyridine 1-oxide-O)-,
 [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

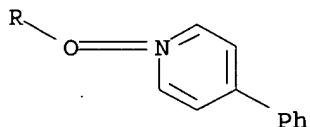
CM 1

CRN 181652-64-2
 CMF C31 H27 Cr F2 N3 O3
 CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

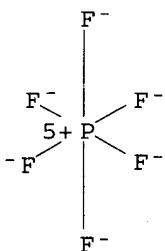


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

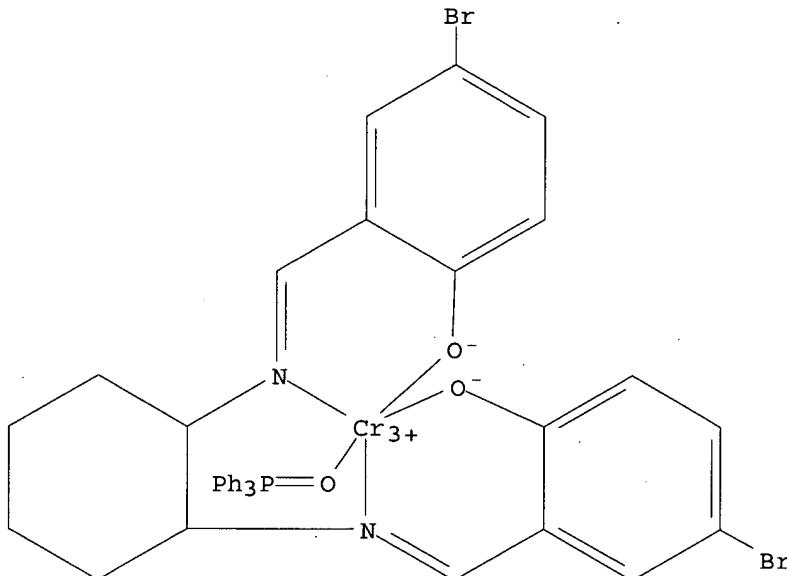
CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS



RN 181652-67-5 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4-bromophenolato]](2-)N,N',O,O' (triphenylphosphine oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

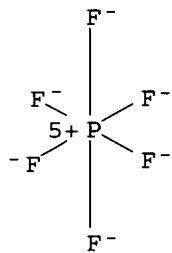
CM 1

CRN 181652-66-4
 CMF C38 H33 Br2 Cr N2 O3 P
 CCI CCS



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS

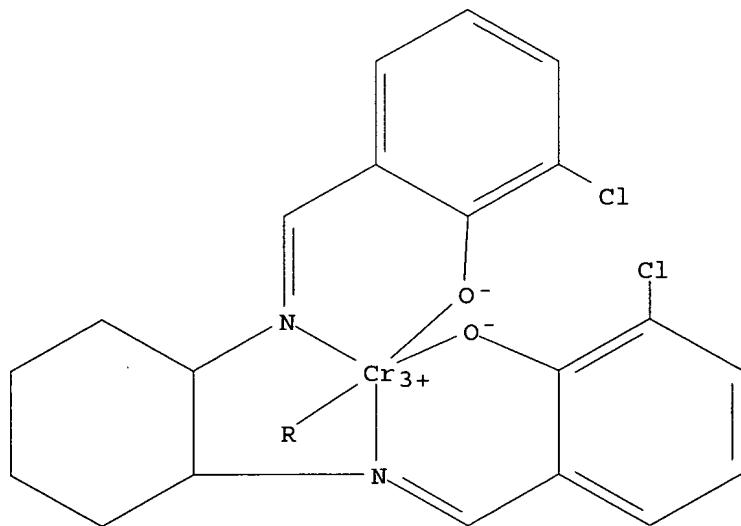


RN 181652-69-7 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediy]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[6-chlorophenolato]](2-)N,N',O,O' [sulfinylbis[methane]-O]-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

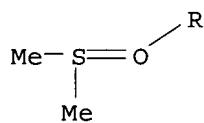
CM 1

CRN 181652-68-6
 CMF C22 H24 Cl2 Cr N2 O3 S
 CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

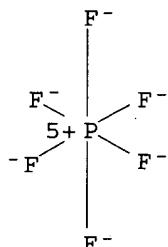


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

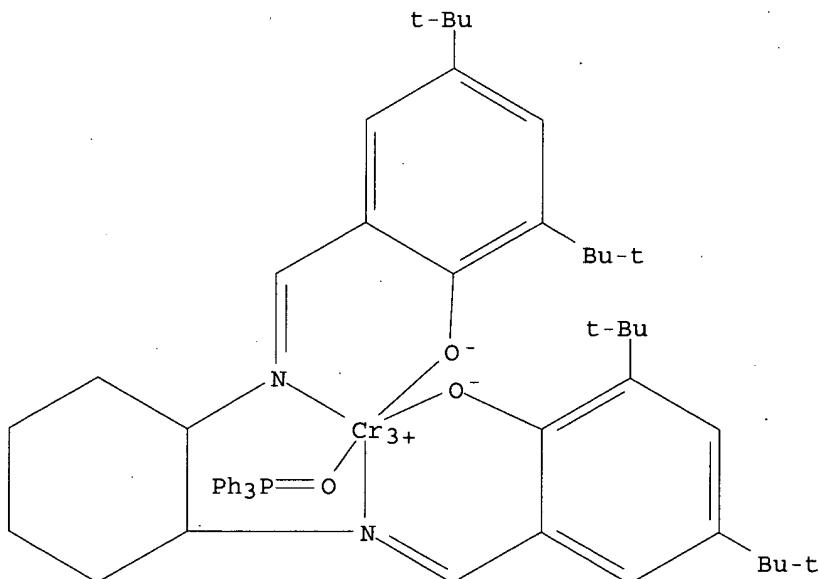
CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS



RN 181652-71-1 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenolato]](2-)N,N',O,O' (triphenylphosphine oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

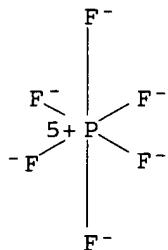
CM 1

CRN 181652-70-0
 CMF C54 H67 Cr N2 O3 P
 CCI CCS



CM 2

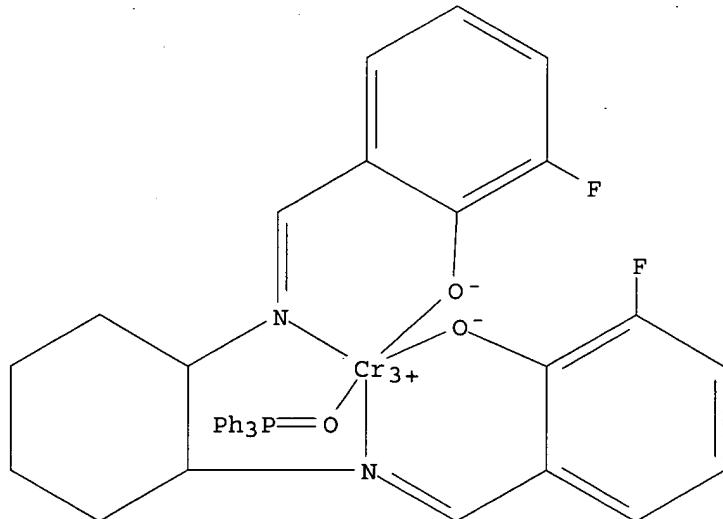
CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS



RN 181652-73-3 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[6-fluorophenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O'-(triphenylphosphine oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

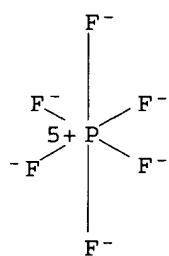
CM 1

CRN 181652-72-2
 CMF C38 H33 Cr F2 N2 O3 P
 CCI CCS



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS



RN 181652-75-5 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[6-chlorophenolato]](2--N,N',O,O')(4-phenylpyridine 1-oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

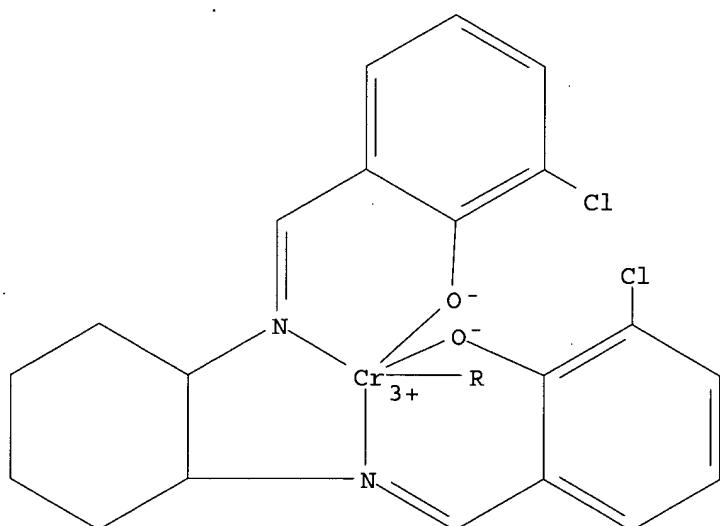
CM 1

CRN 181652-74-4

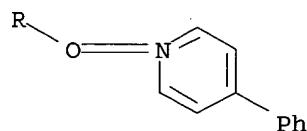
CMF C31 H27 Cl2 Cr N3 O3

CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

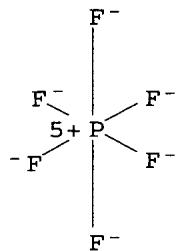


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS

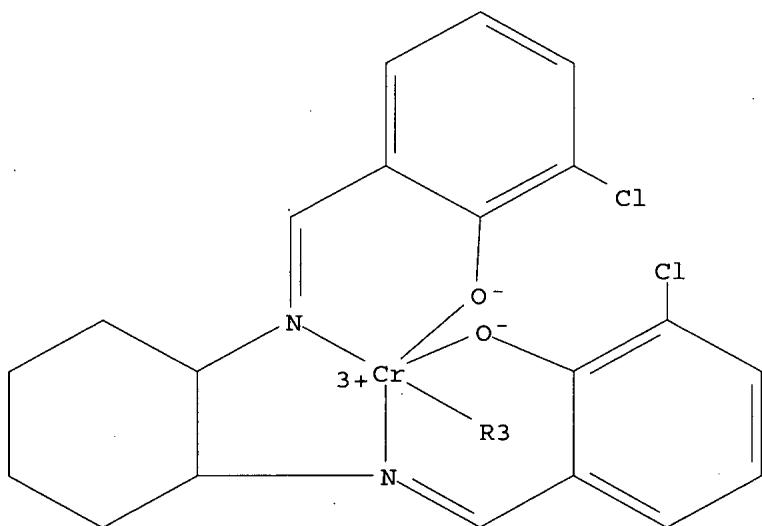


RN 181652-77-7 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediylyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[6-chlorophenolato]](2-)N,N',O,O'[tris(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)phosphine oxide-O]-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

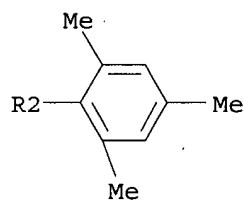
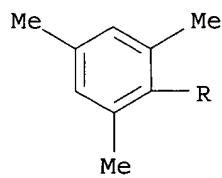
CM 1

CRN 181652-76-6
 CMF C47 H51 Cl2 Cr N2 O3 P
 CCI CCS

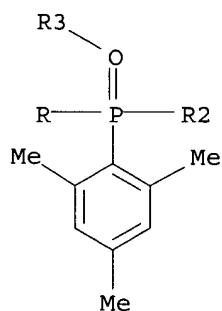
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



PAGE 3-A

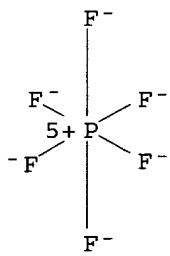


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181652-79-9 HCAPLUS

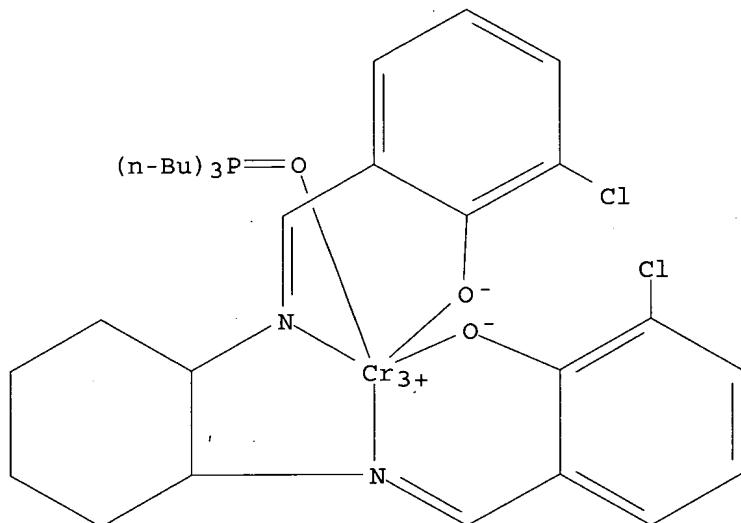
CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediylibis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[6-chlorophenolato]](2--N,N',O,O') (tributylphosphine oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 181652-78-8

CMF C32 H45 Cl2 Cr N2 O3 P

CCI CCS

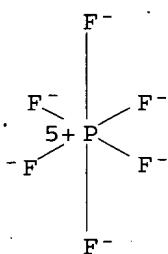


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



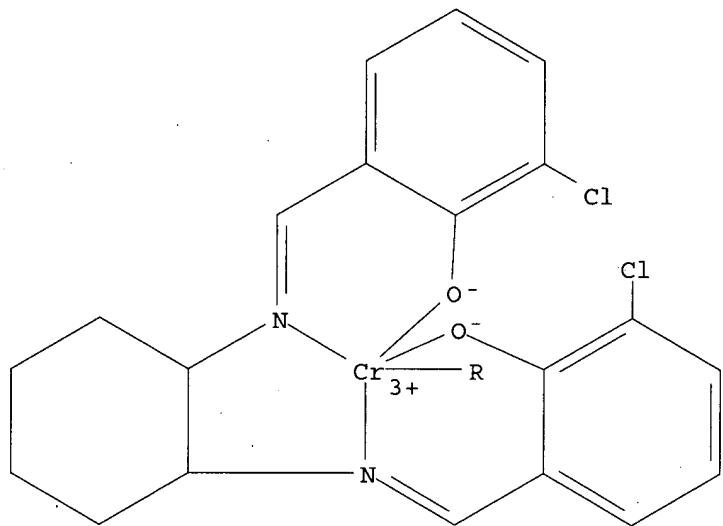
RN 181652-82-4 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediylibis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[6-chlorophenolato]](2--N,N',O,O') [(4-methoxyphenyl)methylphenylphosphine oxide]-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

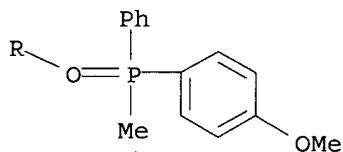
CM 1

CRN 181652-81-3
CMF C₃₄ H₃₃ Cl₂ Cr N₂ O₄ P
CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

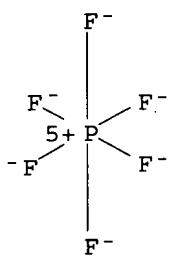


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
CMF F₆ P
CCI CCS

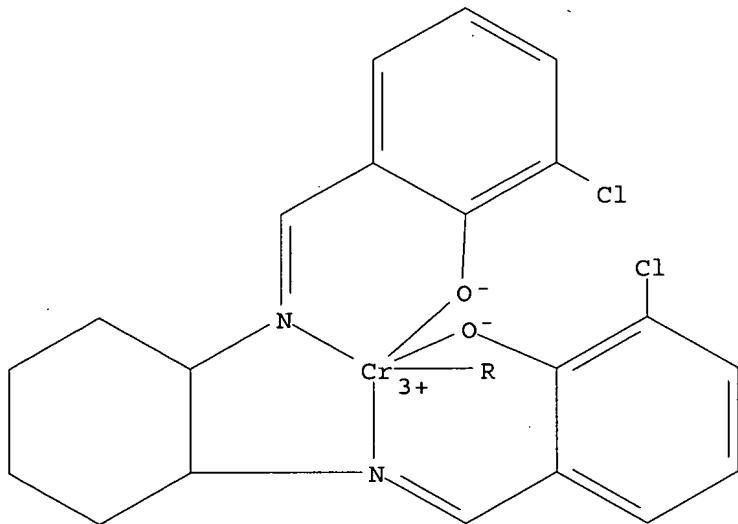


RN 181652-84-6 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyli bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[6-chlorophenolato](2-)-N,N',O,O'](methyl-1-naphthalenylphenylphosphine oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

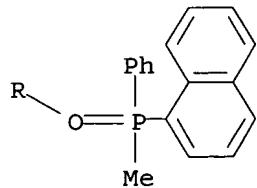
CM 1

CRN 181652-83-5
 CMF C37 H33 Cl2 Cr N2 O3 P
 CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

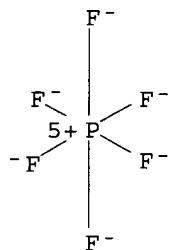


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS

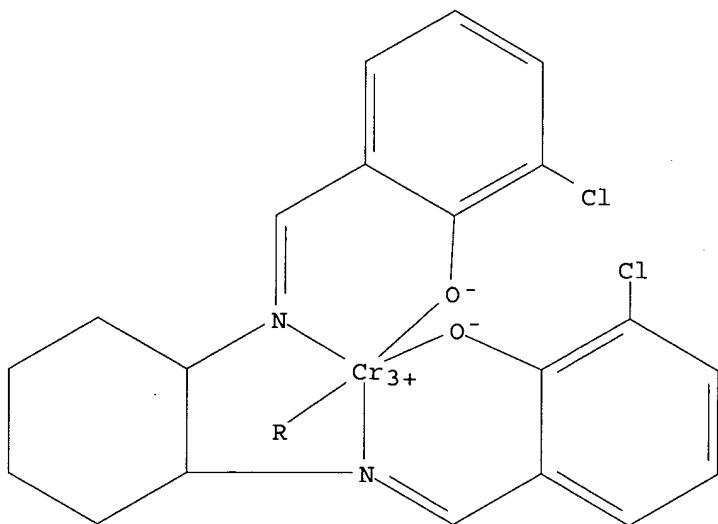


RN 181652-86-8 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[6-chlorophenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O' (trioctylphosphine oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

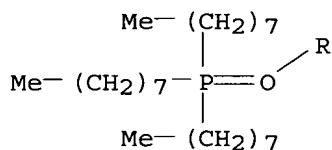
CM 1

CRN 181652-85-7
 CMF C44 H69 Cl2 Cr N2 O3 P
 CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

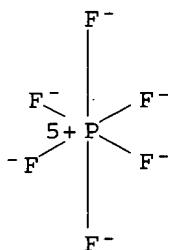


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181652-88-0 HCPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediylyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[6-chlorophenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O'] (triethyl phosphate-O'''')-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

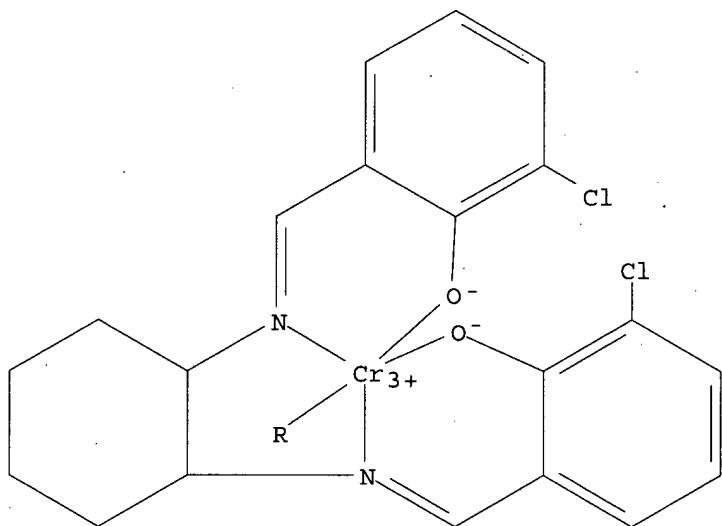
CM 1

CRN 181652-87-9

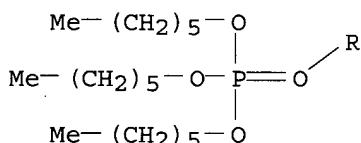
CMF C38 H57 Cl2 Cr N2 O6 P

CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

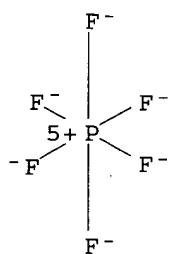


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS



RN 181652-90-4 HCPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[6-chlorophenolato](2-) -N,N',O,O'[tris(4-methylphenyl) phosphate-O''']-,

[SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

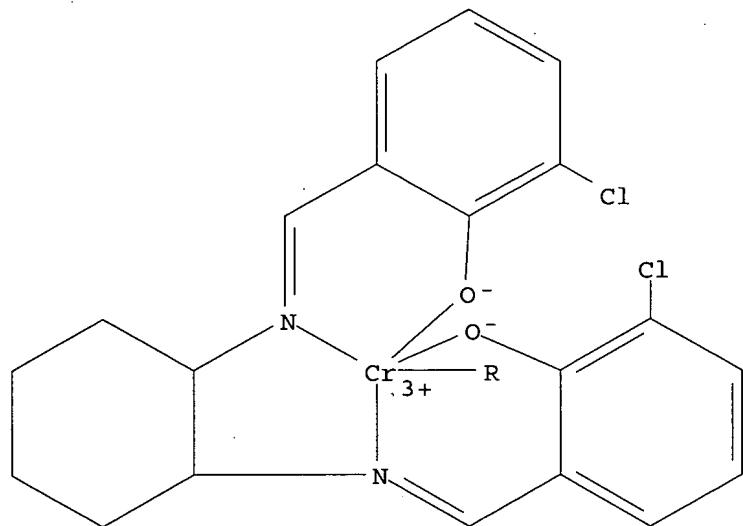
CM 1

CRN 181652-89-1

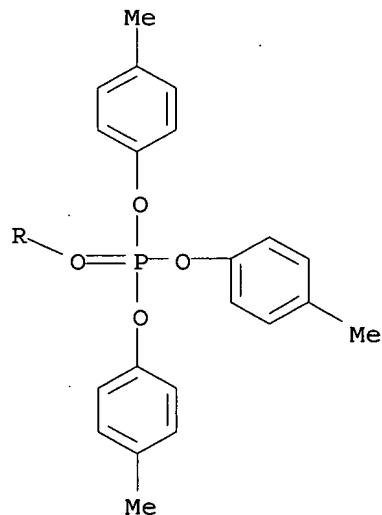
CMF C41 H39 Cl2 Cr N2 O6 P

CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

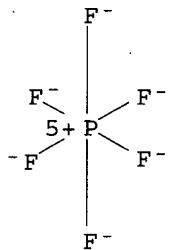


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS

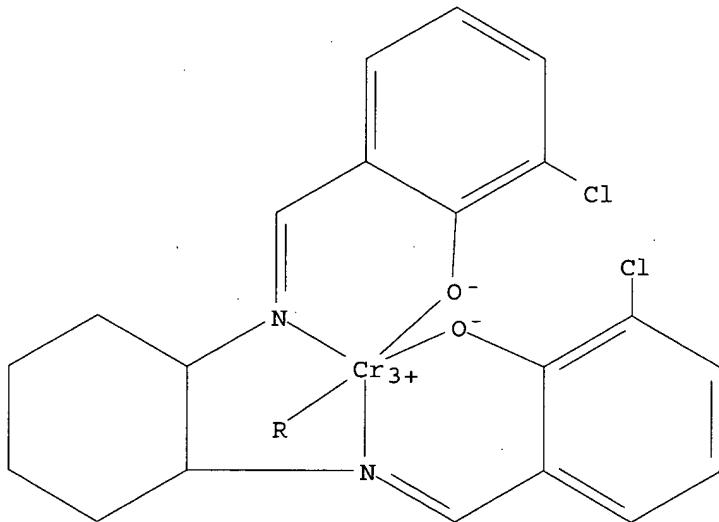


RN 181652-92-6 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[6-chlorophenolato](2-)-N,N',O,O'][tris(2-ethylhexyl) phosphate-O''']-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

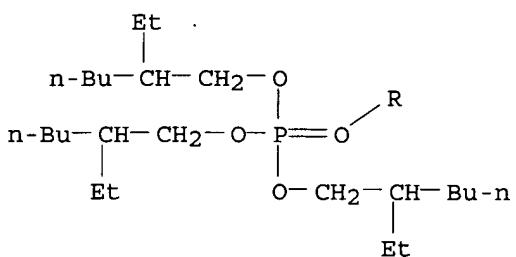
CM 1

CRN 181652-91-5
 CMF C44 H69 Cl2 Cr N2 O6 P
 CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

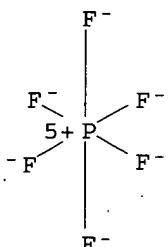


PAGE 2 -A



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
CMF F6 P
CCI CCS

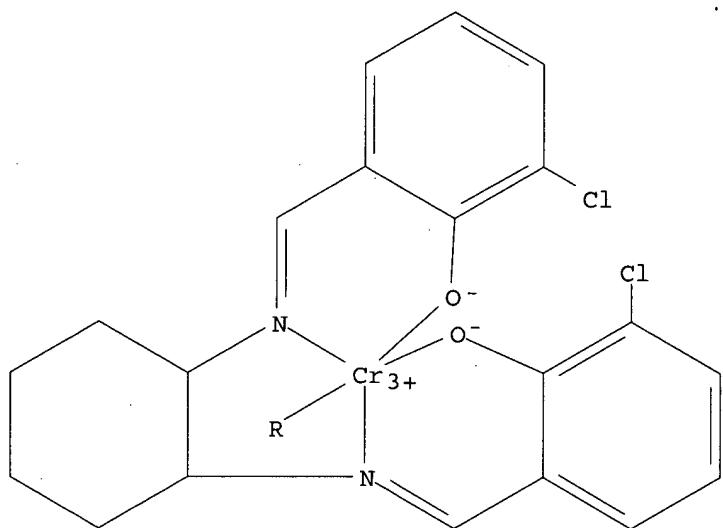


RN 181652-94-8 HCPLUS
CN Chromium(1+), [2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediylibis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[6-chlorophenolato](2-)-N,N',O,O')(triethyl phosphate-O''')-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

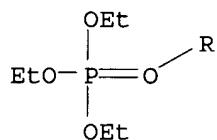
CM 1

CRN 181652-93-7
CMF C26 H33 Cl2 Cr N2 O6 P
CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

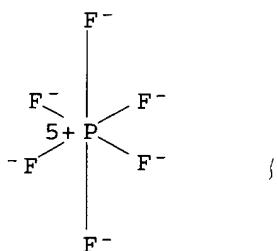


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181652-96-0 HCPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[6-chlorophenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O'[1,1',1'''-phosphinylidynetris[pyrrolidine]-O]-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

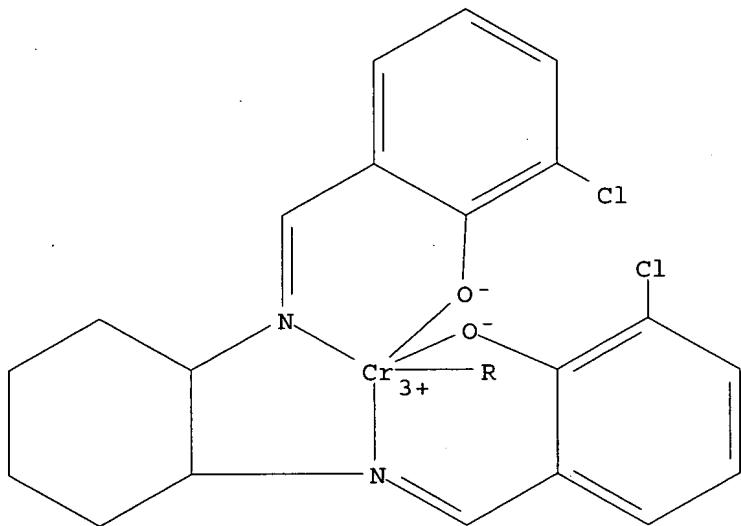
CM 1

CRN 181652-95-9

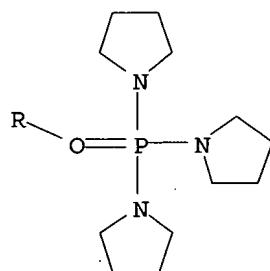
CMF C32 H42 Cl2 Cr N5 O3 P

CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

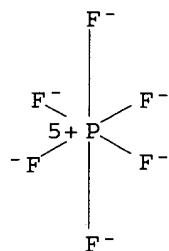


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181652-98-2 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediylyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[6-chlorophenolato](2-)-N,N',O,O'](methyldiphenylphosphine oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

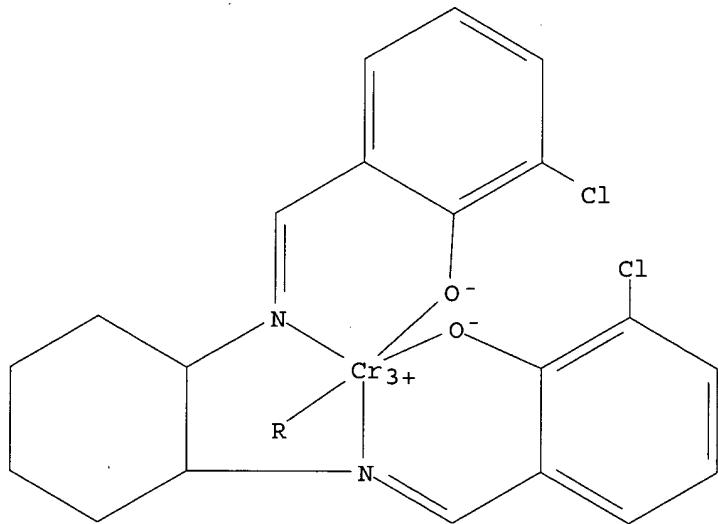
CM 1

CRN 181652-97-1

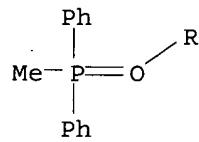
CMF C33 H31 Cl2 Cr N2 O3 P

CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

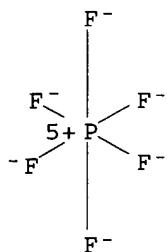


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

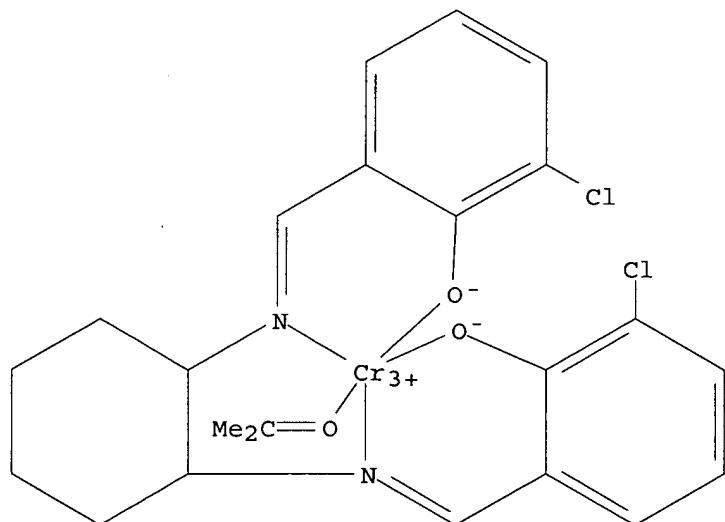
CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS



RN 181653-01-0 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[6-chlorophenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O'](2-propanone)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

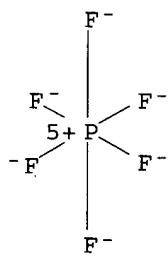
CRN 181653-00-9
 CMF C23 H24 Cl2 Cr N2 O3
 CCI CCS



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181653-03-2 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[6-chlorophenolato](2-)-N,N',O,O')(ethyl acetate-O')-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

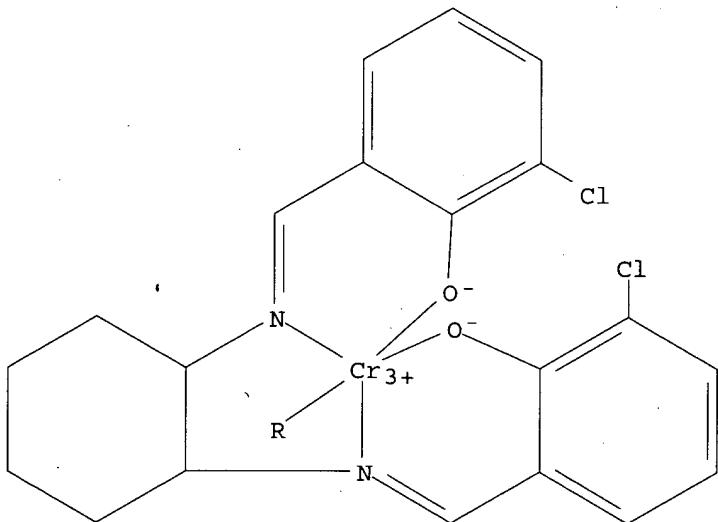
CM 1

CRN 181653-02-1

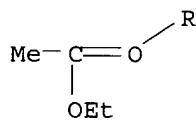
CMF C24 H26 Cl2 Cr N2 O4

CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

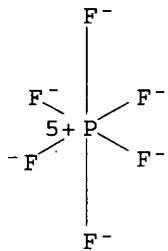


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
CMF F6 P
CCI CCS

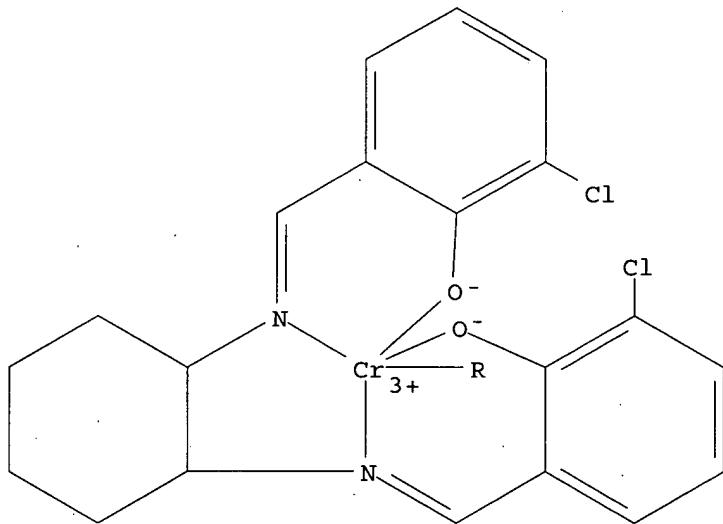


RN 181653-05-4 HCAPLUS
CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediylbis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[6-chlorophenolato]](2-)N,N',O,O'] (tetrahydrothiophene 1,1-dioxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

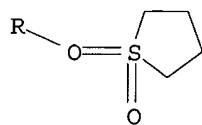
CM 1

CRN 181653-04-3
CMF C24 H26 Cl2 Cr N2 O4 S
CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

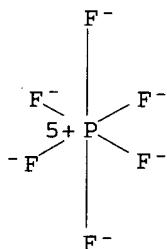


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181653-07-6 HCAPLUS

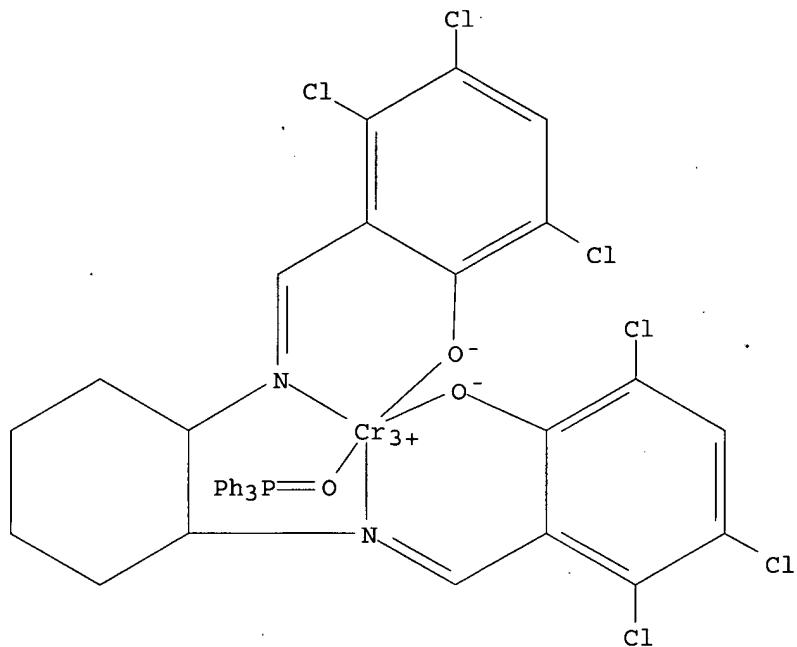
CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[3,4,6-trichlorophenolato]](2-) -N,N',O,O' (triphenylphosphine oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 181653-06-5

CMF C38 H29 Cl6 Cr N2 O3 P

CCI CCS

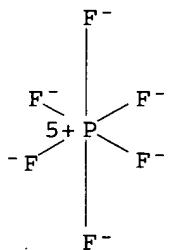


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181653-09-8 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[3,4,6-trichlorophenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O' [sulfinylbis[methane]-O]-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

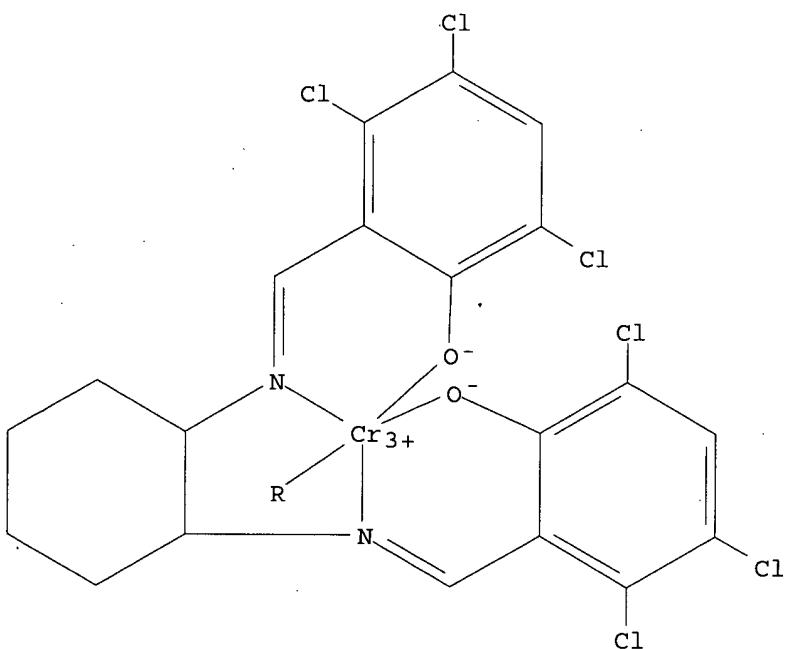
CM 1

CRN 181653-08-7

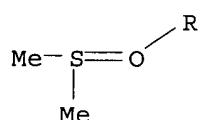
CMF C22 H20 Cl6 Cr N2 O3 S

CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

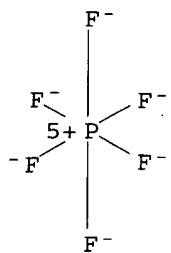


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181653-11-2 HCPLUS

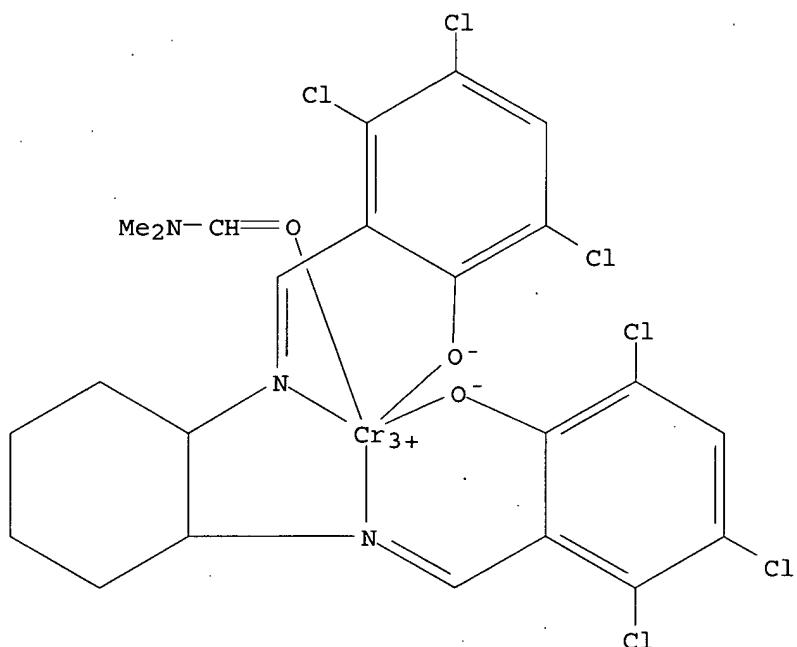
CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediylyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[3,4,6-trichlorophenolato](2-)-N,N',O,O'] (N,N-dimethylformamide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 181653-10-1

CMF C23 H21 Cl6 Cr N3 O3

CCI CCS

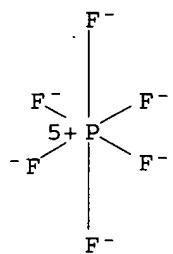


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181653-13-4 HCAPLUS

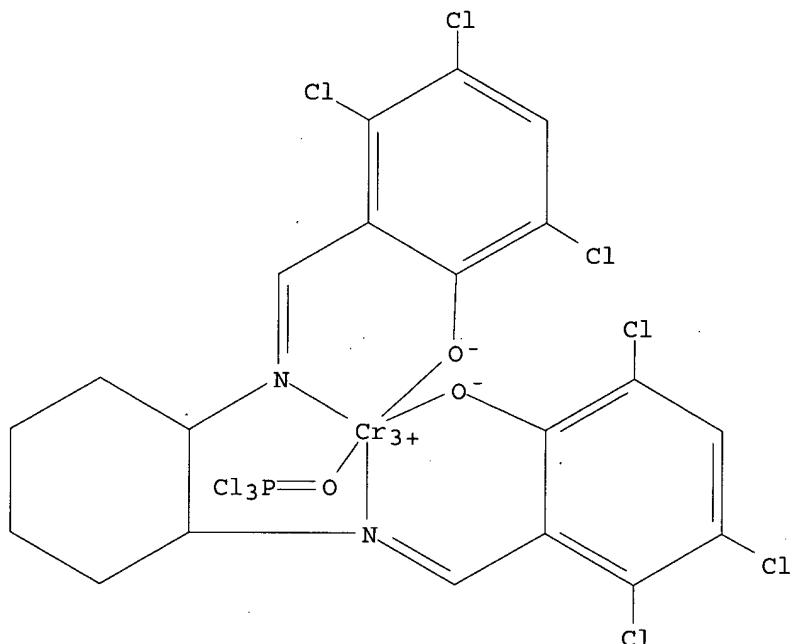
CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[3,4,6-trichlorophenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O'] (phosphoric trichloride-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 181653-12-3

CMF C20 H14 Cl19 Cr N2 O3 P

CCI CCS

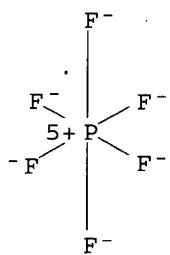


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

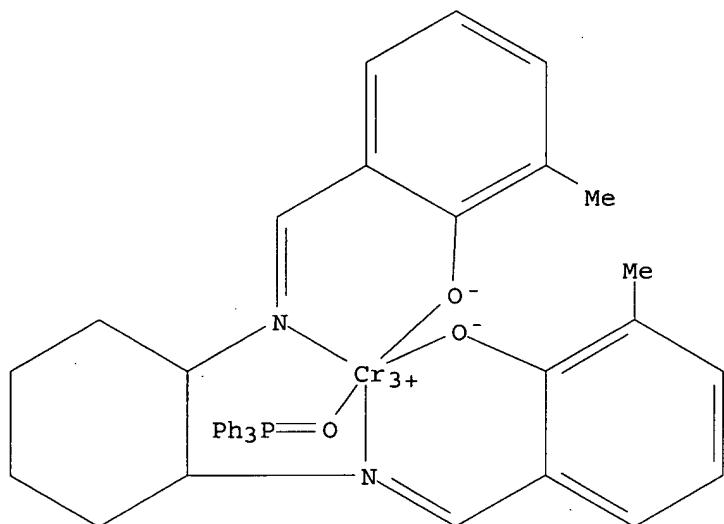
CCI CCS



RN 181653-15-6 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[6-methylphenolato]](2-)N,N',O,O' (triphenylphosphine oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

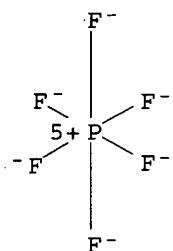
CM 1

CRN 181653-14-5
 CMF C40 H39 Cr N2 O3 P
 CCI CCS



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS

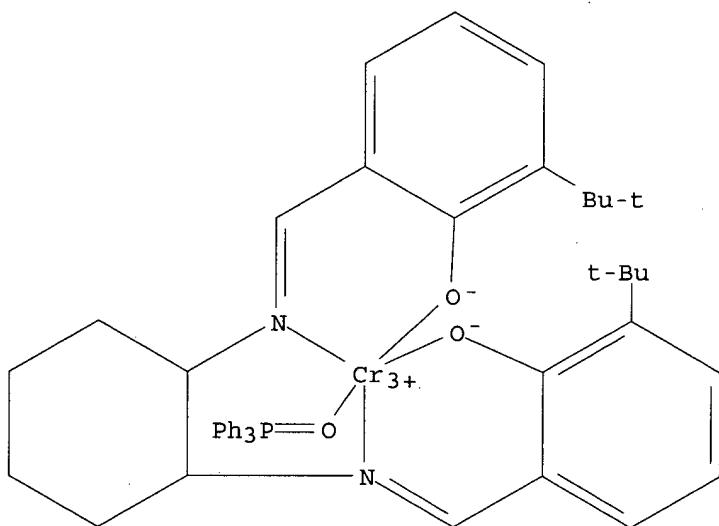


RN 181653-17-8 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenolato]](2-)N,N',O,O' (triphenylphosphine oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX)

NAME)

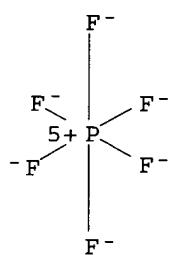
CM 1

CRN 181653-16-7
 CMF C46 H51 Cr N2 O3 P
 CCI CCS



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS

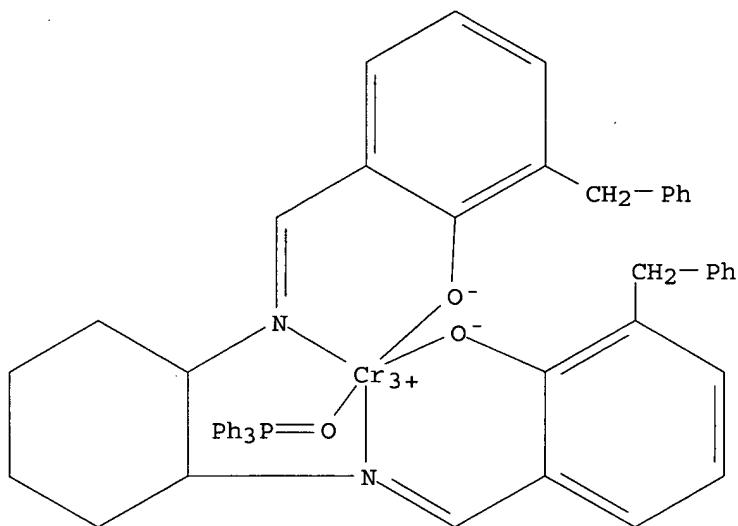


RN 181653-20-3 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[6-(phenylmethyl)phenolato](2-)-N,N',O,O' (triphenylphosphine oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

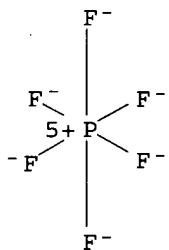
CRN 181653-19-0

CMF C52 H47 Cr N2 O3 P
 CCI CCS



CM 2

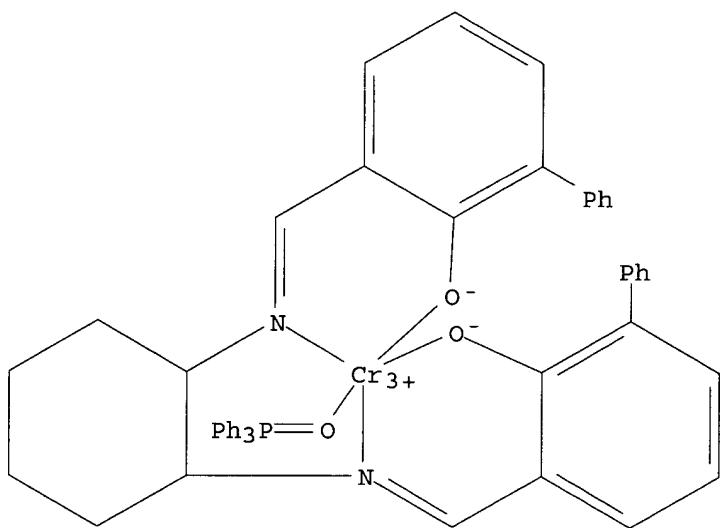
CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS



RN 181653-22-5 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[3,3''-[1,2-cyclohexanediy]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-olato]](2-)-N,N',O,O' (triphenylphosphine oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 181653-21-4
 CMF C50 H43 Cr N2 O3 P
 CCI CCS

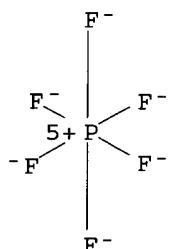


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181653-24-7 HCAPLUS

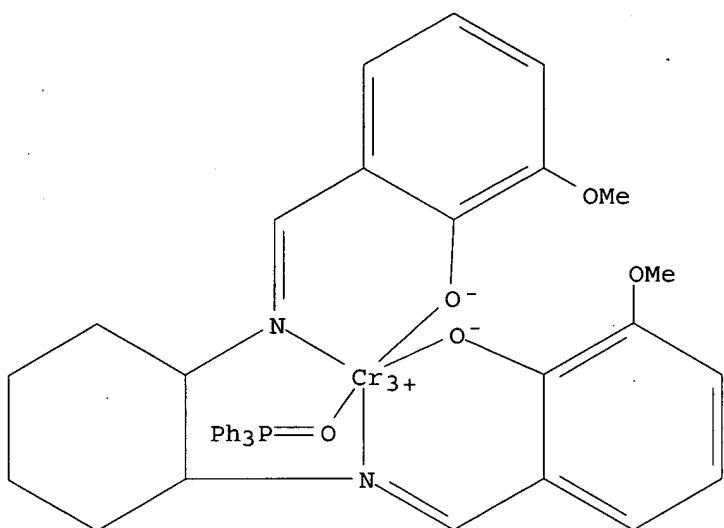
CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[6-methoxyphenolato]](2-)N2,N2',O1,O1'](triphenylphosphine oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 181653-23-6

CMF C40 H39 Cr N2 O5 P

CCI CCS

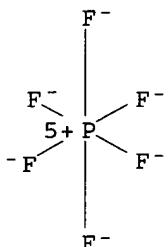


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181653-27-0 HCAPLUS

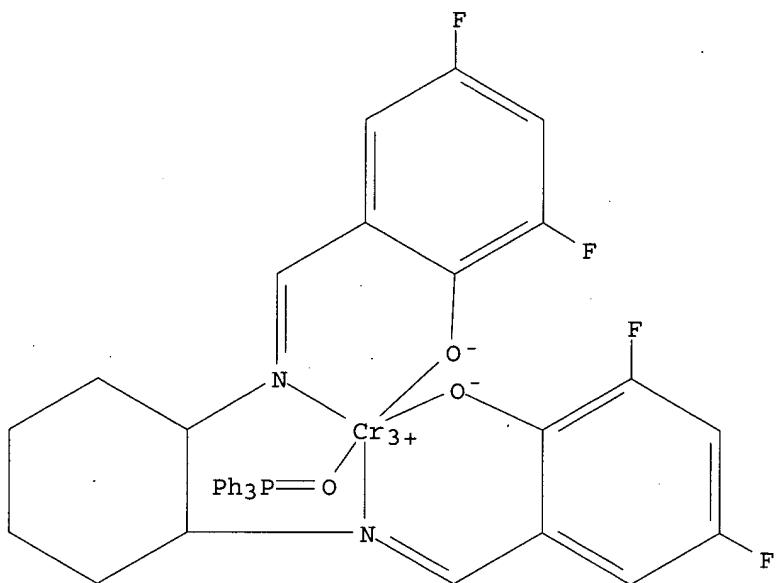
CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyliyne)]bis[4,6-difluorophenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O' (triphenylphosphine oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 181653-26-9

CMF C38 H31 Cr F4 N2 O3 P

CCI CCS

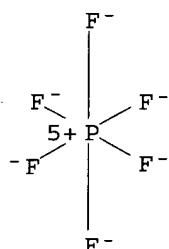


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181653-31-6 HCAPLUS

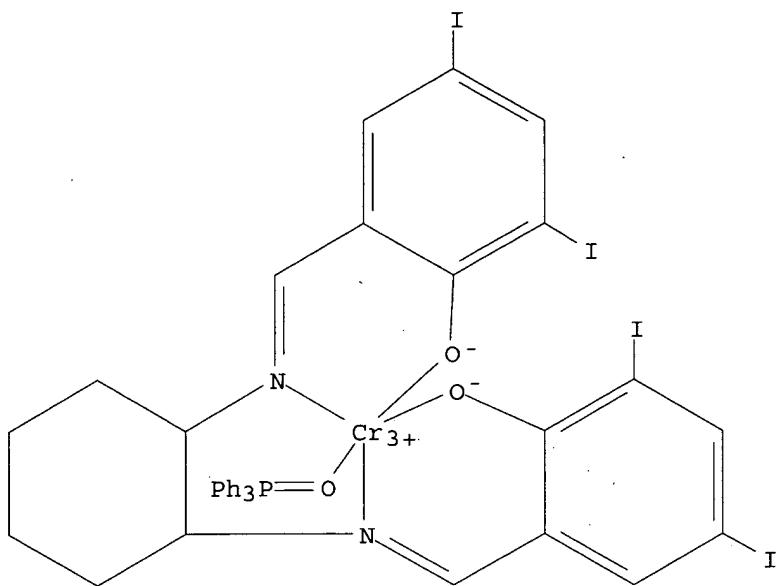
CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4,6-diiodophenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O' (triphenylphosphine oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 181653-30-5

CMF C38 H31 Cr I4 N2 O3 P

CCI CCS

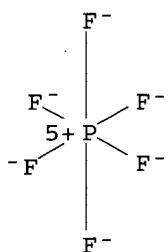


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181653-33-8 HCAPLUS

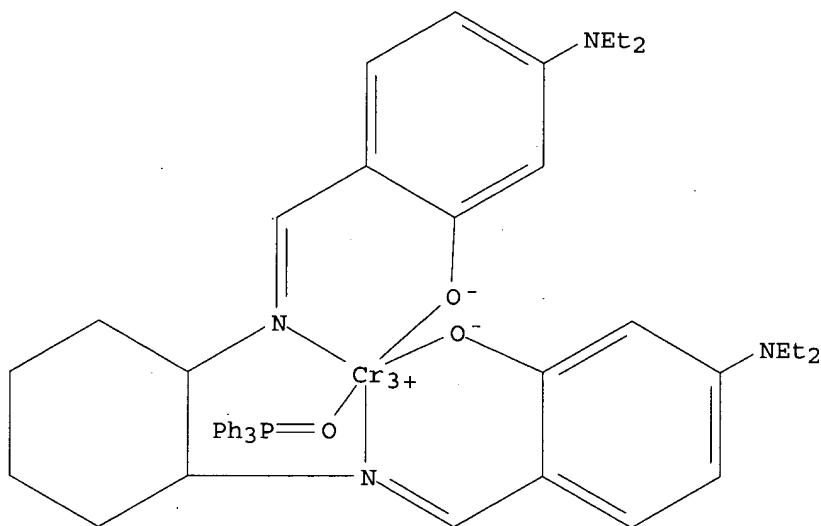
CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[5-(diethylamino)phenolato]](2-)-N2,N2',O1,O1'](triphenylphosphine oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 181653-32-7

CMF C46 H53 Cr N4 O3 P

CCI CCS

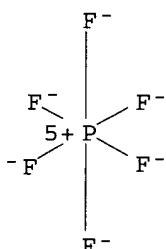


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181653-35-0 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[1,1'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[2-naphthalenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O'] (triphenylphosphine oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 181653-34-9

CMF C46 H39 Cr N2 O3 P

CCI CCS

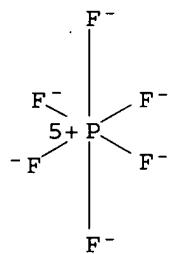
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181653-37-2 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[1,1'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[2-naphthalenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O' [sulfinylbis[methane]-O]-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

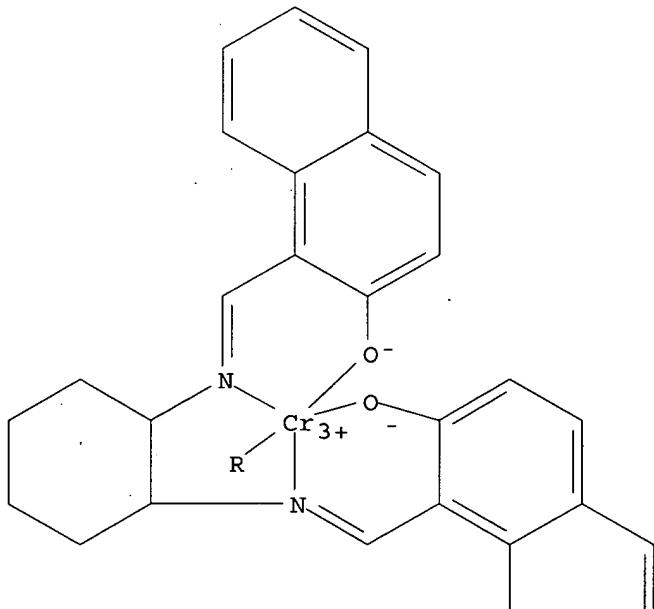
CM 1

CRN 181653-36-1

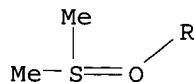
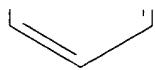
CMF C30 H30 Cr N2 O3 S

CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

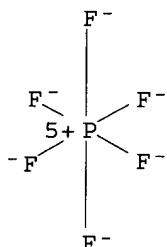


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS



RN 181653-39-4 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[1,1'-[1,2-cyclohexanediylbis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[2-naphthalenolato]](2-)N,N',O,O'](N,N-dimethylformamide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

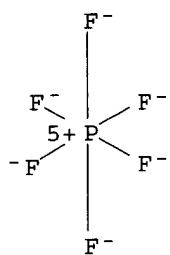
CM 1

CRN 181653-38-3
 CMF C31 H31 Cr N3 O3
 CCI CCS

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS

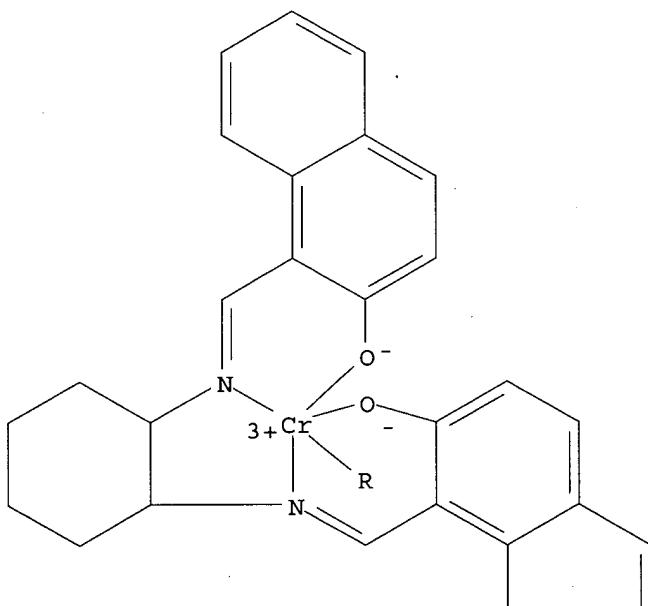


RN 181653-41-8 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[1,1'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[2-naphthalenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O' (pyridine 1-oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

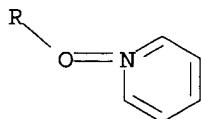
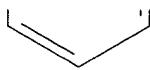
CM 1

CRN 181653-40-7
 CMF C33 H29 Cr N3 O3
 CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

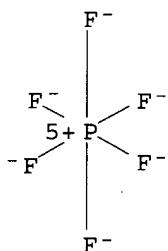


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS

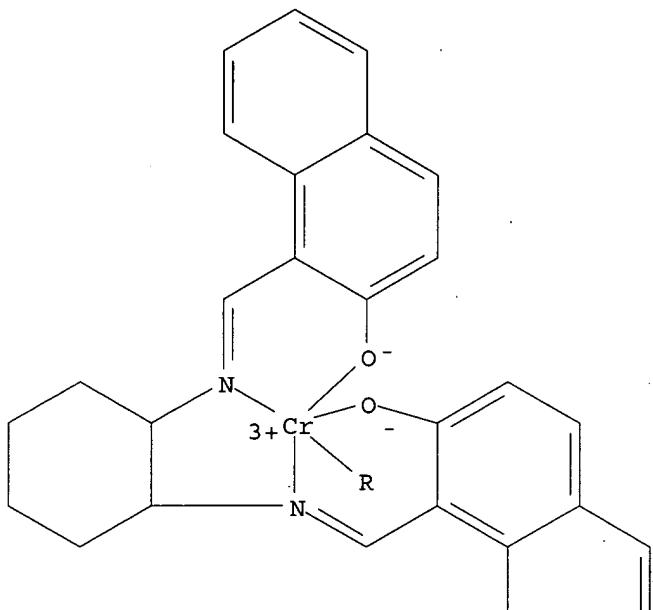


RN 181653-43-0 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[1,1'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[2-naphthalenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O'(4-phenylpyridine 1-oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

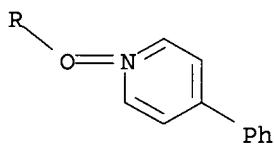
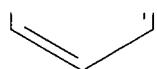
CM 1

CRN 181653-42-9
 CMF C39 H33 Cr N3 O3
 CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

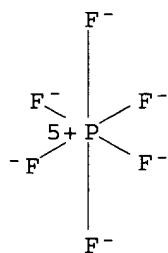


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181653-45-2 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[1,1'-[1,2-cyclohexanediylbis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[2-naphthalenolato]](2)-N,N',O,O'](2-methylpyridine 1-oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

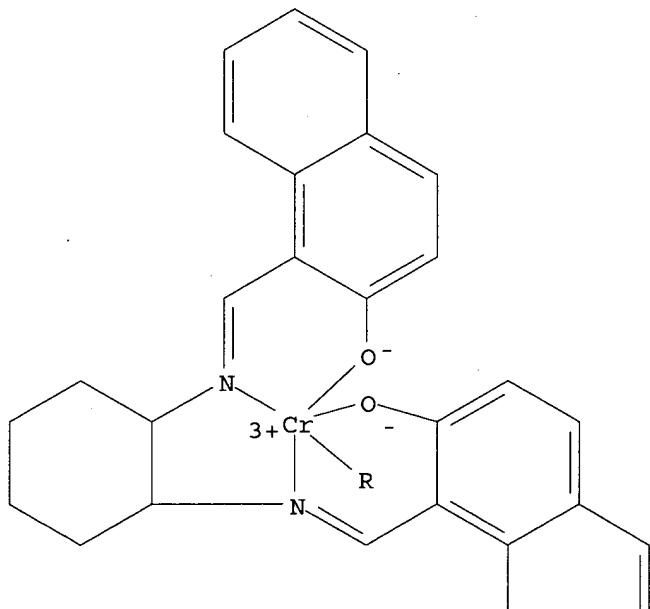
CM 1

CRN 181653-44-1

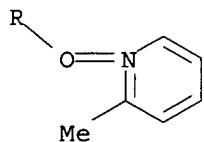
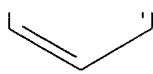
CMF C34 H31 Cr N3 O3

CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

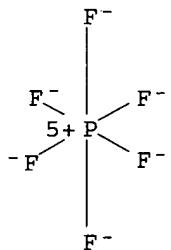


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

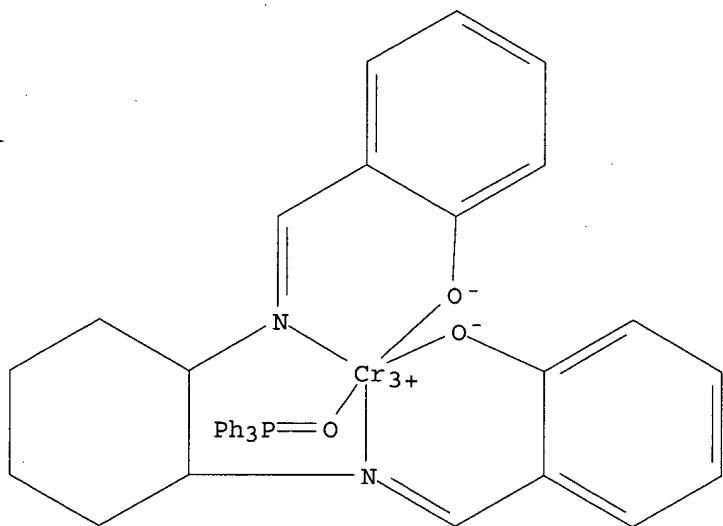
CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS



RN 181653-47-4 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[pheno lato]](2-)-N,N',O,O')(triphenylphosphine oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1S-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 181653-46-3
 CMF C38 H35 Cr N2 O3 P
 CCI CCS

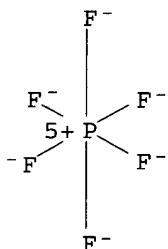


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181653-49-6 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[phenolate]](2-)-N,N',O,O'] (4-phenylpyridine 1-oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1S-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

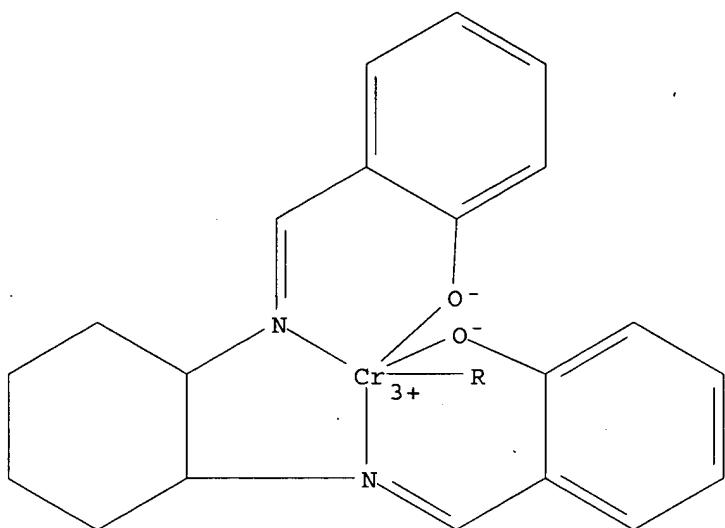
CM 1

CRN 181653-48-5

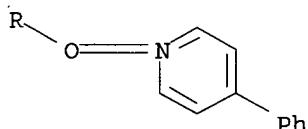
CMF C31 H29 Cr N3 O3

CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

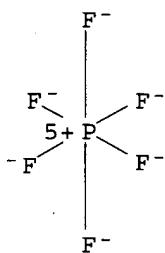


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

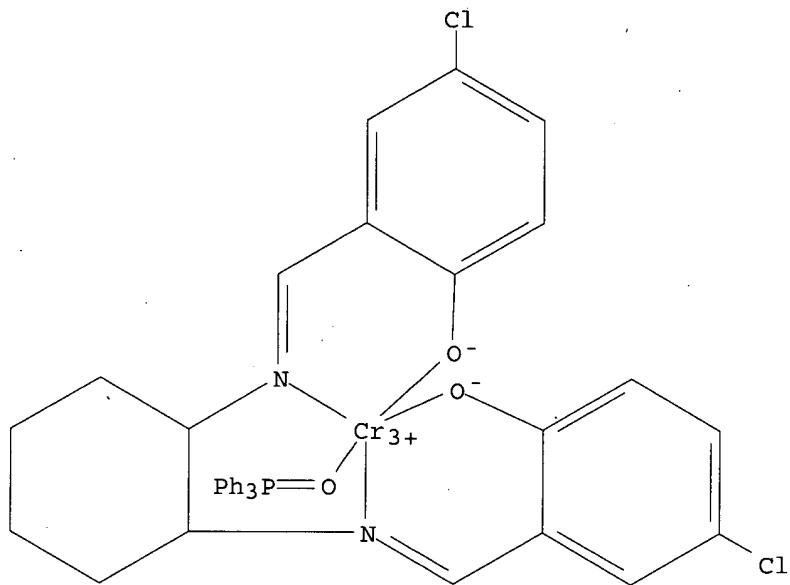
CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS



RN 181653-51-0 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4-chlorophenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O'] (triphenylphosphine oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1S-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

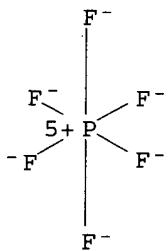
CM 1

CRN 181653-50-9
 CMF C38 H33 Cl2 Cr N2 O3 P
 CCI CCS



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS

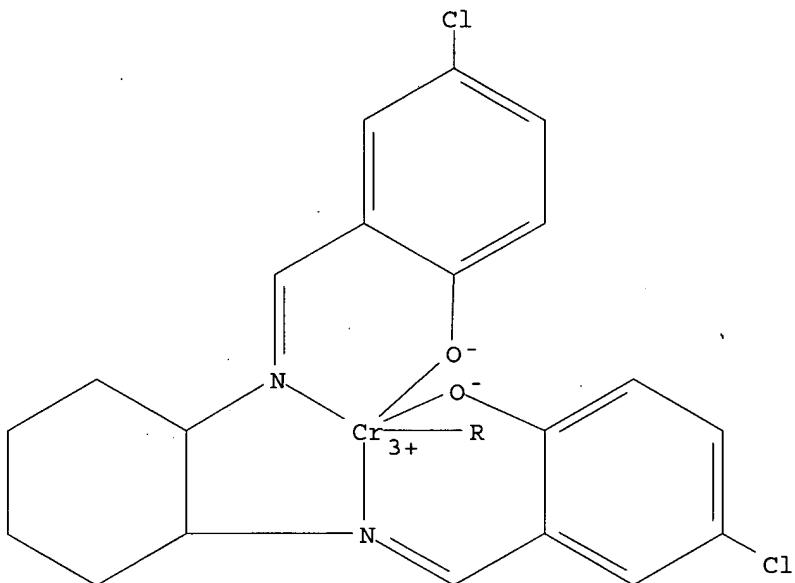


RN 181653-53-2 HCPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediylyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4-chlorophenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O' [methyl(4-methylphenyl)phenylphosphine oxide-O]-, [SP-5-13-(1S-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

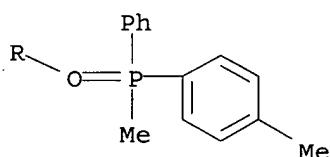
CM 1

CRN 181653-52-1
CMF C34 H33 Cl2 Cr N2 O3 P
CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

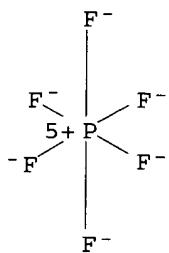


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
CMF F6 P
CCI CCS



RN 181653-65-6 HCAPLUS

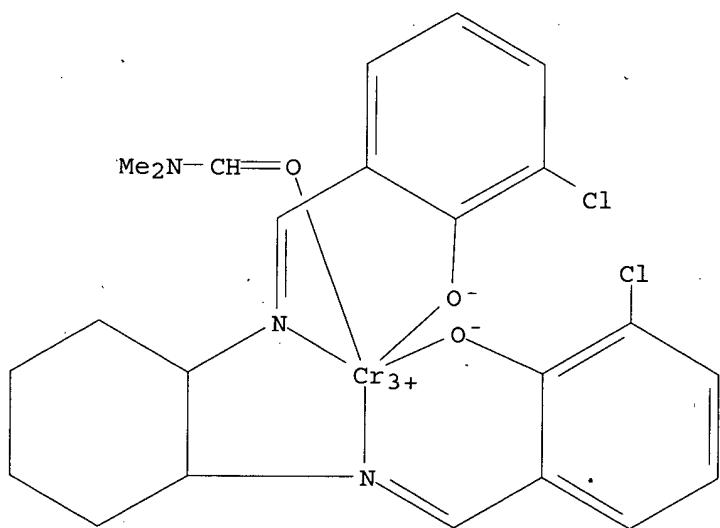
CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediylibis(nitrilotriphenylidyne)]bis[6-chlorophenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O'](N,N-dimethylformamide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 181653-64-5

CMF C23 H25 Cl2 Cr N3 O3

CCI CCS

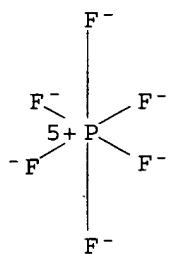


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181653-68-9 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[6-chlorophenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O'-(pyridine 1-oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

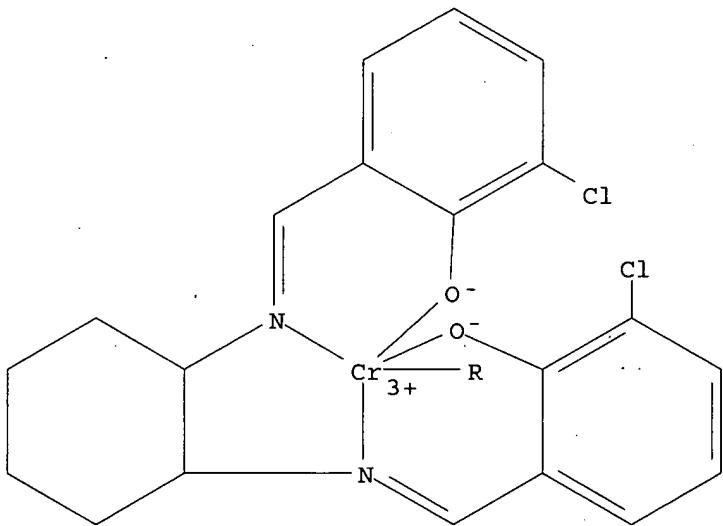
CM 1

CRN 181653-67-8

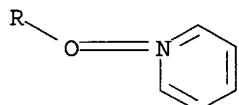
CMF C25 H23 Cl2 Cr N3 O3

CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

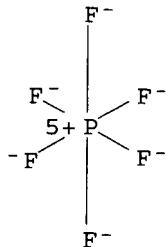


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS

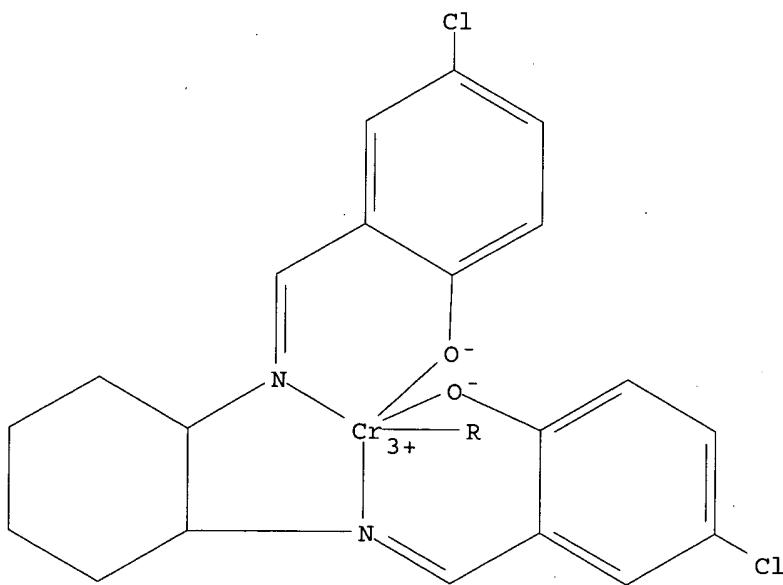


RN 181787-66-6 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4-chlorophenolato]](2-)N,N',O,O'][(4-methoxyphenyl)methylphenylphosphine oxide]-, [SP-5-13-1(R),2(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

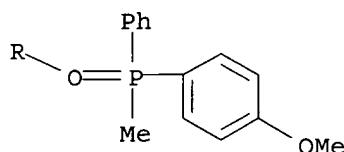
CM 1

CRN 181787-65-5
 CMF C34 H33 Cl2 Cr N2 O4 P
 CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

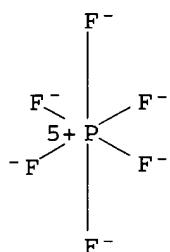


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181787-68-8 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4-chlorophenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O'][(4-methoxyphenyl)methylphenylphosphine oxide]-, [SP-5-13-1(S),2(1R-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

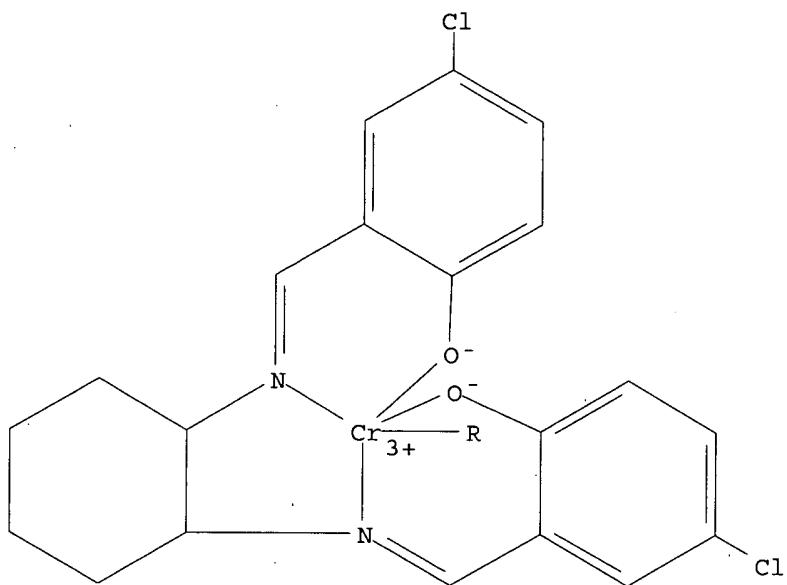
CM 1

CRN 181787-67-7

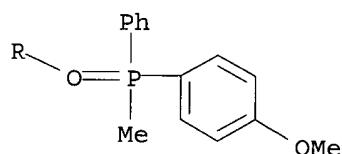
CMF C34 H33 Cl2 Cr N2 O4 P

CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

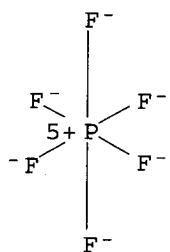


CM .2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS

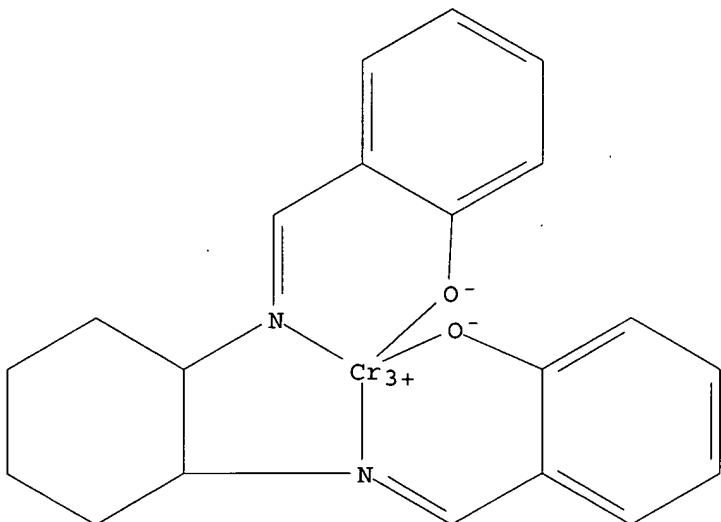


RN 181787-70-2 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediylbis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[pheno
lato]](2-)-N,N',O,O']-, [SP-4-2-(1S-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-)
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

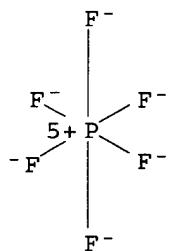
CM 1

CRN 181787-69-9
CMF C20 H20 Cr N2 O2
CCI CCS



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
CMF F6 P
CCI CCS

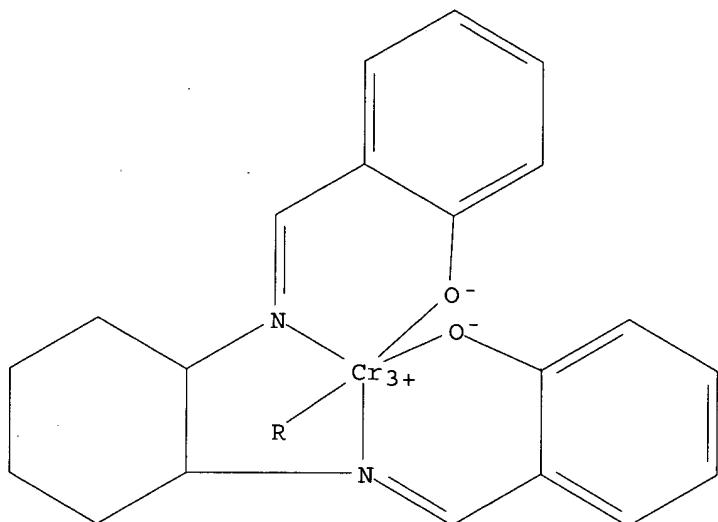


RN 181787-72-4 HCAPLUS
CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediylbis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[pheno
lato]](2-)-N,N',O,O'][sulfinylbis[methane]-O]-, [SP-5-13-(1S-trans)]-,
hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

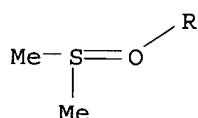
CM 1

CRN 181787-71-3
 CMF C22 H26 Cr N2 O3 S
 CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

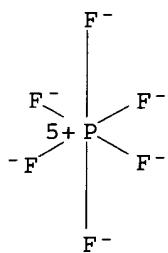


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

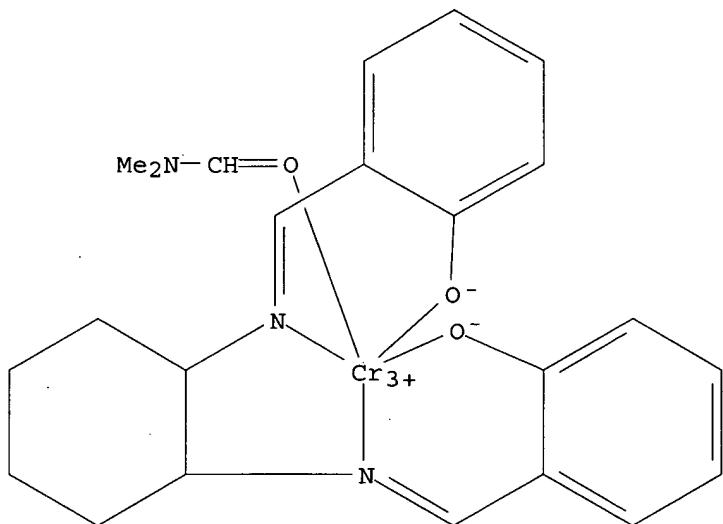
CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS



RN 181787-74-6 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[pheno
 lato]](2-)-N,N',O,O'] (N,N-dimethylformamide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1S-trans)]-,
 hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

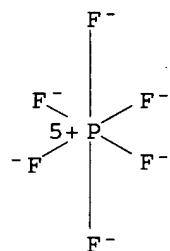
CM 1

CRN 181787-73-5
 CMF C23 H27 Cr N3 O3
 CCI CCS



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS

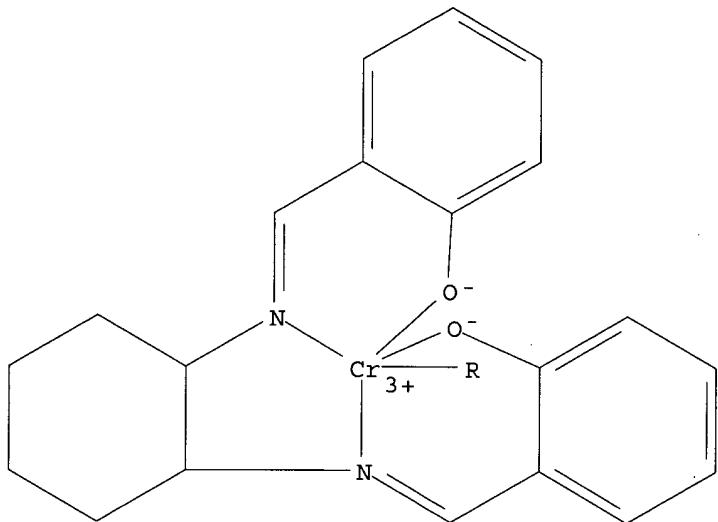


RN 181787-76-8 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[pheno
 lato]](2-)-N,N',O,O'] (pyridine 1-oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1S-trans)]-,
 hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

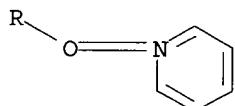
CM 1

CRN 181787-75-7
CMF C25 H25 Cr N3 O3
CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

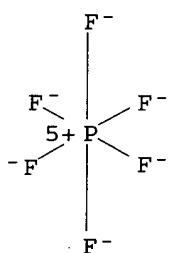


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
CMF F6 P
CCI CCS



RN 181787-78-0 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediylyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4-chlorophenolato]](2-) -N,N',O,O' [methyl(4-methylphenyl)phenylphosphine oxide-O]-, [SP-5-13-1(R),2(1S-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

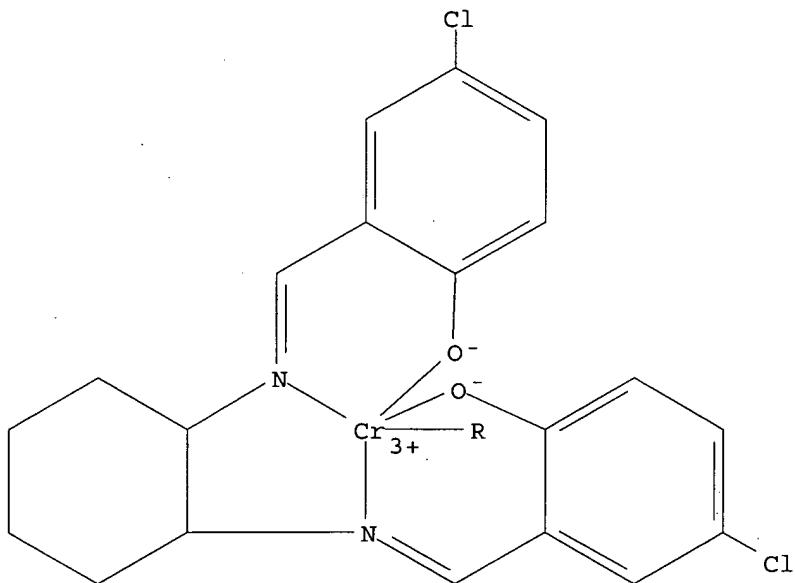
CM 1

CRN 181787-77-9

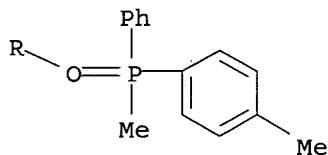
CMF C34 H33 Cl2 Cr N2 O3 P

CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

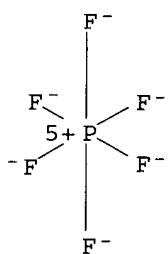


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181787-80-4 HCAPLUS

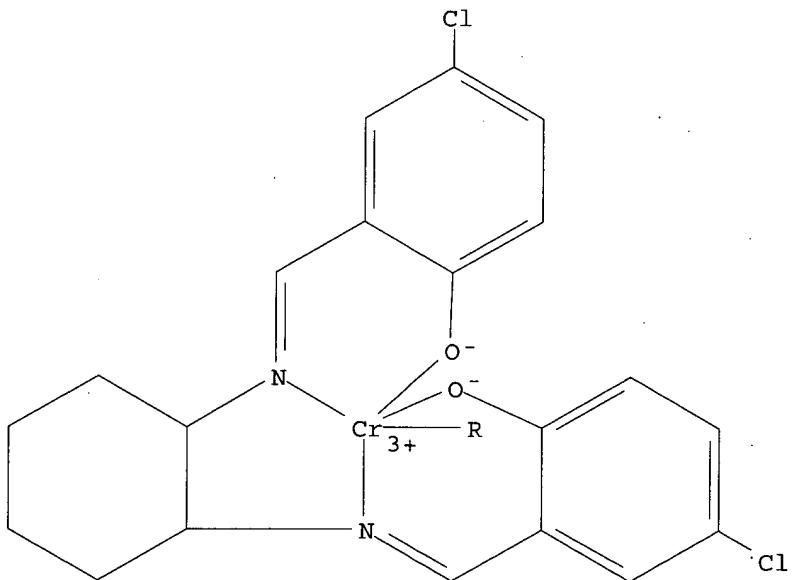
CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-[1,2-cyclohexanediyl]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4-chlorophenolato]] (2-) -N,N',O,O' [methyl(4-methylphenyl)phenylphosphine oxide-O] -, [SP-5-13-1(S),2(1S-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

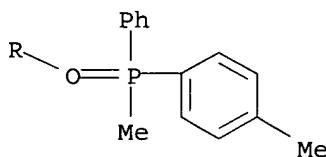
CRN 181787-79-1

CMF C34 H33 Cl2 Cr N2 O3 P
CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

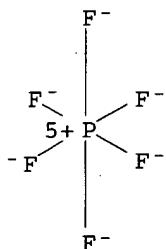


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181787-82-6 HCAPLUS

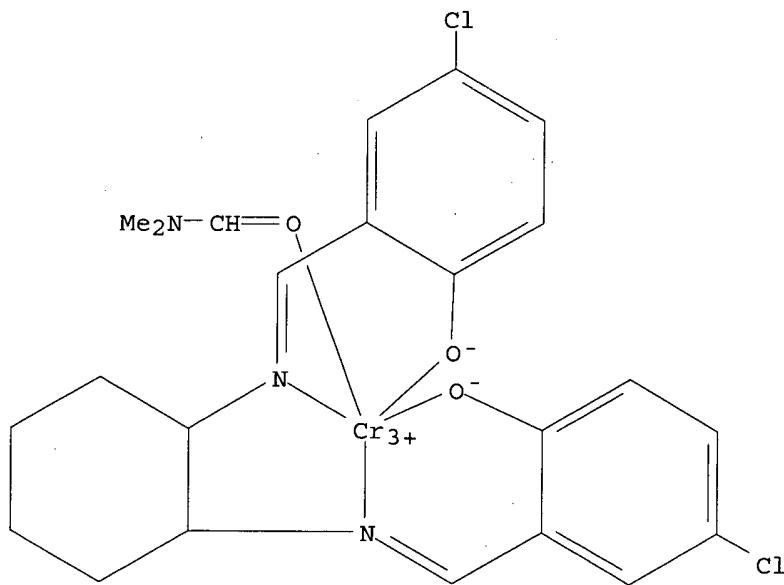
CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4-chlorophenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O' (N,N-dimethylformamide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1S-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 181787-81-5

CMF C23 H25 Cl2 Cr N3 O3

CCI CCS

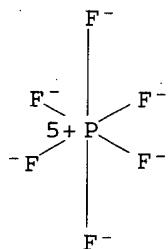


CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P

CCI CCS



RN 181787-84-8 HCPLUS

CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyldiene)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4-chlorophenolato]](2-)-N,N',O,O'-(4-phenylpyridine 1-oxide-O)-, [SP-5-13-(1S-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

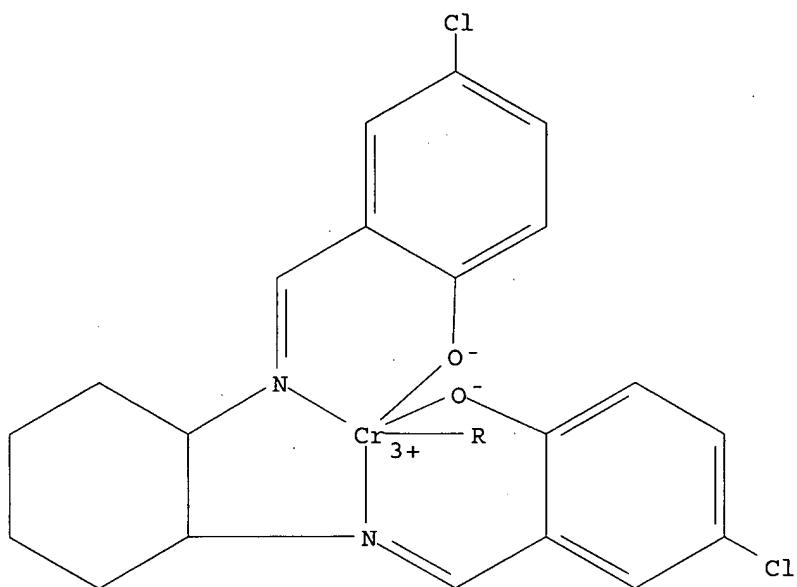
CM 1

CRN 181787-83-7

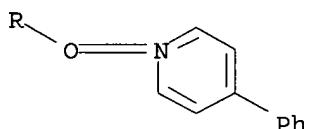
CMF C31 H27 Cl2 Cr N3 O3

CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

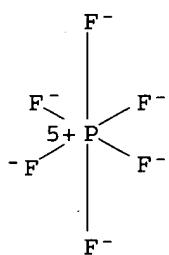


PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9
 CMF F6 P
 CCI CCS

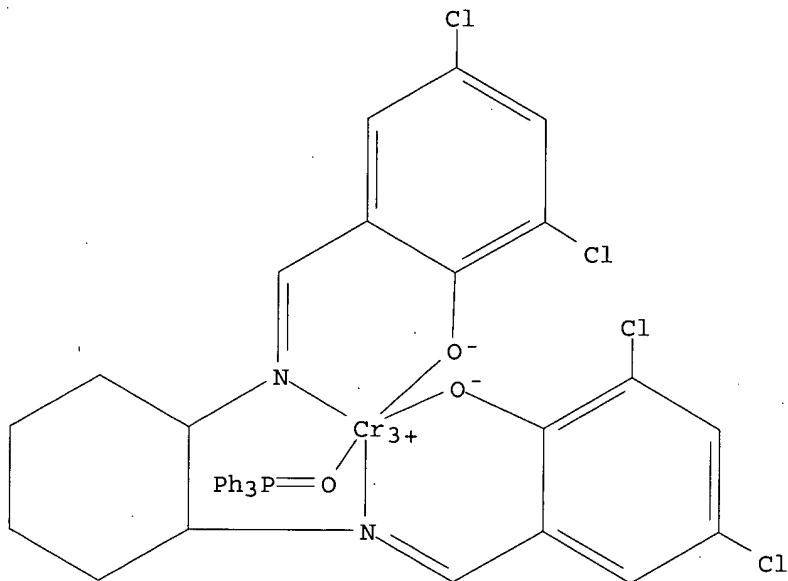


RN 181787-86-0 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium(1+), [[2,2'-(1,2-cyclohexanediyldiene)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4,6-

dichlorophenolato]](2-) -N,N',O,O') (triphenylphosphine oxide-O)-,
[SP-5-13-(1S-trans)]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

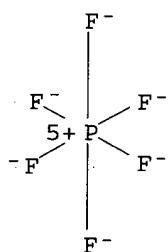
CM 1

CRN 181787-85-9
CMF C38 H31 Cl4 Cr N2 O3 P
CCI CCS



CM 2

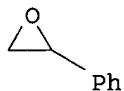
CRN 16919-18-9
CMF F6 P
CCI CCS



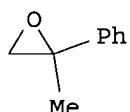
IT 96-09-3P, Phenyl oxirane 2085-88-3P 4518-66-5P
14212-53-4P 14212-54-5P 17619-97-5P
27415-21-0P 51410-46-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation by catalytic epoxidn. of alkene in presence of chromium Schiff

base complexes)
 RN 96-09-3 HCPLUS
 CN Oxirane, phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

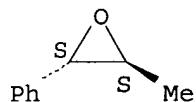


RN 2085-88-3 HCPLUS
 CN Oxirane, 2-methyl-2-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



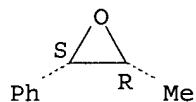
RN 4518-66-5 HCPLUS
 CN Oxirane, 2-methyl-3-phenyl-, (2S,3S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



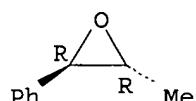
RN 14212-53-4 HCPLUS
 CN Oxirane, 2-methyl-3-phenyl-, (2R,3S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



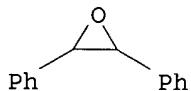
RN 14212-54-5 HCPLUS
 CN Oxirane, 2-methyl-3-phenyl-, (2R,3R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



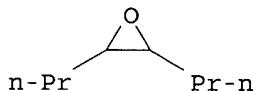
RN 17619-97-5 HCPLUS

CN Oxirane, 2,3-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



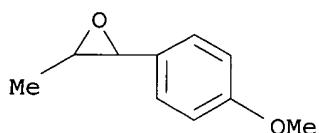
RN 27415-21-0 HCPLUS

CN Oxirane, 2,3-dipropyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 51410-46-9 HCPLUS

CN Oxirane, 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



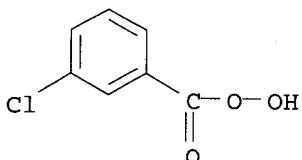
IT 937-14-4, m-Chloroperbenzoic acid

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reactant for catalytic epoxidn. of alkenes in presence of transition metal Schiff base complexes with neutral donor ligands)

RN 937-14-4 HCPLUS

CN Benzenecarboperoxoic acid, 3-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L49 ANSWER 18 OF 26 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:964985 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:145879

TITLE: Integrated process for epoxide production involving autoxidation of alkylammonium anthrahydroquinonesulfonate coupled with alkene epoxidation

INVENTOR(S): Rodriguez, Carmen L.; Zajacek, John G.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Arco Chemical Technology, L.P., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 9 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5463090	A	19951031	US 1994-330057	19941027
EP 709339	A1	19960501	EP 1995-306862	19950928
EP 709339	B1	19990428		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, NL, SE AT 179396 ES 2130540	E	19990515	AT 1995-306862 ES 1995-306862	19950928 19950928
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1994-313969 US 1994-330057	A 19940928 A 19941027

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 124:145879; MARPAT 124:145879

AB Epoxides are produced by an integrated process involving mol. oxygen oxidation of an alkylammonium salt of a sulfonic acid-substituted anthrahydroquinone, epoxidn. of an ethylenically unsatd. substrate using the hydrogen peroxide-containing product obtained by such oxidation in the presence of a titanium silicalite catalyst, and regeneration of the anthrahydroquinone by hydrogenation of the anthraquinone co-product. Oxidation and epoxidn. may be performed concurrently. The alkylammonium salts have the advantage of being highly soluble in polar protic media such as water and lower alcs.

IC ICM C07D301-12
ICS C07D303-04

INCL 549531000

CC 27-2 (Heterocyclic Compounds (One Hetero Atom))
Section cross-reference(s): 35, 45

IT **Epoxidation****Epoxidation catalysts**

Hydrogenation

Hydrogenation catalysts

Oxidation, aut-

(integrated process for epoxide production involving autoxidn. of alkylammonium anthrahydroquinonesulfonate coupled with alkene epoxidn.)

IT 7440-02-0, Nickel, uses 7440-05-3, Palladium, uses 7440-06-4, Platinum, uses 7440-16-6, Rhodium, uses 7440-18-8, Ruthenium, uses 7440-47-3, Chromium, uses

RL: **CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)**

(hydrogenation catalyst; integrated process for epoxide production involving autoxidn. of alkylammonium anthrahydroquinonesulfonate coupled with alkene epoxidn.)

IT 7722-84-1P, Hydrogen peroxide, preparation

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(in situ formation; integrated process for epoxide production involving autoxidn. of alkylammonium anthrahydroquinonesulfonate coupled with alkene epoxidn.)

IT 75-56-9P, preparation 556-52-5P, Glycidol

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(integrated process for epoxide production involving autoxidn. of alkylammonium anthrahydroquinonesulfonate coupled with alkene epoxidn.)

IT 107-18-6, 2-Propen-1-ol, reactions 115-07-1, 1-Propene, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(integrated process for epoxide production involving autoxidn. of alkylammonium anthrahydroquinonesulfonate coupled with alkene epoxidn.)

IT 7440-47-3, Chromium, uses

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
(hydrogenation catalyst; integrated process for epoxide production involving autoxidn. of alkylammonium anthrahydroquinonesulfonate coupled with alkene epoxidn.)

RN 7440-47-3 HCAPLUS

CN Chromium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Cr

IT 7722-84-1P, Hydrogen peroxide, preparation

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(in situ formation; integrated process for epoxide production involving autoxidn. of alkylammonium anthrahydroquinonesulfonate coupled with alkene epoxidn.)

RN 7722-84-1 HCAPLUS

CN Hydrogen peroxide (H2O2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

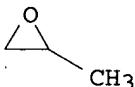
HO—OH

IT 75-56-9P, preparation 556-52-5P, Glycidol

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(integrated process for epoxide production involving autoxidn. of alkylammonium anthrahydroquinonesulfonate coupled with alkene epoxidn.)

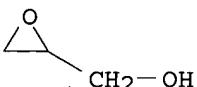
RN 75-56-9 HCAPLUS

CN Oxirane, methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 556-52-5 HCAPLUS

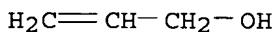
CN Oxiranemethanol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



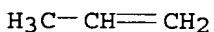
IT 107-18-6, 2-Propen-1-ol, reactions 115-07-1, 1-Propene, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(integrated process for epoxide production involving autoxidn. of alkylammonium anthrahydroquinonesulfonate coupled with alkene epoxidn.)

RN 107-18-6 HCAPLUS
 CN 2-Propen-1-ol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 115-07-1 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Propene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L49 ANSWER 19 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:101183 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 112:101183
 TITLE: Polyoxyometalates substituted with transition metals as homogeneous catalysts for hydroxylation and epoxidation
 INVENTOR(S): Hill, Craig L.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Emory University, USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 13 pp.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4864041	A	19890905	US 1987-10682	19870204
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1987-10682	19870204
OTHER SOURCE(S):	CASREACT 112:101183			
AB	The title catalysts, with good stability in air and resistance to degradation, catalyze the hydroxylation of alkanes and the epoxidn. of alkenes by O donors.. Stirring .apprx.50 mg of (MnPW11O39)(H)(NBu ₄) ₄ and 0.6 mL cyclohexane in 5 mL MeCN at 65° while adding 20 μL tert-BuOOH and stirring 24 h gave a 27% yield of cyclohexanone-cyclohexanol.			
IC	C07C030-03			
INCL	549513000			
CC	45-4 (Industrial Organic Chemicals, Leather, Fats, and Waxes) Section cross-reference(s): 23, 27, 67			
IT	Epoxidation catalysts (transition metal heteropoly acid salts, for alkenes)			
IT	7439-89-6D, Iron, heteropolyacid salts 7440-02-0D, Nickel, heteropolyacid salts 7440-05-3D, Palladium, heteropolyacid salts 7440-15-5D, Rhenium, heteropolyacid salts 7440-16-6D, Rhodium, heteropolyacid salts 7440-17-7D, Rubidium, heteropolyacid salts 7440-22-4D, Silver, heteropolyacid salts 7440-26-8D, Technetium, heteropolyacid salts 7440-48-4D, Cobalt, heteropolyacid salts 7440-50-8D, Copper, heteropolyacid salts 99810-80-7 99810-81-8 99810-83-0 125483-12-7 125483-13-8			
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)	(catalysts, for hydroxylation of alkanes or epoxidn. of alkenes)			
IT	110-83-8, Cyclohexene, reactions 498-66-8, Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-ene			

592-41-6, 1-Hexene, reactions 931-88-4, Cyclooctene
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. of, catalysts for)

IT 7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, uses and miscellaneous 14353-90-3,
 Pentafluoroiodosylbenzene

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (hydroxylation by, of alkanes, catalysts for)

IT 591-78-6P, 2-Hexanone 626-93-7P, 2-Hexanol 1436-34-6P,
 1-Hexene oxide

RL: PREP (Preparation)
 (manufacture of, from hexene, catalysts for)

IT 125483-12-7

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (catalysts, for hydroxylation of alkanes or epoxidn. of alkenes)

RN 125483-12-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Butanaminium, N,N,N-tributyl-, chromatetetracosa- μ -
 oxoundecaoxo[μ 12-[phosphato(3-)O:O:O':O':O'':O''':O''':O''':O''':O''':O'']]undecatungstate(4-) (4:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

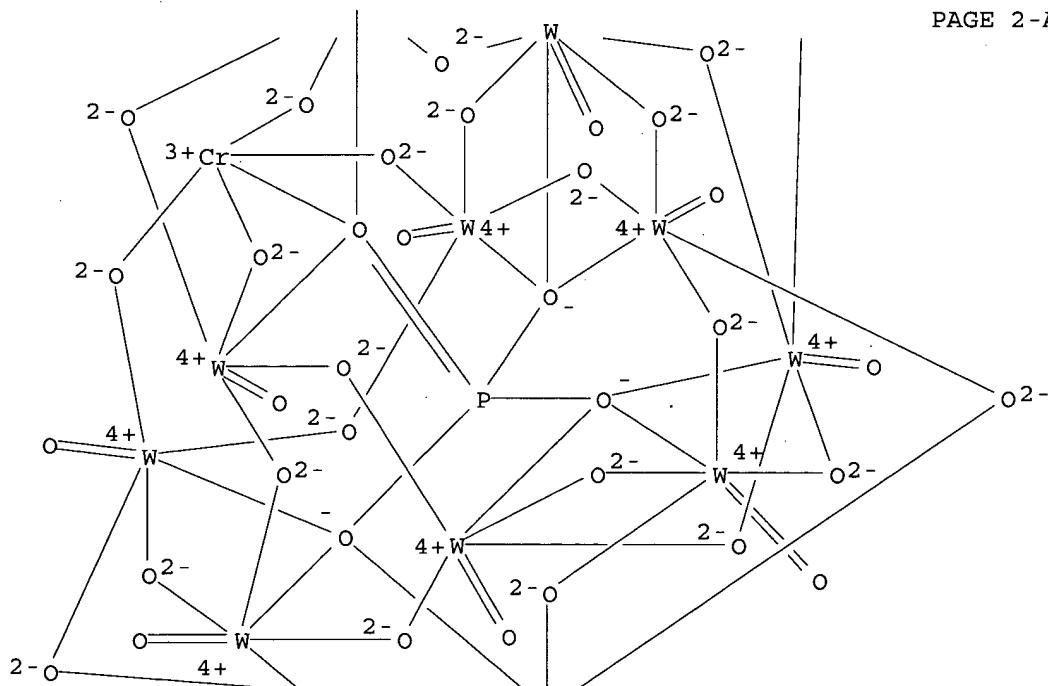
CRN 123183-37-9

CMF Cr O39 P W11

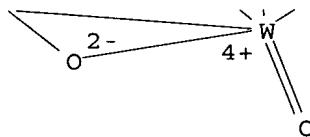
CCI CCS

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

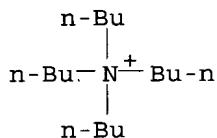
PAGE 2-A



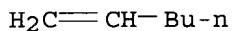
PAGE 3-A



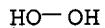
CM 2

CRN 10549-76-5
CMF C16 H36 N

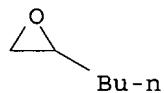
IT 592-41-6, 1-Hexene, reactions
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. of, catalysts for)
 RN 592-41-6 HCPLUS
 CN 1-Hexene (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



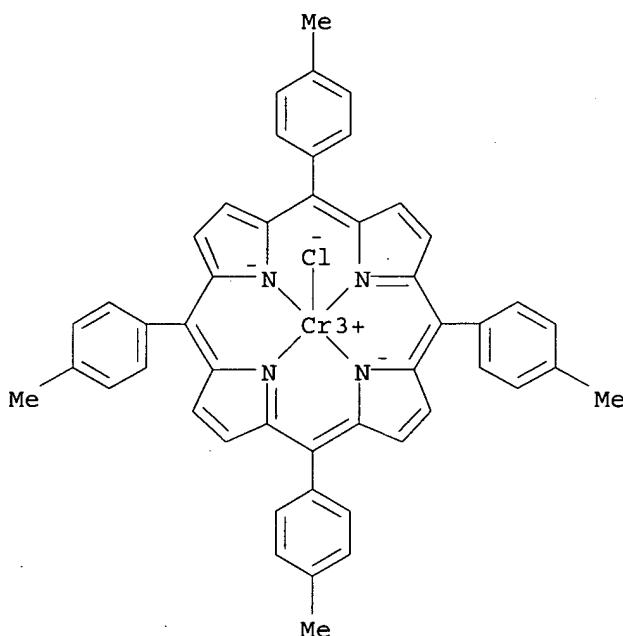
IT 7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, uses and miscellaneous
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (hydroxylation by, of alkanes, catalysts for)
 RN 7722-84-1 HCPLUS
 CN Hydrogen peroxide (H2O2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 1436-34-6P, 1-Hexene oxide
 RL: PREP (Preparation)
 (manufacture of, from hexene, catalysts for)
 RN 1436-34-6 HCPLUS
 CN Oxirane, butyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L49 ANSWER 20 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:553028 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:153028
 TITLE: Reactivity-structure correlations in oxidation with metallocporphyrins
 AUTHOR(S): Haber, Jerzy; Mlodnicka, Teresa; Witko, Malgorzata
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Catal. Surface Chem., Pol. Acad. Sci., Cracow, Pol.
 SOURCE: Journal of Molecular Catalysis (1989), 52(1), 85-97
 CODEN: JMCADS; ISSN: 0304-5102
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 AB Metallocporphyrins of the 1st transition series were studied as catalysts in the oxidation of propene by dioxygen in Et acetate in the presence of propionaldehyde. With MnIIITTP and FeIIITTP of low redox potential, the reaction starts with generation of an acyl radical by electron transfer to a metal orbital, followed by formation of a peroxy acid. In the case of CoIITTP, acyl radicals are generated through abstraction of hydrogen by the ready formed CoIITTP-O₂, complex. Co-porphyrin binds the peroxy acid in 2 ways: through the oxygen of the carbonyl group with the peroxy oxygen atoms sticking out, or through the peroxy oxygen with the double-bonded oxygen of the carbonyl group exposed. Quantum chemical calcns. revealed that only the terminal oxygen of the exposed peroxy group in the 1st type of complex acquires electrophilic properties and can add an oxygen atom to the olefinic double bond. Such a complex of MnIII-porphyrin is unstable and decomp. to form manganese oxo species which are responsible for epoxidn. MnIII-porphyrin also shows high activity in the homolytic decomposition of the peroxy acid with evolution of CO₂. In the case of Cr(III), Ni(II), Cu(II) and Zn(II) porphyrins, the reduction potential is too high to allow electron transfer from aldehyde to the metal center, rendering the 1st step of the reaction difficult.
 CC 22-7 (Physical Organic Chemistry)
 Section cross-reference(s): 26, 78
 IT Epoxidation
 Oxidation
 (of propene, mechanism of metallocporphyrin-catalyzed)
 IT 19414-66-5 19414-67-6 43145-39-7 58188-46-8
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (catalytic activity of, in oxidation of propene)
 IT 4212-43-5P, Peroxypropionic acid
 RL: RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (formation and reactions of, in catalytic propene oxidation)
 IT 75-56-9P, preparation
 RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PREP (Preparation)
 (formation of, by propene oxidation mechanism of catalytic)
 IT 115-07-1, 1-Propene, reactions
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (oxidation of, mechanism of metallocporphyrin-catalyzed)
 IT 43145-39-7
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (catalytic activity of, in oxidation of propene)
 RN 43145-39-7 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium, chloro[5,10,15,20-tetrakis(4-methylphenyl)-21H,23H-porphinato(2-)-κN21,κN22,κN23,κN24]-, (SP-5-12)- (9CI) (CA
 INDEX NAME)



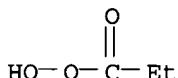
IT 4212-43-5P, Peroxypropionic acid

RL: RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(formation and reactions of, in catalytic propene oxidation)

RN 4212-43-5 HCAPLUS

CN Propaneperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



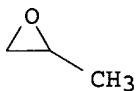
IT 75-56-9P, preparation

RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PREP (Preparation)

(formation of, by propene oxidation mechanism of catalytic)

RN 75-56-9 HCAPLUS

CN Oxirane, methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 115-07-1, 1-Propene, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(oxidation of, mechanism of metallocporphyrin-catalyzed)

RN 115-07-1 HCAPLUS

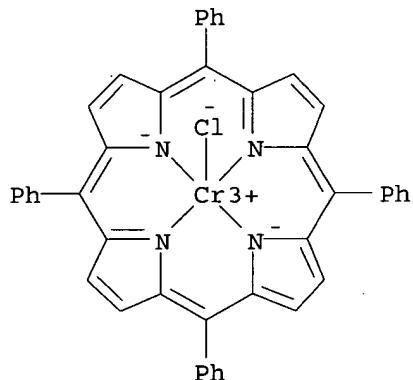
CN 1-Propene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



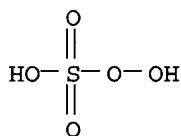
L49 ANSWER 21 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:442569 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:42569
 TITLE: Metalloporphyrin-catalyzed epoxidation of terminal aliphatic olefins with hypochlorite salts or potassium hydrogen persulfate
 AUTHOR(S): De Poorter, Bertha; Meunier, Bernard
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Chim. Coord., Toulouse, 31400, Fr.
 SOURCE: Journal of the Chemical Society, Perkin Transactions 2: Physical Organic Chemistry (1972-1999) (1985), (11), 1735-40
 CODEN: JCPKBH; ISSN: 0300-9580
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 105:42569
 AB Substitution of tetraphenylporphyrinatmanganese(III) complexes on the peripheral Ph groups makes these compds. suitable as catalysts for the epoxidn. of terminal olefins with monooxygen donors such as NaOCl, LiOCl, and KHSO5 in a biphasic system.
 CC 27-2 (Heterocyclic Compounds (One Hetero Atom))
 Section cross-reference(s): 23
 IT **Epoxidation catalysts**
 (metalloporphyrins, for alkenes by hypochlorite salts or potassium hydrogen persulfate)
 IT **Epoxidation**
 (of alkenes, by hypochlorite salts or potassium hydrogen persulfate)
 IT 16456-81-8 28110-70-5 58356-65-3 60250-84-2 79968-43-7
 85939-49-7 91463-17-1 91535-98-7 91584-52-0 97330-51-3
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (catalysts, for epoxidn. of alkenes by hypochlorite salts or potassium hydrogen persulfate)
 IT 7681-52-9 10058-23-8
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. by, of alkenes, metalloporphyrin-catalyzed)
 IT 111-66-0
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. of, by hypochlorite salts or potassium hydrogen persulfate, metalloporphyrin-catalyzed)
 IT 100-42-5, reactions 110-83-8, reactions 591-49-1
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. of, by potassium hydrogen persulfate, metalloporphyrin-catalyzed)
 IT 1119-51-3 1576-85-8
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. of, by sodium hypochlorite or potassium hydrogen persulfate, metalloporphyrin-catalyzed)
 IT 115-07-1, reactions 695-12-5
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. of, by sodium hypochlorite, metalloporphyrin-catalyzed)
 IT 75-56-9P, preparation 96-09-3P 286-20-4P 1713-33-3P
 2984-50-1P 3483-39-4P 21746-87-2P
 59287-65-9P

IT 28110-70-5
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of, by metalloporphyrin-catalyzed epoxidn. of alkene)

RN 28110-70-5 HCPLUS
 CN Chromium, chloro[5,10,15,20-tetraphenyl-21H,23H-porphinato(2-)-
 κN21,κN22,κN23,κN24]-, (SP-5-12)- (9CI) (CA INDEX
 NAME)

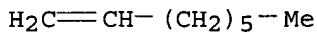


IT 10058-23-8
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. by, of alkenes, metalloporphyrin-catalyzed)
 RN 10058-23-8 HCPLUS
 CN Peroxymonosulfuric acid, monopotassium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● K

IT 111-66-0
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. of, by hypochlorite salts or potassium hydrogen persulfate,
 metalloporphyrin-catalyzed)
 RN 111-66-0 HCPLUS
 CN 1-Octene (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 100-42-5, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. of, by potassium hydrogen persulfate, metalloporphyrin-catalyzed)

RN 100-42-5 HCPLUS

CN Benzene, ethenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

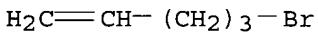


IT 1119-51-3 1576-85-8

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. of, by sodium hypochlorite or potassium hydrogen persulfate, metalloporphyrin-catalyzed)

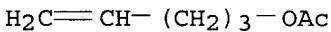
RN 1119-51-3 HCPLUS

CN 1-Pentene, 5-bromo- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1576-85-8 HCPLUS

CN 4-Penten-1-ol, acetate (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

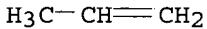


IT 115-07-1, reactions 695-12-5

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. of, by sodium hypochlorite, metalloporphyrin-catalyzed)

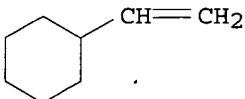
RN 115-07-1 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 695-12-5 HCPLUS

CN Cyclohexane, ethenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



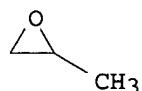
IT 75-56-9P, preparation 96-09-3P 2984-50-1P

3483-39-4P 21746-87-2P 59287-65-9P

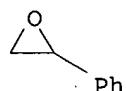
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of, by metalloporphyrin-catalyzed epoxidn. of alkene)

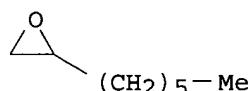
RN 75-56-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Oxirane, methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



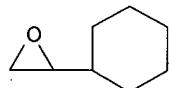
RN 96-09-3 HCAPLUS
 CN Oxirane, phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



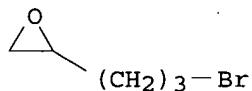
RN 2984-50-1 HCAPLUS
 CN Oxirane, hexyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



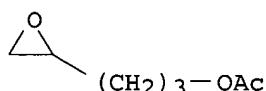
RN 3483-39-4 HCAPLUS
 CN Oxirane, cyclohexyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 21746-87-2 HCAPLUS
 CN Oxirane, (3-bromopropyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



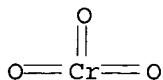
RN 59287-65-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Oxiranopropanol, acetate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L49 ANSWER 22 OF 26 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:454810 HCPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:54810
 TITLE: Epoxidation of alkenes with hydrogen peroxide in the presence of molybdenum oxide-tributyltin chloride on charcoal catalysts
 AUTHOR(S): Itoi, Yasushi; Inoue, Masami; Enomoto, Saburo; Watanabe, Yoshihiro
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Pharm. Sci., Toyama Med. Pharm. Univ., Toyama, 930-01, Japan
 SOURCE: Chemical & Pharmaceutical Bulletin (1984), 32(2), 418-23
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

AB Molybdenum oxide fixed on active charcoal in the form of molybdenum blue catalyzed epoxidn. of alkenes (cyclopentene, cyclohexene, methylcyclohexene, styrene, methylstyrene, octene, decene) with aqueous H₂O₂ (30%) in Me₂CHOH. The yields increased in the presence of organotin compds. Among them, Bu₃SnCl gave good yields; cyclopentene and cyclohexene were epoxidized in yields of 71 and 60%, resp. The catalyst could be separated by filtration and used repeatedly. By adjusting the pH value of the charcoal support with acid or base, both the epoxide yield and the selectivity could be varied widely, and good results were obtained between pH 6 and 7.

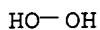
CC 27-2 (Heterocyclic Compounds (One Hetero Atom))
 IT **Epoxidation catalysts**
 (molybdenum oxide-tributyltin chloride on charcoal, for alkenes)
 IT 1333-82-0
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (catalyst, for oxidation of cyclohexene to cyclohexenone)
 IT 7722-84-1, reactions
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. by, of alkenes, molybdenum oxide-tributyltin chloride catalyst for)
 IT 98-83-9, reactions 100-42-5, reactions 110-83-8,
 reactions 111-66-0 142-29-0 591-49-1 872-05-9
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. of, by hydrogen peroxide, catalyst for)
 IT 96-09-3P 285-67-6P 1713-33-3P 2085-88-3P
 2404-44-6P 2984-50-1P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of, by epoxidn. of alkene by hydrogen peroxide in presence of molybdenum-tin catalyst on charcoal)
 IT 1333-82-0
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (catalyst, for oxidation of cyclohexene to cyclohexenone)
 RN 1333-82-0 HCPLUS
 CN Chromium oxide (CrO₃) (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 7722-84-1, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. by, of alkenes, molybdenum oxide-tributyltin chloride
 catalyst for)

RN 7722-84-1 HCAPLUS

CN Hydrogen peroxide (H₂O₂) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

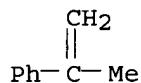
IT 98-83-9, reactions 100-42-5, reactions 111-66-0

872-05-9

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. of, by hydrogen peroxide, catalyst for)

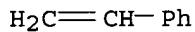
RN 98-83-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzene, (1-methylethenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



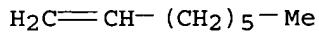
RN 100-42-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzene, ethenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



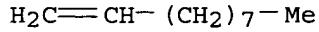
RN 111-66-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Octene (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 872-05-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Decene (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



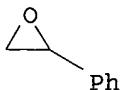
IT 96-09-3P 2085-88-3P 2404-44-6P

2984-50-1P

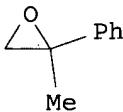
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of, by epoxidn. of alkene by hydrogen peroxide in presence of
 molybdenum-tin catalyst on charcoal)

RN 96-09-3 HCAPLUS

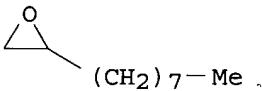
CN Oxirane, phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



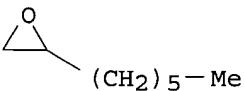
RN 2085-88-3 HCAPLUS
 CN Oxirane, 2-methyl-2-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 2404-44-6 HCAPLUS
 CN Oxirane, octyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 2984-50-1 HCAPLUS
 CN Oxirane, hexyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L49 ANSWER 23 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:215231 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98:215231
 TITLE: Studies on styrene epoxidation with organic hydroperoxides
 AUTHOR(S): Spadlo, Marian
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Ciezkiew Synt. Org., Kedzierzyn-Kozle, Pol.
 SOURCE: Chemia Stosowana (1982), 26(1), 111-7
 CODEN: CHSWAP; ISSN: 0376-0898
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Polish
 AB Liquid phase epoxidn. of styrene by cumene hydroperoxide in the presence of catalysts containing salts of Co, Mn, Ni, Cr, Mo, V, W, Ti, Zr, Rh, and Tl confirmed that if the Mo catalysts are soluble in the reaction mixture the highest conversion (89-94%) of the hydroperoxide and the highest selectivity (71-83%) to styrene oxide is obtained. Among other hydroperoxides Me₃COOH was most effective and as a polymerization inhibitor hydroquinone was most effective.
 CC 25-2 (Benzene, Its Derivatives, and Condensed Benzenoid Compounds)
 IT Epoxidation catalysts
 (transition metal salts, for styrene by hydroperoxides)

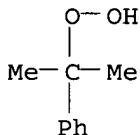
IT 3153-26-2 7439-98-7D, naphthenate derivative, uses and miscellaneous
7440-47-3D, naphthenate derivative, uses and miscellaneous
 10585-24-7 13476-99-8 13939-06-5 14040-11-0 14219-90-0
 14284-89-0 14284-90-3 14694-95-2 17185-29-4 17524-05-9
 21679-46-9 23519-77-9 50412-10-7
 RL: **CAT (Catalyst use)**; **USES (Uses)**
 (catalyst, for epoxidn. of styrene by hydroperoxides)
 IT **75-91-2 80-15-9 3071-32-7 18428-18-7**
 RL: **RCT (Reactant)**; **RACT (Reactant or reagent)**
 (epoxidn. by, of styrene in presence of transition metal salts)
 IT **100-42-5**, reactions
 RL: **RCT (Reactant)**; **RACT (Reactant or reagent)**
 (epoxidn. of, by hydroperoxides in presence of transition metal salts)
 IT **96-09-3P**
 RL: **FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)**; **PREP (Preparation)**
 (formation of, in epoxidn. of styrene by hydroperoxides in presence of
 transition metal salts)
 IT **7440-47-3D**, naphthenate derivative, uses and miscellaneous
 RL: **CAT (Catalyst use)**; **USES (Uses)**
 (catalyst, for epoxidn. of styrene by hydroperoxides)
 RN 7440-47-3 HCPLUS
 CN Chromium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Cr

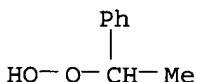
IT **75-91-2 80-15-9 3071-32-7 18428-18-7**
 RL: **RCT (Reactant)**; **RACT (Reactant or reagent)**
 (epoxidn. by, of styrene in presence of transition metal salts)
 RN 75-91-2 HCPLUS
 CN Hydroperoxide, 1,1-dimethylethyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO—O—Bu-t

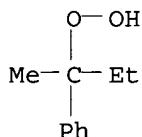
RN 80-15-9 HCPLUS
 CN Hydroperoxide, 1-methyl-1-phenylethyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



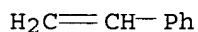
RN 3071-32-7 HCPLUS
 CN Hydroperoxide, 1-phenylethyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



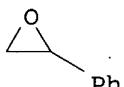
RN 18428-18-7 HCPLUS
 CN Hydroperoxide, 1-methyl-1-phenylpropyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 100-42-5, reactions
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. of, by hydroperoxides in presence of transition metal salts)
 RN 100-42-5 HCPLUS
 CN Benzene, ethenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 96-09-3P
 RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PREP (Preparation)
 (formation of, in epoxidn. of styrene by hydroperoxides in presence of
 transition metal salts)
 RN 96-09-3 HCPLUS
 CN Oxirane, phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L49 ANSWER 24 OF 26 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:407594 HCPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95:7594
 TITLE: Metal ion-catalyzed oxidation of steroids. Part XIII.
 The reactions of cholesteryl acetate with tert-butyl
 hydroperoxide and molybdenum complexes
 AUTHOR(S): Kimura, Michiya; Muto, Toshiki
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Pharm. Sci., Hokkaido Univ., Sapporo, 060, Japan
 SOURCE: Chemical & Pharmaceutical Bulletin (1981), 29(1),
 35-42
 CODEN: CPBTAL; ISSN: 0009-2363
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 AB Epoxidn. and allylic oxidation of cholesteryl acetate were studied with
 Me₃COOH in the presence Mo complexes. Mo₂(acac)₂ (acac =
 acetylacetone) facilitated the formation of an epoxide as well as its
 further conversion to the B-nor-5-carboxaldehyde. Since similar results
 were obtained in the presence of Mo(CO)₆ or MoCl₅, the effect seems to be
 independent of the valency and the ligand of the molybdenum catalyst.
 Reactions using Mo(CO)₆ were carried out in various solvents, and epoxidn.

or allylic oxidation occurred almost exclusively in C6H6 or in Me3OH, resp. The reaction proceeds by a radical mechanism in Me3OH but not in C6H6. In acetonitrile homolytic and heterolytic decomposition of Me3COOH occur simultaneously.

CC 32-6 (Steroids)

IT **Epoxidation catalysts**

Oxidation catalysts

(molybdenum complexes, for cholesteryl acetate by tert-Bu hydroperoxide)

IT 3153-26-2 3264-82-2 14024-18-1 14024-48-7 14024-58-9 14024-64-7
14284-89-0 15653-01-7 17524-05-9 **21679-31-2** 21679-46-9
46369-53-3

RL: **CAT (Catalyst use)**; USES (Uses)

(catalyst, for epoxidn.-oxidation of cholesteryl acetate by tert-Bu hydroperoxide)

IT **1439-07-2P 1689-71-0P**

RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PREP (Preparation)

(formation of, by molybdenum-catalyzed tert-Bu peroxide epoxidn. of stilbene)

IT **103-30-0 645-49-8**

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(molybdenum-catalyzed tert-Bu hydroperoxide oxidation of)

IT **75-91-2**

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(oxidation and epoxidn. by, of cholesteryl acetate)

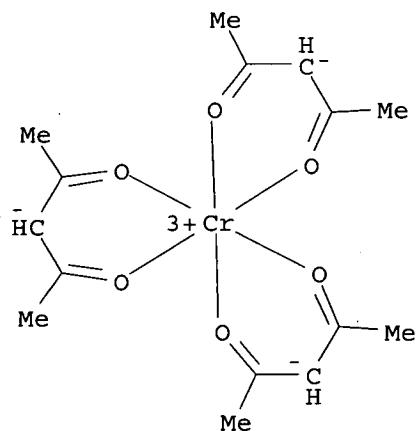
IT **21679-31-2**

RL: **CAT (Catalyst use)**; USES (Uses)

(catalyst, for epoxidn.-oxidation of cholesteryl acetate by tert-Bu hydroperoxide)

RN **21679-31-2 HCPLUS**

CN Chromium, tris(2,4-pentanedionato- κ O, κ O')-, (OC-6-11)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



IT **1439-07-2P 1689-71-0P**

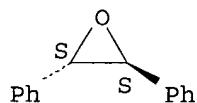
RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PREP (Preparation)

(formation of, by molybdenum-catalyzed tert-Bu peroxide epoxidn. of stilbene)

RN **1439-07-2 HCPLUS**

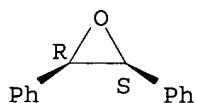
CN Oxirane, 2,3-diphenyl-, (2R,3R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



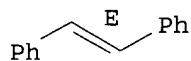
RN 1689-71-0 HCPLUS
CN Oxirane, 2,3-diphenyl-, (2R,3S)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



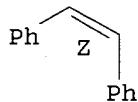
IT 103-30-0 645-49-8
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(molybdenum-catalyzed tert-Bu hydroperoxide oxidation of)
RN 103-30-0 HCPLUS
CN Benzene, 1,1'-(1E)-1,2-ethenediylbis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 645-49-8 HCPLUS
CN Benzene, 1,1'-(1Z)-1,2-ethenediylbis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



IT 75-91-2
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(oxidation and epoxidn. by, of cholesterol acetate)
RN 75-91-2 HCPLUS
CN Hydroperoxide, 1,1-dimethylethyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO—O—Bu-t

L49 ANSWER 25 OF 26 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978:510759 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 89:110759
 TITLE: Decomposition of hydroperoxides in propylene epoxidation reaction product
 INVENTOR(S): Coyle, James J.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shell Oil Co., USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 7 pp.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4059598	A	19771122	US 1973-387849	19730813
BR 7406434	A0	19750527	BR 1974-6434	19740806
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1970-102971	A2 19701230
			US 1973-384857	A1 19730802
			US 1973-387849	A 19730813

AB In the epoxidn. of propylene [115-07-1] with an organic hydroperoxide in the presence of a heterogeneous catalyst, decomposition of residual hydroperoxides is effected by contact of the reaction product mixture at elevated temperature and pressure with a heterogeneous Co oxide catalyst optionally containing Cu oxide promoter. The hydroperoxide is thereby decomposed to the corresponding alc. without significant loss of propylene oxide (II) [75-56-9] or production of undesirable contaminants. Thus, an effluent stream from epoxidn. of I comprising I, II, MeCOPh, PhCH(Me)OH, PhEt, and ethylbenzene hydroperoxide (III) [27254-37-1] was contacted with Co oxide at 100° and liquid hourly space velocity 12 h⁻¹. This treatment decomposed .apprx.99.7% of the III, and after 73 h the loss of II stabilized at 0.5%.

IC C07D301-20

INCL 260348160

CC 35-2 (Synthetic High Polymers)
 Section cross-reference(s): 27

IT **Epoxidation catalysts**

(ethylbenzene hydroperoxide, for propylene, decomposition of)

IT 1308-38-9, uses and miscellaneous 11104-61-3

RL: **CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)**

(catalysts, for decomposition of ethylbenzene hydroperoxide in propylene epoxidn. crude reaction products)

IT 3071-32-7

RL: **RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)**

(decomposition of, in crude propylene epoxidn. products, catalysts for)

IT 115-07-1, reactions

RL: **RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)**

(epoxidn. of, catalyst neutralization in)

IT 75-56-9P, preparation

RL: **PREP (Preparation)**

(ethylbenzene hydroperoxide decomposition in crude mixts. from manufacture of,

catalysts for)

IT 75-56-9P, preparation

RL: **IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)**

(manufacture of, by epoxidn. of propylene, catalyst neutralization in)

IT 1308-38-9, uses and miscellaneous

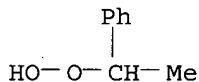
RL: **CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)**

(catalysts, for decomposition of ethylbenzene hydroperoxide in propylene

epoxidn. crude reaction products)
 RN 1308-38-9 HCPLUS
 CN Chromium oxide (Cr₂O₃) (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

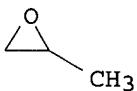
IT 3071-32-7
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (decomposition of, in crude propylene epoxidn. products, catalysts for)
 RN 3071-32-7 HCPLUS
 CN Hydroperoxide, 1-phenylethyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 115-07-1, reactions
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. of, catalyst neutralization in)
 RN 115-07-1 HCPLUS
 CN 1-Propene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 75-56-9P, preparation
 RL: PREP (Preparation)
 (ethylbenzene hydroperoxide decomposition in crude mixts. from manufacture
 of,
 catalysts for)
 RN 75-56-9 HCPLUS
 CN Oxirane, methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
 (manuf. of, by epoxidn. of propylene, catalyst neutralization in

L49 ANSWER 26 OF 26 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978:120966 HCPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 88:120966
 TITLE: Boride catalyst for epoxidizing olefinic compounds
 INVENTOR(S): Gipson, Robert Malone
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Texaco Development Corp., USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 6 pp.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4046784	A	19770906	US 1976-699838	19760625
US 4038290	A	19770726	US 1975-565004	19750404
			US 1975-565004	A3 19750404

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

AB B compds. were used as catalysts for the liquid phase epoxidn. of olefins with organic hydroperoxides at 108-22° under pressure to give the corresponding epoxides. Thus, a mixture of 1-octene, Me₃COOH, and WB was heated at 108-10° for 220 min to give 36% octene oxide. Among apprx.30 other borides used as catalysts were LaB₆, CeB₆, TiB₂, and ZrB₂. Seven more olefins, e.g., propylene, allyl chloride, and cyclohexenecarbonitrile, were similarly epoxidized.

IC C07D301-20

INCL 260348290

CC 27-2 (Heterocyclic Compounds (One Hetero Atom))

Section cross-reference(s): 35

IT **Epoxidation catalysts**

(borides, for olefins with organic hydroperoxides)

IT **Epoxidation**

(of olefins with organic hydroperoxides)

IT 10043-11-5, uses and miscellaneous 12006-77-8 12006-78-9
12006-79-0 12006-84-7 12006-98-3 12007-00-0 12007-07-7
 12007-09-9 **12007-16-8** 12007-27-1 12007-35-1 12007-36-2
 12007-37-3 **12007-38-4** 12007-81-7 12007-98-6 12007-99-7
 12008-02-5 12008-21-8 12008-29-6 12041-50-8 12041-54-2
 12045-15-7 12045-19-1 12045-63-5 12045-64-6 12046-91-2
 12069-32-8

RL: **CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)**

(catalysts, for epoxidn. of olefins with organic hydroperoxides)

IT **75-91-2 80-15-9**

RL: **RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)**

(epoxidn. of olefins with, catalysts for)

IT **115-07-1, reactions**

RL: **RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)**

(epoxidn. of, with organic hydroperoxide, catalysts for)

IT **111-66-0**

RL: **RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)**

(epoxidn. of, with organic hydroperoxides, catalysts for)

IT **74-85-1, reactions** 77-73-6 100-45-8 **107-05-1**

591-87-7 25168-07-4

RL: **RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)**

(epoxidn. of, with tert-butyl hydroperoxide, catalysts for)

IT 81-21-0P **106-87-6P** 141-40-2P **6387-89-9P**

26637-94-5P

RL: **SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)**

(preparation of)

IT **106-89-8P, preparation**

RL: **SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)**

(preparation of, by epoxidn. of allyl chloride, catalysts for)

IT **75-21-8P, preparation**

RL: **SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)**

(preparation of, by epoxidn. of ethylene, catalysts for)

IT **75-56-9P, preparation**

RL: **SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)**

(preparation of, by epoxidn. of propylene with tert-butyl hydroperoxide, catalysts for)

IT **12006-79-0 12007-16-8 12007-38-4**

RL: **CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)**

(catalysts, for epoxidn. of olefins with organic hydroperoxides)
 RN 12006-79-0 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium boride (CrB) (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



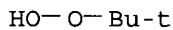
RN 12007-16-8 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium boride (CrB₂) (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



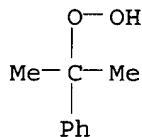
RN 12007-38-4 HCAPLUS
 CN Chromium boride (Cr₅B₃) (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

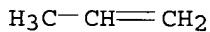
IT 75-91-2 80-15-9
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. of olefins with, catalysts for)
 RN 75-91-2 HCAPLUS
 CN Hydroperoxide, 1,1-dimethylethyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 80-15-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Hydroperoxide, 1-methyl-1-phenylethyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

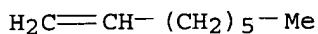


IT 115-07-1, reactions
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. of, with organic hydroperoxide, catalysts for)
 RN 115-07-1 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Propene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 111-66-0
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. of, with organic hydroperoxides, catalysts for)

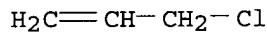
RN 111-66-0 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Octene (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



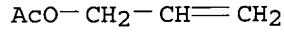
IT 74-85-1, reactions 107-05-1 591-87-7
 25168-07-4
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (epoxidn. of, with tert-butyl hydroperoxide, catalysts for)
 RN 74-85-1 HCAPLUS
 CN Ethene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



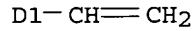
RN 107-05-1 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Propene, 3-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



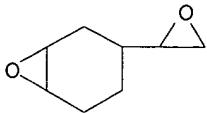
RN 591-87-7 HCAPLUS
 CN Acetic acid, 2-propenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



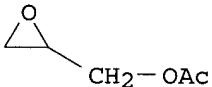
RN 25168-07-4 HCAPLUS
 CN Cyclohexene, ethenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



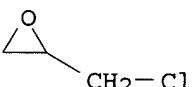
IT 106-87-6P 6387-89-9P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 106-87-6 HCAPLUS
 CN 7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane, 3-oxiranyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 6387-89-9 HCPLUS
 CN Oxiranemethanol, acetate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 106-89-8P, preparation
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of, by epoxidn. of allyl chloride, catalysts for)
 RN 106-89-8 HCPLUS
 CN Oxirane, (chloromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 75-21-8P, preparation
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of, by epoxidn. of ethylene, catalysts for)
 RN 75-21-8 HCPLUS
 CN Oxirane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 75-56-9P, preparation
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of, by epoxidn. of propylene with tert-butyl hydroperoxide,
 catalysts for)
 RN 75-56-9 HCPLUS
 CN Oxirane, methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

